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Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals (Administration) Amendment Regulations 2004 (No. 1)

Statutory Rules 2004 No. 2

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I, PHILIP MICHAEL JEFFERY, Governor-General of the Commonwealth of Australia, acting with the advice of the Federal Executive Council, make the following Regulations under the Agricultural Chemicals and Veterinary (Administration) Act 1992.

Dated

5 AUG 2004

2004

PM Jeffery Governor-General

By His Excellency's Command

JUDITH TROETH

Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister for Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry

1 Name of Regulations

These Regulations are the Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals (Administration) Amendment Regulations 2004 (No.!).

2 Commencement

These Regulations commence on 18 August 2004.

3 Amendment of Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals (Administration) Regulations

Schedule 1 amends the Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals (Administration) Regulations.

Schedule 1 Amendments

(regulation 3)

[1] Before regulation 1

insert

Part 1 Preliminary

[2] Regulation 1

2

substitute

1.1 Name of Regulations

These Regulations are the Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals (Administration) Regulations 1995.

Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals (Administration)
Amendment Regulations 2004 (No./)

2004,

24Z

[3] Regulation 2

renumber as regulation 1.2

[4] Regulation 3

substitute

1.3 Interpretation

(1) In these Regulations:

Act means the Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals (Administration) Act 1992.

active constituent has the same meaning as in the Agvet Code of the participating Territories.

agricultural chemical product has the same meaning as in the Agvet Code of the participating Territories.

Agvet Code of the participating Territories has the same meaning as in subsection 5(1) of the Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals Code Act 1994.

authorised officer has the meaning given by regulation 1.4.

CAS number or **Chemical Abstracts Service number** means the registry number:

- (a) assigned to the chemical by the Chemical Abstracts Service, Columbus, Ohio, United States of America; and
- (b) published by the Service in the journal *Chemical Abstracts*.

chemical product has the same meaning as in the Agvet Code of the participating Territories.

Collector has the meaning given by subsection 8 (1) of the Customs Act 1901.

controlled chemical means:

- (a) an active constituent or chemical product listed in Schedule 1; or
- (b) a chemical product containing an active constituent referred to in paragraph (a).

generic information has the meaning given by regulation 1.5.

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import decision means a response, made under paragraph 2 of Article 10 of the Rotterdam Convention, providing a response in accordance with the requirements of paragraph 4 of that Article that consists of a final decision or an interim decision (within the respective meanings given by that paragraph):

- (a) consenting to import with or without specified conditions; or
- (b) not consenting to import.

IUPAC name means a name assigned to a chemical by the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry, set out in International Standard ISO 1750 — 1981: Pesticides and Agrochemicals — Common Names, published in Geneva by the International Standards Organisation in 1981.

multiple entry import permit has the meaning given by regulation 3.310.

multiple exit export permit has the meaning given by regulation 3.310.

multiple permit means a multiple entry import permit or multiple exit export permit.

non-party, in relation to a Convention, means a country that has not consented to be bound by the Convention or for which the Convention is not in force.

prescribed chemical means:

- (a) an active constituent or chemical product that has been prescribed by these Regulations for the purposes of section 69CA or 69CB of the Act; or
- (b) a chemical product containing an active constituent referred to in paragraph (a).

Rotterdam Convention means the Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure for Certain Hazardous Chemicals and Pesticides in International Trade, done at Rotterdam on 10 September 1998.

Note The English text of the Rotterdam Convention is available at the Convention website, http://www.pic.int.

Secretariat means:

(a) in relation to the Rotterdam Convention, the secretariat established under Article 19 of that Convention; and

(b) in relation to the Stockholm Convention, the secretariat established under Article 20 of that Convention.

Stockholm Convention means the Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants, done at Stockholm on 22 May 2001.

Note The English text of the Stockholm Convention is available at the Convention website, http://www.pops.int.

veterinary chemical product has the same meaning as in the Agvet Code of the participating Territories.

- (2) Unless the contrary intention appears, a term that is defined in an international agreement or arrangement and that is used in these Regulations has the same meaning in these Regulations when used in relation to that agreement or arrangement.
- (3) A reference in these Regulations to an *active constituent* is a reference to an active constituent for a proposed or existing chemical product.

1.4 Meaning of authorised officer

An officer of the Department is an *authorised officer* for a provision of these Regulations if the person is authorised in writing by the Secretary under the provision in which the expression occurs.

1.5 Meaning of *generic information* about a person

(1) In these Regulations:

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generic information about a person means the following information:

- (a) the person's name;
- (b) the person's ABN;
- (c) the address of the person's principal place of business;
- (d) the address of the person's registered office, if different from the address of the person's principal place of business;
- (e) if the person is not an individual, the name of an individual who is to be the contact person;
- (f) the telephone and facsimile numbers for, and e-mail address of, the person and contact person.

(2) If a person has given generic information about himself, herself or itself to the Department, and the information changes, the person must give the new information to the Department within 30 days.

Part 2 Providing information about certain active constituents and chemical products

2.05 Prescribed international agreements (Act s 69CA (1))

Each of the following is a prescribed international agreement for the purposes of subsection 69CA (1) of the Act:

- (a) the Rotterdam Convention;
- (b) the Stockholm Convention.

2.10 Prescribed chemicals (Act s 69CA (2))

A chemical is a prescribed active constituent or prescribed chemical product for the purposes of subsection 69CA (2) of the Act if:

- (a) there is an item in Schedule 1 for the chemical; and
- (b) the item describes the chemical as a prescribed active constituent or a prescribed chemical product for the purposes of that subsection.

Note For each constituent or product, the relevant item identifies the relevant international agreement or arrangement (see the Act, subsection 69CA (3)).

2.15 Prescribed chemicals (Act s 69CB (1))

A chemical is a prescribed active constituent or prescribed chemical product for the purposes of subsection 69CB (1) of the Act if:

- (a) there is an item in Schedule 1 for the chemical; and
- (b) the item describes the chemical as a prescribed active constituent or prescribed chemical product for the purposes of that subsection.

2.20 Prescribed information — import (Act ss 69CA (2) (a) and 69CB (2) (a))

The following information about the import into Australia of a prescribed chemical is prescribed for the purposes of paragraphs 69CA (2) (a) and 69CB (2) (a) of the Act:

- (a) generic information about the importer;
- (b) the technical name and common name of the chemical;
- (c) the name of any chemical product that contains the chemical;
- (d) the name of the exporting country or countries;
- (e) the chemical's intended use;
- (f) the total quantity of the chemical imported in any calendar year or part of any calendar year, specifying the quantity imported from each named exporting country;
- (g) any additional information specified in the relevant item in Schedule 1.

2.25 Prescribed information — manufacture (Act ss 69CA (2) (b) and 69CB (2) (b))

The following information about the manufacture in Australia of a prescribed chemical is prescribed for the purposes of paragraphs 69CA (2) (b) and 69CB (2) (b) of the Act:

- (a) generic information about the manufacturer;
- (b) the technical name and common name of the chemical;
- (c) the address of the place of manufacture;
- (d) the quantity manufactured in any calendar year or part of any calendar year;
- (e) the chemical's intended use;

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(f) any additional information specified in the relevant item in Schedule 1.

2.30 Prescribed information — use (Act ss 69CA (2) (b) or 69CB (2) (b))

Note This regulation is reserved for information that may be prescribed for the purposes of paragraph 69CA (2) (b) or 69CB (2) (b) of the Act.

2.35 Prescribed information — other dealings (Act ss 69CA (2) (c) or 69CB (2) (c))

Note This regulation is reserved for information that may be prescribed for the purposes of paragraph 69CA (2) (c) or 69CB (2) (c) of the Act.

