

**Australian Communications Authority**

*Radiocommunications Act 1992*

**Radiocommunications (Unacceptable Levels of Interference—2302-  
2400 MHz Band)  
Determination 2000**

THE AUSTRALIAN COMMUNICATIONS AUTHORITY  
determines the following unacceptable levels of interference under  
section 145 of the *Radiocommunications Act 1992*.

Dated 30 March 2000.

A.J SHAW  
Chair

R HORTON  
Deputy Chair

Australian Communications Authority

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**Title**

1. This determination is called the Radiocommunications (Unacceptable Levels of Interference - 2302-2400 MHz Band) Determination of 2000.

**Commencement**

2. This determination commences on the day following the day on which it is made.

**Purpose**

3. This determination sets out what is an unacceptable level of interference caused by a transmitter operating under a spectrum licence issued for the 2302-2400 MHz band.

[NOTE: The ACA may refuse to register a transmitter if the operation of the transmitter could cause an unacceptable level of interference to the operation of other radiocommunications devices - see s.145 of the Act.]

**Interpretation**

4. (1) In this determination, unless the contrary intention appears:

*Act* means the *Radiocommunications Act 1992*.

*Band* means the frequency band 2302-2400 MHz.

*geographic area*, in relation to a spectrum licence, means the area within which operation of a radiocommunications device is authorised under the licence.

[NOTE: The following terms, used in this determination, are defined in the *Radiocommunications Act 1992* and have the meanings given to them by that Act:

frequency band	interference
ACA	spectrum licence
transmitter.]	

**Unacceptable level of interference**

5. (1) This clause sets out what are unacceptable levels of interference for the purposes of section 145 of the Act.

[NOTE: Under s.145, the ACA may refuse to register a transmitter if the operation of the transmitter could cause an unacceptable level of interference to the operation of other radiocommunications devices.]

(2) A level of interference caused by a transmitter operated under a spectrum licence issued for the Band is unacceptable if the operation results in a breach of a core condition of the licence relating to the maximum permitted level of radio emission from the transmitter:

- (a) outside the parts of the spectrum the use of which is authorised by the licence; or
- (b) outside the geographic area of the licence.

[NOTE: S.66(1) of the Act deals with core conditions relating to maximum permitted levels of radio emissions.]

**(3)** A level of interference caused by a transmitter operated under a spectrum licence issued for the Band is unacceptable if the operation results in a breach of a condition contained in Schedule 4 of the licence.