## AUSTRALIA NEW ZEALAND FOOD AUTHORITY

## VARIATIONS TO THE FOOD STANDARDS CODE

### (AMENDMENT NO. 56)

#### 1. Preamble

The variations set forth in the Schedule below are variations to the *Food Standards Code* (hereinafter called 'the Code') which was published by the National Health and Medical Research Council in the *Commonwealth of Australia Gazette*, No. P 27, on 27 August 1987, and which has been varied from time to time.

The Schedule contains variations adopted by the Australia New Zealand Food Standards Council in September 2001.

These variations are published pursuant to section 32 of the Australia New Zealand Food Authority Act 1991.

### 2. Citation

These variations may be collectively known as Amendment No. 56 to the Code.

#### **3.** Commencement

These variations commence on the date of gazettal.

### 4. Correction of Typographical Error

Amendment 55 published on 30 August 2001 contained the following typographical errors:

- on page 7 (Item [10.2]) the reference to the Schedule should read 'Schedule 2' not 'Schedule 1'; and
- on page 13 (Item [18.22]) there should be a closing bracket after 'collagen' in paragraph (a).

Note: These variations were published in the Commonwealth of Australia Gazette No. P 24 on 20 September 2001.

### SCHEDULE

[1] *Standard A16 is varied by inserting into Table III immediately after* Ethylene diamine tetraacetic acid –

| Ethylene Oxide                           | Sterilisation of herbs, spices and | 20 |
|--|------------------------------------|----|
|  | dried vegetable seasonings -       |    |
| This permission ceases to have effect on | herbs and spices sterilised by     |    |
| 30 September 2003.                       | the application of ethylene oxide  |    |
| This permission is an Australia Only     | may only be sold or imported       |    |
| Standard                                 | into Australia 21 days after such  |    |
|  | sterilisation                      |    |
|  |                                    |    |

# [2] Standard A17 is varied by omitting the Table to clause 4, substituting -

### Table to clause 4

| Column 1  | Column 2  | Column 3   |
|---|---|--|
| Food  | Minimum and<br>Maximum Dose<br>(kGy)                        | Conditions   |
| Herbs and spices as described in<br>Schedule 3 to Standard A14  | Minimum: Subject to<br>the condition<br>specified in Column | Food may only be irradiated for the<br>purposes of controlling sprouting and pest<br>disinfestation, including control of weeds. |
| Herbal infusions – fresh, dried or<br>fermented leaves, flowers and other<br>parts of plants used to make<br>beverages, excluding tea | 3 - none<br>Maximum: 6 kGy                                  | The minimum dose to achieve the above technological purposes.  |
|   |   | Food must be handled before and after<br>irradiation according to good<br>manufacturing practice (GMP).                          |
| Herbs and spices as described in<br>Schedule 3 to Standard A14  | Minimum: 2 kGy<br>Maximum: 30 kGy                           | Food may only be irradiated for the purposes of decontamination.   |
|   |   | Food must be handled before and after<br>irradiation according to good<br>manufacturing practice (GMP).                          |
| Herbal infusions – fresh, dried or<br>fermented leaves, flowers and other<br>parts of plants used to make                             | Minimum: 2 kGy<br>Maximum: 10 kGy                           | Food may only be irradiated for the purposes of decontamination.   |
| beverages, excluding tea  |   | Food must be handled before and after<br>irradiation according to good<br>manufacturing practice (GMP).                          |

[3] *Standard 1.3.3* is varied by inserting into the Table to clause 14 immediately after Ethylene diamine tetraacetic acid –

| Ethylene Oxide   | Sterilisation of herbs, spices and  | 20 |
|--|---|----|
| This permission ceases to have effect on<br>30 September 2003.<br>This permission is an Australia Only | dried vegetable seasonings –<br>herbs and spices sterilised by<br>the application of ethylene oxide<br>may only be sold or imported | 20 |
| Standard.  | into Australia 21 days after such sterilisation   |    |

[4] Standard 1.5.3 is varied by omitting the Table to clause 4, substituting –

# Table to clause 4

| Column 1  | Column 2                             | Column 3  |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| Food  | Minimum and<br>Maximum Dose<br>(kGy) | Conditions  |
| Herbs and spices as described in  | Minimum: Subject to                  | Food may only be irradiated for the   |
| Schedule 4 to Standard 1.4.2  | the condition specified in Column    | purposes of controlling sprouting and pest disinfestation, including control of weeds.                  |
| Herbal infusions – fresh, dried or  | 3 - none                             |   |
| fermented leaves, flowers and other<br>parts of plants used to make<br>beverages, excluding tea           | Maximum: 6 kGy                       | The minimum dose to achieve the above technological purposes.   |
|   |                                      | Food must be handled before and after<br>irradiation according to good<br>manufacturing practice (GMP). |
| Herbs and spices as described in  | Minimum: 2 kGy                       | Food may only be irradiated for the   |
| Schedule 4 to Standard 1.4.2  | Maximum: 30 kGy                      | purposes of decontamination.  |
|   |                                      | Food must be handled before and after<br>irradiation according to good<br>manufacturing practice (GMP). |
| Herbal infusions – fresh, dried or<br>fermented leaves, flowers and other<br>parts of plants used to make | Minimum: 2 kGy<br>Maximum: 10 kGy    | Food may only be irradiated for the purposes of decontamination.  |
| beverages, excluding tea  |                                      | Food must be handled before and after   |
|   |                                      | irradiation according to good   |
|   |                                      | manufacturing practice (GMP).   |