2.40 Prescribed information — export (Act ss 69CA (2) (d) and 69CB (2) (d))

The following information about the export from Australia of a prescribed chemical is prescribed for the purposes of paragraphs 69CA (2) (d) and 69CB (2) (d) of the Act:

- generic information about the exporter;
- the technical name and common name of the chemical; (b)
- the name of importing country or countries; (c)
- the total quantity of the prescribed chemical exported in (d) any calendar year or part of any calendar year, specifying the quantity exported to each named importing country;
- any additional information specified in the relevant item in Schedule 1.

Prescribed period for giving prescribed information 2.45 (Act ss 69CA (5) and 69CB (5))

- (1) Subject to subregulation (2), for the purposes of subsections 69CA (5) and 69CB (5) of the Act, the period within which relevant prescribed information in respect of a prescribed chemical must be provided:
 - (a) starts on the date when a notice setting out:
 - the obligation to provide information to the Department; and
 - (ii) the address where the information must be sent; is published in the Gazette; and
 - ends 30 days after that date.

- (2) For the purposes of subsections 69CA (5) and 69CB (5) of the Act, the following prescribed information must be given to the Department by an importer, exporter or manufacturer on or before 28 February following the calendar year to which it relates:
 - (a) the total quantity of the prescribed chemical imported in a calendar year, specifying the quantity imported from each named exporting country;
 - (b) the total quantity of the prescribed chemical exported in a calendar year, specifying the quantity exported to each named importing country;
 - (c) the total quantity of the prescribed chemical manufactured in a calendar year;
 - (d) generic information about the importer, exporter or manufacturer.

Part 3 Prohibition on import, manufacture etc of certain active constituents and chemical products

Division 3.1 General

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3.05 Prescribed international agreements (Act, s 69C)

Each of the following is a prescribed international agreement for the purposes of section 69C of the Act:

- (a) the Rotterdam Convention;
- (b) the Stockholm Convention.

3.10 Effect of grant of permissions or multiple permits

The grant of a permission or multiple permit under this Part does not excuse the holder from compliance with other requirements in the Act, in these Regulations and in other Commonwealth, State or Territory legislation relating to the controlled chemical to which the permission or permit relates.

3.15 Notice to be given if additional information required

- (1) An authorised officer or the Minister may, by written notice, require an applicant to give additional information in relation to the applicant's application.
- (2) The notice must include a statement to the effect that:
 - (a) the application will not be considered further until the applicant gives to the authorised officer or Minister the information; and
 - (b) the application will be taken to have been withdrawn if the applicant does not give the information within 28 days after the day on which the notice is received by the applicant or within such further period as the authorised officer or Minister allows in writing.
- (3) If an applicant does not give the additional information within the required period, the application is taken to have been withdrawn.
- (4) In this regulation:

applicant means:

- (a) an applicant for a permission or multiple permit under this Part; or
- (b) an applicant for reconsideration under regulation 3.510.

3.20 Matters that may be considered when making decision

In making a decision whether to grant an application for a permission or multiple permit under this Part, the authorised officer may take into consideration:

- (a) whether the applicant has previously been granted a permission or permit of that kind; and
- (b) whether the applicant complied with any conditions or restrictions specified in the permission or permit; and
- (c) whether the applicant has failed to comply with any of the following:
 - (i) the Act;
 - (ii) these Regulations;

- the Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals Act 1994:
- the Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals Code Act (iv)1994:
- any Act relating to the collection of a levy on agricultural and veterinary chemical products;
- the Industrial Chemicals (Notification and (vi) Assessment) Act 1989;
- regulations under any Act mentioned or referred to (vii) in subparagraphs (iii) to (vi).

Division 3.2 **Import**

Subdivision 3.2.1 Absolute prohibition

3.45 **Prohibited importation**

- (1) The importation into Australia of a controlled chemical is prohibited if the relevant item in Schedule 1 states that its importation is prohibited in all cases.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection 69C(1) of the Act, the condition that a person must not import a chemical in contravention of subregulation (1) is prescribed.

Subdivision 3.2.2 Prohibition subject to conditions

3.50 Chemicals to which this Subdivision applies

- (1) This Subdivision applies to a controlled chemical if the relevant item in Schedule 1 states that its importation is prohibited except with written permission.
- (2) In this Subdivision, a controlled chemical to which this Subdivision applies is called an *import-prohibited chemical*.

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3.55 Prohibition

- (1) The importation into Australia of an import-prohibited chemical is prohibited unless:
 - (a) an authorised officer or the Minister has given permission in writing to import the chemical; and
 - (b) the permission is produced to a Collector; and
 - (c) any condition or restriction specified in the relevant item in Schedule 1 is satisfied.

Note 1 The permission to import required under this regulation must be produced to a Collector for the purposes of complying with regulation 5I of the Customs (Prohibited Imports) Regulations 1956 in relation to the importation of chemicals under those Regulations that are active constituents or chemical products.

Note 2 A multiple entry import permit is a permission for purposes of this regulation (see subregulation 3.310 (2)).

- (2) For the purposes of subsection 69C(1) of the Act, the following conditions or restrictions are prescribed for each such chemical:
 - (a) a person must not import the chemical:
 - (i) without the written permission of an authorised officer or the Minister; or
 - (ii) contrary to a condition or restriction specified in the permission;
 - (b) a person who imports the chemical must not fail to produce the permission if asked to do so by a Collector;
 - (c) any condition or restriction set out in the relevant item in Schedule 1.

Note A person who imports such a chemical in contravention of a prescribed condition or restriction may be punished by a fine of up to 300 penalty units (see subsection 69C (5) of the Act).

- (3) This regulation applies despite:
 - (a) the APVMA's written consent to import referred to in subsection 69B (1B) of the Act; and
 - (b) any approval to import under any other legislation.

3.60 Applications for permission to import importprohibited chemicals

- (1) A person may apply to the Department for permission to import an import-prohibited chemical.
- (2) An application must be in the approved form and must include the following information:
 - (a) generic information about the applicant;
 - (b) the technical name, common name and CAS number (if known) of the chemical;
 - (c) the quantity to be imported;
 - (d) the name of the exporting country;
 - (e) the intended use in Australia.

Note 1 The applicant may be required to give additional information (see regulation 3.15).

Note 2 An authorised officer must give written notice of his or her decision on the application (see regulation 3.505).

3.65 When permission may be granted

- (1) An authorised officer may grant an application for permission to import an import-prohibited chemical if the officer is satisfied that:
 - (a) in the case of a chemical whose importation is stated in an item in Schedule 1 to be prohibited except with written permission under paragraph 3.65 (1) (a) the chemical is being imported for the purpose of environmentally sound disposal in accordance with paragraph (1) (d) of Article 6 of the Stockholm Convention; or
 - (b) in any other case the chemical is being imported for a use or purpose that is permitted under the relevant Convention.

Note In deciding whether to grant the application, the officer may take into consideration the matters mentioned in regulation 3.20.

(2) If the officer is not satisfied as to the matters mentioned in subregulation (1), the officer must refuse to grant the application.

(3) To avoid doubt, an authorised officer may refuse to grant an application despite the fact that the applicant has the APVMA's written consent, referred to in subsection 69B (1B) of the Act, to import the import-prohibited chemical.

Division 3.3 Manufacture

Subdivision 3.3.1 Absolute prohibition

3.100 Prohibited manufacture

- (1) The manufacture in Australia of a controlled chemical is prohibited if the relevant item in Schedule 1 states that its manufacture is prohibited in all cases.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection 69C(1) of the Act, the condition that a person must not manufacture a chemical in contravention of subregulation (1) is prescribed.

