



Radiocommunications Licence Conditions (Fixed Receive Licence) Determination 2015

Radiocommunications Act 1992

The AUSTRALIAN COMMUNICATIONS AND MEDIA AUTHORITY makes this Determination under paragraph 107(1)(f) of the *Radiocommunications Act 1992*.

Dated 4th September 2015

Chris Chapman
[signed]
Member

Richard Bean
[signed]
Member/~~General Manager~~

1 Name of Determination

This Determination is the *Radiocommunications Licence Conditions (Fixed Receive Licence) Determination 2015*.

1A Commencement

This Determination commences on the day after it is registered.

Note All legislative instruments and compilations are registered on the Federal Register of Legislative Instruments kept under the *Legislative Instruments Act 2003*. See <http://www.frl.gov.au>.

1B Revocation

The *Radiocommunications Licence Conditions (Fixed Receive Licence) Determination 1997* [F2005B01142] is revoked.

2 Scope

- (1) This Determination sets out a condition to which a fixed receive licence is subject.
- (2) However, if the condition in this Determination is inconsistent with a condition specified in the licence, the condition specified in the licence applies.

3 Interpretation

(1) In this Determination, unless the contrary intention appears:

analogue speech (angle modulated) equipment means a radiocommunications device to which the *Radiocommunications (Analogue Speech (Angle Modulated) Equipment) Standard 2014* applies.

licensee means:

- (a) the holder of a fixed receive licence; and
- (b) any person authorised by the holder of the licence to operate a station under the licence.

Note 1 In accordance with paragraph 13(1)(b) of the *Legislative Instruments Act 2003*, other expressions in this Determination have the same meaning as in the Act, including:

- frequency band
- import

Note 2 In accordance with section 64 of the *Australian Communications and Media Authority Act 2005*, other expressions in this Determination have the same meaning as in the *Radiocommunications (Interpretation) Determination 2015*, including:

- Act
- fixed receive licence

(2) In this Determination, unless otherwise specified, the range of numbers that identifies a frequency band includes the higher, but not the lower, number.

4 Condition

For paragraph 107(1)(f) of the Act, every fixed receive licence is subject to the condition in this Determination.

5 Technical performance of antenna

If a fixed receive station includes analogue speech (angle modulated) equipment that is operated:

- (a) on a transmitter frequency in the frequency band:
 - (i) 29.7 MHz to 30 MHz; or
 - (ii) 30 MHz to 520 MHz; and
- (b) on a frequency channel with a bandwidth of 12.5 kHz, 20 kHz or 25 kHz;

the equipment must comply with the requirements of any applicable standard made under section 162 of the Act as in force at the time when:

- (c) if the station was manufactured in Australia — the day it was manufactured;
- (d) if the station was manufactured overseas and imported — the day it was imported;
- (e) if the station was altered or modified in a material respect in Australia — the day it was altered or modified.