Subdivision 3.3.2 Prohibition subject to conditions

3.105 Chemicals to which this Subdivision applies

- (1) This Subdivision applies to a controlled chemical if the relevant item in Schedule 1 states that its manufacture is:
 - (a) prohibited except with written permission; or
 - (b) prohibited except if specified conditions are met.
- (2) In this Subdivision, a controlled chemical to which this Subdivision applies is called a *manufacture-prohibited* chemical.

3.110 Prohibition

- (1) The manufacture in Australia of a manufacture-prohibited chemical is prohibited unless:
 - (a) an authorised officer or the Minister has given permission in writing to manufacture the chemical (if such permission is required); and

- (b) any condition or restriction specified in the relevant item in Schedule 1 is satisfied.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection 69C(1) of the Act, the following conditions or restrictions are prescribed for each such chemical:
 - (a) a person must not manufacture the chemical:
 - (i) without the written permission of an authorised officer or the Minister (if such permission is required); or
 - (ii) contrary to a condition or restriction specified in the permission;
 - (b) a person who manufactures the chemical must not fail to produce any required permission if asked to do so by:
 - (i) an authorised officer; or
 - (ii) an officer of another Agency, or an officer or employee of a State or Territory government, authorised in writing by the Secretary for the purposes of this paragraph;
 - (c) any condition or restriction specified in the relevant item in Schedule 1.

Note A person who manufactures such a chemical in contravention of a prescribed condition or restriction may be punished by a fine of up to 300 penalty units (see subsection 69C (5) of the Act).

(3) This regulation applies despite any approval to manufacture under any other legislation.

3.115 Applications for permission to manufacture manufacture-prohibited chemicals

- (1) A person may apply to the Department for permission to manufacture a manufacture-prohibited chemical.
- (2) An application must be in the approved form and must include the following information:
 - (a) generic information about the applicant;
 - (b) the technical name, common name and CAS number (if known) of the chemical;
 - (c) the quantity to be manufactured.

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Note 1 The applicant may be required to give additional information (see regulation 3.15).

Note 2 An authorised officer must give written notice of his or her decision on the application (see regulation 3.505).

3.120 When permission may be granted

- (1) An authorised officer may grant an application for permission to manufacture a manufacture-prohibited chemical if:
 - (a) the manufacture of the chemical is stated in an item in Schedule 1 to be prohibited except with written permission under subregulation 3.120 (1); and
 - (b) the officer is satisfied that there is in effect for Australia a production-specific exemption for the chemical under Article 4 of the Stockholm Convention.
- (2) An authorised officer may grant an application for permission to manufacture a manufacture-prohibited chemical if:
 - (a) the manufacture of the chemical is stated in an item in Schedule 1 to be prohibited except with written permission under subregulation 3.120 (2); and
 - (b) the officer is satisfied that, in accordance with paragraph 9 of Article 10 of the Rotterdam Convention, the chemical to be manufactured is to be exported and not used in Australia.
- (3) An authorised officer may grant an application for permission to manufacture a manufacture-prohibited chemical if:
 - (a) neither subregulation (1) nor (2) applies; and
 - (b) the chemical is to be manufactured for a use or purpose that is permitted under the relevant Convention.

Note In deciding whether to grant the application, the officer may take into consideration the matters mentioned in regulation 3.20.

(4) If the officer is not satisfied as to the matters mentioned in subregulation (1), (2) or (3), the officer must refuse to grant the application.

Division 3.4 Use

3.145 Absolute prohibition

- (1) The use in Australia of a controlled chemical is prohibited if the relevant item in Schedule 1 states that its use is prohibited in all cases.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection 69C(1) of the Act, the condition that a person must not use a chemical in contravention of subregulation (1) is prescribed.

3.150 Prohibition subject to conditions

- (1) This regulation applies to a controlled chemical if:
 - (a) the relevant item in Schedule 1 identifies the relevant international agreement or arrangement as the Stockholm Convention; and
 - (b) that item states that use is prohibited unless paragraphs 3.150 (2) (a) to (d) are complied with.
- (2) The use in Australia of a controlled chemical to which this regulation applies is prohibited unless:
 - (a) the chemical is an approved active constituent or a registered chemical product; and
 - (b) the use is in accordance with the instructions for its use that the APVMA has approved; and
 - (c) the use is in accordance with a use-specific exemption that is in effect for Australia under Article 4 of the Stockholm Convention; and
 - (d) the use is permitted under the law of the State or Territory in which the chemical is to be used.

Division 3.5 Dealing with chemicals

Subdivision 3.5.1 Absolute prohibition

3.175 Prohibited dealing

- (1) Any dealing (other than importation, manufacture, use or exportation) in Australia of a controlled chemical is prohibited if the relevant item in Schedule 1 states that dealing in the chemical is prohibited in all cases.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection 69C (1) of the Act, the condition that a person must not deal in a chemical in contravention of subregulation (1) is prescribed.

Subdivision 3.5.2 Prohibition subject to conditions

3.180 Chemicals to which this Subdivision applies

- (1) This Subdivision applies to a controlled chemical if the relevant item in Schedule 1 states that Subdivision 3.5.2 applies to it.
- (2) In this Subdivision, a controlled chemical to which this Subdivision applies is called a *dealing-prohibited chemical*.

3.185 Prohibition

- (1) Any dealing (other than importation, manufacture, use or exportation) of a dealing-prohibited chemical in Australia is prohibited unless an authorised officer or the Minister has given permission in writing to deal with the chemical in the relevant way.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection 69C(1) of the Act, the following conditions or restrictions are prescribed for each such chemical:
 - (a) a person must not deal with the chemical:
 - (i) without the written permission of an authorised officer or the Minister; or

- (ii) contrary to a condition or restriction specified in the permission;
- (b) a person who deals with the chemical must not fail to produce the permission if asked to do so by:
 - (i) an authorised officer; or
 - (ii) an officer of another Agency, or an officer or employee of a State or Territory government, authorised in writing by the Secretary for the purposes of this paragraph;
- (c) any condition or restriction specified in the relevant item in Schedule 1.

Note A person who deals with such a chemical in contravention of a prescribed condition or restriction may be punished by a fine of up to 300 penalty units (see subsection 69C (5) of the Act).

(3) This regulation applies despite any approval to deal with the chemical under any other legislation.

3.190 Applications for permission to deal with dealingprohibited chemicals

- (1) A person may apply to the Department for permission to deal with a dealing-prohibited chemical.
- (2) An application to deal with a dealing-prohibited chemical must be in the approved form and must include the following information:
 - (a) generic information about the applicant;
 - (b) the technical name, common name and CAS number (if known) of the chemical;
 - (c) information that the applicant considers supports the application.

Note 1 The applicant may be required to give additional information (see regulation 3.15).

Note 2 An authorised officer must give written notice of his or her decision on the application (see regulation 3.505).

3.195 When permission may be granted

(1) An authorised officer may grant an application for permission to deal with a dealing-prohibited chemical if the officer is satisfied that the dealing is in accordance with Australia's obligations under the relevant international agreement or arrangement.

Note In deciding whether to grant the application, the officer may take into consideration the matters mentioned in regulation 3.20.

(2) If the officer is not satisfied as to the matter mentioned in subregulation (1), the officer must refuse to grant the application.

Division 3.6 Export

Subdivision 3.6.1 Absolute prohibition

3.200 Prohibited export

- (1) The export from Australia of a controlled chemical is prohibited if the relevant item in Schedule 1 states that its export is prohibited in all cases.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection 69C(1) of the Act, the condition that a person must not export a chemical in contravention of subregulation (1) is prescribed.

Subdivision 3.6.2 Prohibition subject to conditions

3.205 Chemicals to which this Subdivision applies

- (1) This Subdivision applies to a controlled chemical if the relevant item in Schedule 1 states that its export is prohibited except with written permission.
- (2) In this Subdivision, a controlled chemical to which this Subdivision applies is called an *export-prohibited chemical*.

3.210 Prohibition

- (1) The export from Australia of an export-prohibited chemical is prohibited unless:
 - (a) an authorised officer or the Minister has given permission in writing to export the chemical; and
 - (b) the permission is produced to a Collector; and
 - (c) any condition or restriction specified in the relevant item in Schedule 1 is satisfied.

Note 1 The permission to export required under this regulation must be produced to a Collector for the purposes of complying with regulation 4A of the Customs (Prohibited Exports) Regulations 1958 in relation to the exportation of chemicals under those Regulations that are active constituents or chemical products.

Note 2 A multiple exit export permit is a permission for the purposes of this regulation (see subregulation 3.310 (3)).

- (2) For the purposes of subsection 69C(1) of the Act, the following conditions or restrictions are prescribed for each such chemical:
 - (a) a person must not export the chemical:
 - (i) without the written permission of an authorised officer or the Minister; or
 - (ii) contrary to a condition or restriction specified in the permission;
 - (b) a person who exports the chemical must not fail to produce the permission if asked to do so by a Collector;
 - (c) any condition or restriction set out in the relevant item in Schedule 1.

Note A person who exports such a chemical in contravention of a prescribed condition or restriction may be punished by a fine of up to 300 penalty units (see subsection 69C (5) of the Act).

(3) This regulation applies despite:

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- (a) the APVMA's certificate setting out its findings (if any) in relation to the export of a chemical product under section 69D of the Act; and
- (b) any approval to export under any other legislation.

3.215 Applications for permission to export exportprohibited chemicals

- (1) A person may apply to the Department for permission to export an export-prohibited chemical.
- (2) An application must be in the approved form and must include the following information:
 - (a) generic information about the applicant;
 - (b) the technical name, common name and CAS number (if known) of the chemical;
 - (c) the quantity to be exported;
 - (d) the name of the importing country;
 - (e) the name of any transit country (if known);
 - (f) the intended use in the importing country.

Note 1 The applicant may be required to give additional information (see regulation 3.15).

Note 2 An authorised officer must give written notice of his or her decision on the application (see regulation 3.505).

3.220 Additional information required for certain exports

- (1) This regulation applies to an export-prohibited chemical if the relevant item in Schedule 1 states that the chemical is subject to a notification of final regulatory action by Australia under Article 5 of the Rotterdam Convention.
- (2) An application for permission to export a chemical to which this regulation applies must, in addition to the information required under regulation 3.215, include the following information:
 - (a) expected date of export;
 - (b) category (pesticide or industrial use) under which the chemical is being exported;
 - (c) the name and address of the importer;
 - (d) precautionary measures to reduce exposure to, and emission of, the chemical;
 - (e) in the case of a mixture or preparation, the concentration of the prescribed active constituent or constituents.

Note The above information forms part of the export notification required under Article 12 of the Rotterdam Convention.

3.225 When permission must be granted

An authorised officer must grant an application for permission to export an export-prohibited chemical if:

- (a) the relevant item in Schedule 1 identifies the relevant international agreement or arrangement as the Rotterdam Convention; and
- (b) the export is to a non-party to that Convention.

3.230 When permission may be granted

- (1) An authorised officer may grant an application for permission to export an export-prohibited chemical whose export is stated in an item in Schedule 1 to be prohibited except with written permission under paragraph 3.230 (1) (a), (b) or (c) if the officer is satisfied that the export is:
 - (a) for the purpose of environmentally sound disposal in accordance with paragraph (1) (d) of Article 6 of the Stockholm Convention; or
 - (b) to a party that is permitted to use the chemical under Annex A or B of the Stockholm Convention; or
 - (c) to a State not Party to the Stockholm Convention (within the meaning of paragraph 2 of Article 3 of that Convention) that has provided an annual certification to Australia in accordance with that paragraph.

Note 1 The export of an active constituent or chemical product for the purpose of environmentally sound disposal must also comply with the Hazardous Waste (Regulation of Exports and Imports) Act 1989 and any regulations made under that Act.

Note 2 Under paragraph 2 (b) (iii) of Article 3 of the Stockholm Convention, the annual certification of a non-party must:

- (a) specify the intended use of the chemical; and
- (b) include a statement that, with respect to that chemical, the importing State is committed to:
 - (i) protect human health and the environment by taking the necessary measures to minimize or prevent releases;
 - (ii) comply with the provisions of paragraph 1 of Article 6; and

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- (iii) comply, where appropriate, with the provisions of paragraph 2 of Part II of Annex B; and
- (c) include any appropriate supporting documentation, such as legislation, regulatory instruments, or administrative or policy guidelines.
- Note 3 Paragraph 2 (d) of Article 3 of the Stockholm Convention states:

'For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "State not Party to this Convention" shall include with respect to a particular chemical, a State or regional economic integration organization that has not agreed to be bound by the Convention with respect to that chemical.'

- (2) An authorised officer may grant an application for permission to export an export-prohibited chemical if:
 - (a) the relevant item in Schedule 1 identifies the relevant international agreement or arrangement as the Rotterdam Convention; and
 - (b) the export is to a party to that Convention; and
 - (c) the officer is satisfied that the export complies with the requirements of that Convention.
- (3) An authorised officer may grant an application for permission to export an export-prohibited chemical if:
 - (a) neither subregulation (1) nor (2) applies; and
 - (b) the chemical is being exported for a use or purpose in the importing country that is permitted under the relevant Convention.

Note In deciding whether to grant the application, the officer may take into consideration the matters mentioned in regulation 3.20.

(4) To avoid doubt, an authorised officer may refuse to grant an application despite the fact that the APVMA has given a certificate setting out its findings (if any) in relation to the export of the chemical product under section 69D of the Act.

3.235 Required conditions

- (1) This regulation applies to the export of an export-prohibited chemical if:
 - (a) the relevant item in Schedule 1 identifies the relevant international agreement or arrangement as the Rotterdam Convention; and
 - (b) the export is to a party to that Convention.

- (2) It is a condition of a permission for the export that the exporter will:
 - (a) include the Harmonized System customs code for the chemical (if assigned) on shipping documentation; and
 - (b) ensure that the labelling of the chemical complies with relevant international standards (including standards requiring information regarding risks and hazards to human health and the environment); and
 - (c) if the chemical is to be used for occupational purposes, give to the importer a safety data sheet that:
 - (i) is in accordance with an internationally recognised format; and
 - (ii) sets out up-to-date information; and
 - (iii) if practicable, is in one of the official languages of the country to which the chemical is to be exported; and
 - (d) give to the Department, on or before 28 February following each calendar year, a statement of the total quantity of the chemical exported in the calendar year, naming each importing country and specifying how much of the chemical was exported to each importing country.

3.240 Deciding application for permission to export when import decision available

- (1) This regulation applies to the export of an export-prohibited chemical if the relevant item in Schedule 1 identifies the relevant international agreement or arrangement as the Rotterdam Convention.
- (2) In making a decision whether to grant an application for permission to export the chemical to a party to the Convention, an authorised officer must take into consideration:
 - (a) any import decision notified to the Secretariat by the party; and
 - (b) if the chemical is described in the relevant item in Schedule 1 as a severely hazardous pesticide formulation, any applicable condition or restriction specified in that item; and

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(c) whether the applicant has provided any additional information required under regulation 3.220.

Note Under Article 10 of the Convention, the Secretariat must, every 6 months, inform all parties of the import responses it has received. It does so by way of a six-monthly information circular.

3.245 Deciding application for permission to export when import decision not known

- (1) This regulation applies to the export of an export-prohibited chemical if:
 - (a) the relevant item in Schedule 1 identifies the relevant international agreement or arrangement as the Rotterdam Convention; and
 - (b) the export is to a party to that Convention; and
 - (c) the party's import decision is not known.
- (2) An authorised officer must not grant an application for permission to export the chemical, unless he or she is satisfied that the export will not be in breach of Australia's obligations under Article 11 of the Rotterdam Convention.

Note The import decision of a party may not be known because:

- (a) the party failed to transmit to the Secretariat its decision; or
- (b) the party transmitted an import response stating that a final import decision is under consideration or requesting more information or assistance in making its decision (see paragraph 4 (b) of Article 10 of the Rotterdam Convention).

3.250 When permission must be refused

- (1) An authorised officer must refuse to grant an application for permission to export an export-prohibited chemical if the officer is not satisfied as to the matters mentioned in subregulation 3.230 (1).
- (2) An authorised officer must refuse an application for permission to export an export-prohibited chemical if:
 - (a) the relevant item in Schedule 1 identifies the relevant international agreement or arrangement as the Rotterdam Convention; and
 - (b) the export is to a party to that Convention; and

- (c) any of the following applies:
 - (i) the officer is not satisfied that the export complies with the Rotterdam Convention;
 - (ii) the party has notified to the Secretariat an import decision not to consent to the import;
 - (iii) the party has notified to the Secretariat an import decision to consent to the import only subject to specified conditions and the authorised officer is not satisfied that those conditions have been met or will be met.

Note A list of the parties to the Rotterdam Convention is available at http://www.pic.int.

- (3) An authorised officer must refuse to grant an application for permission to export an export-prohibited chemical if:
 - (a) neither subregulation (1) nor (2) applies; and
 - (b) the chemical is being exported for a use or purpose in the importing country that is not permitted under the relevant Convention.

Division 3.7 Multiple entry import and multiple exit export permits

3.305 Definitions

In this Division:

import-prohibited chemical means a controlled chemical to which Subdivision 3.2.2 applies.

export-prohibited chemical means a controlled chemical to which Subdivision 3.6.2 applies.

3.310 Purpose

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(1) The purpose of this Division is to allow persons who from time to time import import-prohibited chemicals, or export export-prohibited chemicals, to apply for a permission to import (multiple entry import permit) or export (multiple exit export permit) those chemicals over a period of time, instead of having to apply for a permission for each import or export.

- (2) A multiple entry import permit is a permission for the purposes of regulation 3.55.
- (3) A multiple exit export permit is a permission for the purposes of regulation 3.210.

3.315 Fit and proper person

- (1) For the purposes of regulation 3.340, an authorised officer must have regard to the following matters in determining whether a person is a fit and proper person:
 - (a) any conviction of the applicant for an offence against the Act or these Regulations;
 - (b) if the applicant is an individual:
 - (i) any conviction of the applicant for an offence under a law of the Commonwealth, of a State or of a Territory that is punishable by imprisonment for a period of one year or longer; and
 - (ii) whether the applicant is bankrupt;
 - (c) if the applicant is a corporation:
 - (i) any conviction of the applicant for an offence under a law of the Commonwealth, of a State or of a Territory that is punishable by a fine of 50 penalty units or more, being an offence committed at a time when a person who is a director, officer or shareholder of the company was a director, officer or shareholder of the company; and
 - (ii) whether the applicant is an externally administered body corporate (within the meaning of the *Corporations Act 2001*);
 - (d) whether the applicant has previously held a multiple permit or a permission under this Part;
 - (e) whether the applicant complied with any conditions or restrictions specified in the permit or permission.
- (2) To avoid doubt, the matters mentioned in subregulation (1) are in addition to:
 - (a) any matters that an authorised officer is required to take into consideration under a provision of this Division; and
 - (b) any other matters that are relevant.

3.320 Multiple entry import permits

Note Regulation 3.320 is reserved.

3.325 When multiple entry import permits may be granted

Note Regulation 3.325 is reserved.

3.330 Multiple exit export permits

- (1) This regulation applies if:
 - (a) the relevant item in Schedule 1 identifies the relevant international agreement or arrangement as the Rotterdam Convention; and
 - (b) either:
 - (i) the export is to a non-party to that Convention; or
 - (ii) the chemical to be exported is a severely hazardous pesticide formulation that is of a form different from, or is of a concentration lower than, the relevant formulation given in Schedule 1.
- (2) A person may apply to the Department for a multiple exit export permit.
- (3) An application must be in the approved form and must include generic information about the applicant and the following information in respect of each export-prohibited chemical to be exported under the permit:
 - (a) the technical name, common name and CAS number (if known) of each chemical;
 - (b) the non-parties to which exports are to be made (if applicable);
 - (c) the formulation to be exported (if applicable);
 - (d) the quantity of chemical to be exported under the permit or, if that quantity is not known, an estimate of the quantity to be exported.

3.335 When multiple exit export permits may be granted — general

(1) An authorised officer may grant an application for a multiple exit export permit if the officer is satisfied that the exports to be made under the permit comply with the requirements of the Rotterdam Convention.

Note In deciding whether to grant the application, the officer may take into consideration the matters mentioned in regulation 3.20.

- (2) An authorised officer must refuse to grant an application if:
 - (a) the officer is not satisfied as to the matter mentioned in subregulation (1); or
 - (b) the applicant has at any time failed to comply with any condition or restriction specified in a permission or permit.

3.340 Grant of multiple exit export permits in special circumstances

Despite any thing else in this Division, an authorised officer may grant a multiple exit export permit to a person if the authorised officer is satisfied that:

- (a) the relevant items in Schedule 1 for the export-prohibited chemicals to be exported under the permit identify the relevant international agreement or arrangement as the Rotterdam Convention; and
- (b) the person has, over an aggregate period of at least 1 year, exported export-prohibited chemicals; and
- (c) the person has complied with the requirements of the Act and these Regulations in relation to those exports; and
- (d) the person is a fit and proper person.

Note In deciding whether to grant the permit, the officer may take into consideration the matters mentioned in regulation 3.20.

3.345 Annual reports

(1) The holder of a multiple permit must give to the Department an annual report about imports or exports made under the permit.

(2) The report:

- (a) must state the name of the holder, the identification number and date of issue, of the permit; and
- (b) must include the following information in respect of the chemicals imported or exported under the permit:
 - (i) the technical name and common name of the chemical;
 - (ii) the name of the exporting or importing countries;
 - (iii) the date of each import or export;
 - (iv) the name of any transit country (if known);
 - (v) any additional information required as a condition or restriction specified on the permit;
 - (vi) the quantity of each kind of chemical imported from or exported to each named exporting or importing country; and
- (c) must be signed by the holder of the permit; and
- (d) must be given on or before 28 February of each year.

3.350 Period of validity and renewal of permit

- (1) A multiple permit is valid until the end of 31 March next occurring after the permit is granted.
- (2) An application for renewal of a permit may be made in writing by the holder of the permit not more than 60 days before the day on which the permit ceases to be valid under subregulation (1).
- (3) An authorised officer may grant an application for renewal if the authorised officer is satisfied that:
 - (a) the holder has not imported or exported a chemical in contravention of the permit; and
 - (b) the holder has complied with any conditions or restrictions specified in the permit; and
 - (c) the holder continues to be a fit and proper person (if applicable); and
 - (d) the holder has complied with the annual reporting requirements under regulation 3.345.

Division 3.8 Conditions or restrictions of permissions or multiple permits

3.405 Conditions

A permission or multiple permit granted under this Part may specify conditions or restrictions to be complied with by the holder and may, in respect of any such condition or restriction, specify a time (being a time before or after the act permitted) at or before which the holder must comply with the condition or restriction.

3.410 Revocation etc of permission or multiple permits

- (1) An authorised officer may revoke, vary or suspend a permission or multiple permit granted under this Part.
- (2) The authorised officer must give to the holder of a permission or permit written notice of the revocation, variation or suspension of the permission or permit within 10 days after doing so.
- (3) The notice must include:
 - (a) a brief statement of the reasons for the revocation, variation or suspension; and
 - (b) a statement that the applicant may apply to the Minister for reconsideration of the decision.
- (4) A failure to comply with subregulation (2) or (3) does not affect the validity of the revocation, variation or suspension.

Division 3.9 Review of decisions

3.505 Notice of authorised officer's decision

(1) An authorised officer must give, to an applicant for a permission or multiple permit under this Part, written notice of the officer's decision on the application within 10 days after making the decision.

- (2) A notice of a decision to refuse to grant a permission or permit must include:
 - (a) a brief statement of the reasons for the refusal; and
 - (b) a statement that the applicant may apply to the Minister for reconsideration of the decision.
- (3) A failure to comply with subregulation (1) or (2) in relation to a decision does not affect the validity of the decision.

3.510 Reconsideration of decisions by Minister

- (1) An application for reconsideration of the following decisions may be made to the Minister by the applicant for, or the holder of, a permission or multiple permit:
 - (a) an authorised officer's decision to refuse to grant a permission or permit;
 - (b) an authorised officer's decision to revoke, vary or suspend a permission or permit.
- (2) The application must be made in writing within 15 days after the applicant receives notice of the decision.
- (3) The Minister may:

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- (a) grant or refuse to grant a permission or permit; or
- (b) vary or affirm a decision to revoke, vary or suspend a permission or permit; or
- (c) set aside, and substitute his or her decision for, a decision to revoke, vary or suspend a permission or permit.

3.515 Notice of Minister's decision

- (1) The Minister must give, to a person who applies for reconsideration of a decision, written notice of the Minister's decision on the person's application within 10 days after making the decision.
- (2) The notice must include a statement that the person may apply to the Administrative Appeals Tribunal for a review of the decision.
- (3) A failure to comply with subregulation (1) or (2) in relation to a decision does not affect the validity of the decision.

3.520 Review of decisions by AAT

An application may be made to the Administrative Appeals Tribunal for a review of the Minister's decision on an application for reconsideration under this Division.

[5] Regulation 3A, heading

substitute

3.550 Export of chemical products — fees for certificates

[6] Before regulation 4

insert

Part 4 Miscellaneous

[7] Regulations 4 and 5

renumber as regulations 4.10 and 4.15

[8] Before the Schedule

insert

Schedule 1 Chemicals

(regulation 1.3, definition of controlled chemical)

Part 1 Reading this Schedule

1 Description of chemicals

- (1) Each chemical dealt with in this Schedule is described in a separate item in the form of a small table, as follows:
 - (a) the heading is the common name of the chemical;
 - (b) the first row gives the chemical's IUPAC name;

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- (c) the second row gives its CAS number;
- if the chemical is a prescribed active constituent or prescribed chemical product for the purposes of subsection 69CA (2) of the Act, the third row states that fact;
- (e) the fourth row identifies, for subsection 69CA (3) of the Act, the relevant international agreement or arrangement;
- (f) the fifth row states any conditions or restrictions applicable to the chemical.

Note The international agreement or arrangement identified in the fourth row is also the agreement or arrangement under which the import, manufacture etc of the chemical may be prohibited (absolutely or subject to prescribed conditions or restrictions in the fifth row) under Part 3.

(2) There may be 1 or more additional rows in a particular item giving or requiring additional information, and any information so given, or any such requirement, is part of the item.

2 References to controlled chemical in Regulations as applied to this Schedule

To avoid doubt, a reference in these Regulations to a relevant item in this Schedule for a controlled chemical includes (consistently with the definition of controlled chemical) a chemical product that contains the active constituent dealt with in the item.

Part 2 Chemicals

1 2-(Acetoxymercuric)ethanol

IUPAC name

CAS number

4665-55-8

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

No

Relevant international agreement or arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission

2 2,4,5-T

IUPAC name (2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy)acetic acid

CAS number 93-76-5 Prescribed active No

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement **Conditions or restrictions** Rotterdam Convention

Export prohibited except with written permission

3 Aldrin (HHDN)

IUPAC name (1R,4S,4aS,5S,8R,8aR)-1,2,3,4,10,10-hexachloro-

1,4,4a,5,8,8a-hexahydro-1,4:5,8-dimethano-

naphthalene

CAS number 309-00-2

Prescribed active

Prescribed active constituent for the purposes of constituent/chemical product

subsection 69CA (2) of the Act

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Stockholm Convention

Conditions or restrictions Import prohibited except with written permission

> under paragraph 3.65 (1) (a) Manufacture prohibited in all cases

Use prohibited in all cases

Export prohibited except with written permission

under paragraph 3.230 (1) (a), (b) or (c)

Captafol

IUPAC name N-(1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethylthio)cyclohex-4-ene-1,2-

dicarboximide; or

3a,4,7,7a-tetrahydro-*N*-(1,1,2,2tetrachloroethanesulfenyl)phthalimide

CAS number 2425-06-1

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

No

Relevant International agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions Export prohibited except with written permission

> Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals (Administration) Amendment Regulations 2004 (No.)

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5 Chlordane

IUPAC name 1,2,4,5,6,7,8,8-octachloro-2,3,3a,4,7, 7a-hexahydro-4,

7-methanoindene

CAS number 57-74-9

Prescribed active

Prescribed active constituent for the purposes of constituent/chemical product

subsection 69CA (2) of the Act

Relevant International agreement or

arrangement

Stockholm Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Import prohibited except with written permission

under paragraph 3.65 (1) (a)

Manufacture prohibited in all cases

Use prohibited in all cases

Export prohibited except with written permission

under paragraph 3.230 (1) (a), (b) or (c)

6 Chlordimeform

IUPAC name N²-(4-chloro-o-tolyl)-N¹, N¹-dimethylformamidine

CAS number 6164-98-3

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

No

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions Export prohibited except with written permission

7 Chlorobenzilate

IUPAC name Ethyl 4,4'-dichlorobenzilate

CAS number 510-15-6 Prescribed active No

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions Export prohibited except with written permission

Cyano(methylmercuric)guanidine 8

IUPAC name 1-cyano-3-(methylmercurio)guanidine

CAS number 502-39-6 Prescribed active No

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or arrangement

Conditions or restrictions

Rotterdam Convention

Export prohibited except with written permission

9 DDT (pp'-DDT)

IUPAC name 1,1,1-trichloro-2,2-bis (4-chlorophenyl) ethane

CAS number 50-29-3

Prescribed active Prescribed active constituent for the purposes of

constituent/chemical product subsection 69CA (2) of the Act

Relevant International agreement or

arrangement

Conditions or restrictions Import prohibited except with written permission

under paragraph 3.65 (1) (a)

Manufacture prohibited in all cases

Use prohibited in all cases

Stockholm Convention

Export prohibited except with written permission

under paragraph 3.230 (1) (a), (b) or (c)

10 Dieldrin (HEOD)

IUPAC name (1<u>R</u>,4<u>S</u>,4a<u>S</u>,5<u>R</u>,6<u>R</u>,7<u>S</u>,8<u>S</u>,8a<u>R</u>)-1,2,3,4,10,10-

hexachloro-1,4,4a,5,6,7,8,8a-octahydro-6,7-epoxy-

1,4:5, 8-dimethano-naphthalene

CAS number 60-57-1

Prescribed active

Prescribed active constituent for the purposes of constituent/chemical product

subsection 69CA (2) of the Act

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Stockholm Convention

Conditions or restrictions Import prohibited except with written permission

under paragraph 3.65 (1) (a)

Manufacture prohibited in all cases

Use prohibited in all cases

Export prohibited except with written permission

under paragraph 3.230 (1) (a), (b) or (c)

Dinoseb and its salts

IUPAC name 2-sec-butyl-4,6-dinitrophenol

CAS number 88-85-7

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions Export prohibited except with written permission

No

12 Dinoseb acetate

IUPAC name 2-sec-butyl-4,6-dinitrophenol

CAS number 2813-95-8

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

No

Conditions or restrictions Export prohibited except with written permission

13 Endrin

IUPAC name (1<u>R</u>,4<u>S</u>,4<u>a</u><u>S</u>,5<u>S</u>,6<u>S</u>,7<u>R</u>,8<u>R</u>,8a<u>R</u>)-1,2,3,4,10,10-

hexachloro-1,4,4a,5,6,7,8, 8a octahydro-6,7-epoxy-1,

4:5,8-dimethano-naphthalene

CAS number 72-20-8

Prescribed active

Prescribed active constituent for the purposes of constituent/chemical product

subsection 69CA (2) of the Act

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Stockholm Convention

Conditions or restrictions Import prohibited except with written permission

under paragraph 3.65 (1) (a)

Manufacture prohibited in all cases

Use prohibited in all cases

Export prohibited except with written permission

under paragraph 3.230 (1) (a), (b) or (c)

14 Ethylene dibromide (EDB)

IUPAC name 1,2-dibromoethane

CAS number 106-93-4

Prescribed active constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions Export prohibited except with written permission

No

15 Fluoroacetamide

IUPAC name 2-fluoroacetamide

CAS number 640-19-7 Prescribed active No

constituent/chemical product

Relevant International agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions Export prohibited except with written permission

16 HCH (mixed isomers) (BHC) (HCH) (except gamma isomer)

IUPAC name

1,2,3,4,5,6-hexachlorocyclohexane

CAS number

608-73-1

Prescribed active

No

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

Rotterdam Convention

arrangement

Export prohibited except with written permission

17 Heptachior

Conditions or restrictions

IUPAC name

1,4,5,6,7,8,8-heptachloro-3a,4,7, 7a-tetrahydro-4,7-

methanoindene

CAS number

76-44-8

Prescribed active

Prescribed active constituent for the purposes of

subsection 69CA (2) of the Act

Relevant international agreement or

constituent/chemical product

arrangement

Stockholm Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Import prohibited except with written permission

under paragraph 3.65 (1) (a)

Manufacture prohibited in all cases

Use prohibited in all cases

Export prohibited except with written permission

under paragraph 3.230 (1) (a), (b) or (c)

18 Hexachlorobenzene (HCB)

IUPAC name

Hexachlorobenzene

CAS number

118-74-1

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

Prescribed active constituent for the purposes of

subsection 69CA (2) of the Act

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Stockholm Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Import prohibited except with written permission

under paragraph 3.65 (1) (a)
Manufacture prohibited in all cases

Use prohibited in all cases

Export prohibited except with written permission

under paragraph 3.230 (1) (a), (b) or (c)

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Hydroxymercuri-o-nitrophenol

IUPAC name

CAS number

17140-73-7

Prescribed active

No

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission

Lindane (γ-BHC, γ-HCH)

IUPAC name

1α, 2α, 3β, 4α, 5α, 6β)-hexachlorocyclohexane

CAS number

58-89-9

Prescribed active

No

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission

Mercuric acetate

IUPAC name

CAS number

1600-27-7

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

No

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission

22 Mercuric chloride

IUPAC name

Mercury (II) chloride; mercury dichloride

CAS number

42

7487-94-7

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

No

Relevant International agreement or

arrangement **Conditions or restrictions** Rotterdam Convention

Export prohibited except with written permission

Amendments

23 Mercuric oxide

IUPAC name Mercury (II) oxide; mercury oxide

CAS number 21908-53-2

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions Export prohibited except with written permission

No

Mercurous chloride

IUPAC name Mercury (I) chloride; dimercury dichloride

No

CAS number 7546-30-7

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions Export prohibited except with written permission

Mercury 25

IUPAC name

CAS number 7439-97-6 Prescribed active No

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission

Mercury naphthenate

IUPAC name

CAS number 1336-96-5 Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission

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Mercury oleate 27

IUPAC name

CAS number 1191-80-6

Prescribed active

No

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions Export prohibited except with written permission

No

Mercury pentanedione

IUPAC name

CAS number 14024-55-6

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission

Mercury phenate

IUPAC name

CAS number 588-66-9 Prescribed active No

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

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Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission

30 Methamidophos

IUPAC name O,S-dimethyl phosphoramidothioate

CAS number 10265-92-6

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions Export prohibited except with written permission

No

Severely hazardous pesticide formulation under Annex III of the Rotterdam Convention — soluble liquid formulation of the substance that exceeds

600 grams active constituent per litre

31 Methazole

IUPAC name 2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-4-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazolidine-

3,5-dione

No

CAS number 20354-26-1

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions Export prohibited except with written permission

Subject to notification of final regulatory action by

Australia

32 Methylmercury 2,3-dihydoxypropyl mercaptide

IUPAC name

CAS number 2597-95-7

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions Export prohibited except with written permission

No

33 Methylmercury 8-quinolinolate

IUPAC name

CAS number

86-85-1

No

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission

34 Methylmercury acetate

IUPAC name

CAS number

108-07-6

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

No

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission

35 Methylmercury benzoate

IUPAC name

 $Methylmercury (II)\ benzoate;$

methylmercury(2+) benzoate; methylmercuric benzoate

CAS number

3626-13-9

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

No

Delevent intermedianal an

Relevant international agreement or

Rotterdam Convention

arrangement
Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission

36 Methylmercury hydroxide

IUPAC name

CAS number

1184-57-2

Prescribed active

No

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

Rotterdam Convention

arrangement

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission

Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals (Administration)
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2004,

Amendments

Methylmercury nitrite

IUPAC name

CAS number 2591-97-9

Prescribed active

No

constituent/chemical product

Conditions or restrictions

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

38 Methylmercury propionate

IUPAC name

CAS number 5903-10-6

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

No

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission

Export prohibited except with written permission

39 Mirex

IUPAC name (1,1a,2,2,3,3a,4,5,5,5a,5b,6-dodecachlorooctahydro-

1,3,4-metheno-1*H*-cyclobuta[*cd*]pentalene)

 $dode cach loropenta cyclo [5.3.0.0^{2.6}.0^{3.9}.0^{4.8}] decane \ or \\$ $perchloropentacyclo\hbox{--}[5.3.0.0^{2,6}.0^{3,9}.0^{4,8}] decane$

CAS number 2385-85-5

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

Prescribed active constituent for the purposes of

subsection 69CA (2) of the Act

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Stockholm Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Import prohibited except with written permission Permission to import may be granted only if:

(a) mirex is approved under the Agvet Code of the

participating Territories as an active constituent; and

(b) it is to be used in accordance with instructions

that the APVMA has approved; and

- (c) it is to be used as a termiticide in accordance with Australia's use-specific exemption under Article 4 of the Stockholm Convention; and
- (d) its use for that is permitted under the law of the State or Territory in which it is to be used

Manufacture prohibited except for manufacture of registered chemical products for use in accordance with paragraphs 3.150 (2) (a) to (d)

Use prohibited unless paragraphs 3.150 (2) (a) to (d)

are complied with

Export prohibited except with written permission

under paragraph 3.230 (1) (a), (b) or (c)

40 Monocrotophos

IUPAC name Dimethyl (E)-1-methyl-2(methylcarbamoyl)vinyl

phosphate; 3-dimethoxyphosphinoyloxy-N-

methylisocrotonamide

CAS number 6923-22-4

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

No

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission Severely hazardous pesticide formulation under

Annex III of the Rotterdam Convention

Subject to notification of final regulatory action by

Australia

41 N-(phenylmercuric) urea

IUPAC name

(phenylmercurio)urea

CAS number

2279-64-3

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

No

Relevant International agreement or

arrangement

48

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission

2004,

42 Parathion (ethyl)

IUPAC name

O,O-diethyl O-4-nitrophenyl phosphorothioate

CAS number

56-38-2

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

No

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission

Severely hazardous pesticide formulation under Annex III of the Rotterdam Convention

Subject to notification of final regulatory action by

Australia

43 Parathion-methyl

IUPAC name

O, O-dimethyl O-4-nitrophenyl phosphorothioate

CAS number

298-00-0

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

No

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission

Severely hazardous pesticide formulation under

Annex III of the Rotterdam Convention — formulation
in the form of:

(a) emulsifiable concentrate with 19.5%, 40%, 50% and 60% active constituent; or

(b) dust containing 1.5%, 2% and 3% active constituent

44 Pentachlorophenol

IUPAC name

Pentachlorophenol

CAS number

87-86-5

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

No

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission

2004.

Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals (Administration)
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49

45 Phenylethylmercuric salicylate

IUPAC name

CAS number 54-64-8
Prescribed active No

constituent/chemical product

Conditions or restrictions

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Export prohibited except with written permission

46 Phenylmercuric acetate

IUPAC name Phenylmercury(II) acetate;

phenylmercury(2+) acetate; phenylmercuric acetate

CAS number 62-38-4
Prescribed active No

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions Export prohibited except with written permission

No

47 Phenylmercuric ammonium acetate

IUPAC name

CAS number 53404-67-4

Prescribed active

Conditions or restrictions

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Export prohibited except with written permission

48 Phenylmercuric ammonium propionate

IUPAC name

CAS number 53404-68-5

Prescribed active No

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

Rotterdam Convention

arrangement

50

Conditions or restrictions Export prohibited except with written permission

Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals (Administration)
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2004,

Phenylmercuric borate 49

IUPAC name

CAS number

102-98-7

Prescribed active

No

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission

Phenylmercuric carbonate

IUPAC name

CAS number

arrangement

53404-69-6

Prescribed active

No

constituent/chemical product

Relevant International agreement or

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission

Phenylmercuric chloride

IUPAC name

Phenylmercury(II) chloride; phenylmercury(2+) chloride;

phenylmercuric chloride

CAS number

100-56-1

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

No

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Conditions or restrictions Export prohibited except with written permission

Rotterdam Convention

Phenylmercuric dimethyldithiocarbamate

IUPAC name

Phenylmercury dimethyldithiocarbamate

CAS number

32407-99-1

Prescribed active

No

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

Rotterdam Convention

arrangement

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission

2004,

Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals (Administration) Amendment Regulations 2004 (No.)

51

Phenylmercuric formamide

IUPAC name

CAS number 22894-47-9

Prescribed active

No

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission

54 Phenylmercuric hydroxide

IUPAC name

CAS number 100-57-2

Prescribed active

No

constituent/chemical product

Relevant International agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission

Phenylmercuric lactate

IUPAC name

CAS number 122-64-5 Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

No

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission

Phenylmercuric monoethanol ammonium acetate

IUPAC name

CAS number 5822-97-9

Prescribed active

No

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

Rotterdam Convention

arrangement

Conditions or restrictions Export prohibited except with written permission

> Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals (Administration) Amendment Regulations 2004 (No.)

2004,

Phenylmercuric monoethanol ammonium lactate

IUPAC name

CAS number

53404-70-9

Prescribed active

No

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission

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Phenylmercuric napthenate

IUPAC name

CAS number

31632-68-5

Prescribed active

No

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

Rotterdam Convention

arrangement **Conditions or restrictions**

Export prohibited except with written permission

Phenylmercuric nitrate

IUPAC name

Phenylmercury(II) nitrate;

phenylmercury(2+) nitrate; phenylmercuric nitrate

CAS number

55-68-5

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

Rotterdam Convention

arrangement

Conditions or restrictions Export prohibited except with written permission

Phenylmercuric oleate

IUPAC name

CAS number

104-68-9

Prescribed active

No

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

Rotterdam Convention

arrangement

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission

2004,

Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals (Administration) Amendment Regulations 2004 (No.)

53

61 Phenylmercuric propionate

IUPAC name

CAS number 103-27-5

Prescribed active

No

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions Export prohibited except with written permission

62 Phenylmercuric salicylate

IUPAC name Phenylmercury(II) salicylate;

phenylmercury(2+) salicylate; phenylmercuric salicylate

CAS number 28086-13-7

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions Export prohibited except with written permission

No

63 Phenylmercuric thiocyanate

IUPAC name

CAS number 16751-55-6

Prescribed active

No

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

Rotterdam Convention

arrangement

Conditions or restrictions Export prohibited except with written permission

64 Phenylmercuric threthanol ammonium lactate

IUPAC name

arrangement

54

CAS number 23319-66-6

Prescribed active

No

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission

Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals (Administration)
Amendment Regulations 2004 (No.)

2004.

Phenylmercuric-2-ethylhexonate

IUPAC name

CAS number

13302-00-6

Prescribed active

No

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions Export prohibited except with written permission

66 Phenylmercuric-8-quinolinate

IUPAC name

Phenylmercury(II) quinolin-8-olate; phenylmercury(2+) quinolin-8-olate; phenylmercuric quinolin-8-olate

CAS number

26114-17-0

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

No

Relevant International agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission

Phenyl mercury lauryl mercaptide

IUPAC name

CAS number

No

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission

Phosphamidon 68

IUPAC name 2-chloro-2-diethylcarbamoly-1-methylvinyl dimethyl

phosphate

CAS number 13171-21-6

> 23783-98-4 297-99-4

Prescribed active

constituent/chemical product

No

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission Severely hazardous pesticide formulation under Annex III of the Rotterdam Convention — formulation in the form of soluble liquid that exceeds 1 000 grams

of the active constituent per litre

Toxaphene (camphechlor)

IUPAC name Reaction mixture of chlorinated camphenes containing

67-69% chlorine

CAS number 8001-35-2

Prescribed active

Prescribed active constituent for the purposes of constituent/chemical product

subsection 69CA (2) of the Act

Relevant international agreement or

arrangement

Stockholm Convention

Conditions or restrictions Import prohibited except with written permission

under paragraph 3.65 (1) (a)

Manufacture prohibited in all cases

Use prohibited in all cases

Export prohibited except with written permission

under paragraph 3.230 (1) (a), (b) or (c)

70 Tribufos

IUPAC name

S,S,S-tributyl phosphorotrithioate

CAS number

78-48-8

Prescribed active

No

constituent/chemical product

Relevant international agreement or arrangement

Rotterdam Convention

Conditions or restrictions

Export prohibited except with written permission Subject to notification of final regulatory action by

Australia

Schedules 2-5

Note Schedules 2 to 5 are reserved.

[9] Schedule, heading

substitute

Form of search warrant Schedule 6

(regulation 4.15)

Notes

- These Regulations amend Statutory Rules 1995 No. 28, as amended by 1. 1997 No. 320.
- Notified in the Commonwealth of Australia Gazette on 2.

2004.

12 August