

Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority

Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code — Schedule 20 — Maximum residue limits Variation Instrument No. APVMA 10, 2016

I, Matthew O'Mullane, Executive Director, Scientific Assessment and Chemical Review and delegate of the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority, acting in accordance with my powers under subsection 11(1) of the *Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals (Administration) Act 1992*, make this instrument for the purposes of subsection 82(1) of the *Food Standards Australia New Zealand Act 1991*.

Matthew O'Mullane Delegate of the Chief Executive Officer of the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority

Dated this Tenth day of November 2016

Part 1 Preliminary

1 Name of instrument

This instrument is the *Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code* — *Schedule 20 – Maximum residue limits Variation Instrument No. APVMA 10, 2016.*

2 Commencement

In accordance with subsection 82(8) of the *Food Standards Australia New Zealand Act 1991*, this instrument commences on the day it is published in the *Gazette*.

Note:

A copy of the variations made by the Amendment Instrument was published in the Commonwealth of Australia Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals Gazette No. APVMA 23 of 15 November 2016.

3 Object

The object of this instrument is for the APVMA to make variations to Schedule 20 – Maximum residue limits in the *Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code* to include or change maximum residue limits pertaining to agricultural and veterinary chemical products.

4 Interpretation

In this instrument: —

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority established by section 6 of the *Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals (Administration) Act 1992*; and

Principal Instrument means Schedule 20 – Maximum residue limits in the *Australia New Zealand Food Standard Code* as defined in Section 4 of the *Food Standards Australia New Zealand Act 1991* being the Code published in *Gazette* No. P 27 on 27 August 1987 together with any amendments of the standards in that Code. Schedule 20 was published in the *Food Standards Gazette* FSC 96 on Thursday 10 April 2015 and was registered as a legislative instrument on 1 April 2015 (F2015L00468).

Part 2 Variations to Schedule 20— Maximum Residue Limits

5 Variations to Schedule 20

The Schedule to this instrument sets out the variations made to the Principal Instrument by this instrument.

Schedule

Variations to Schedule 20 - Maximum residue limits

[1] The table to section S20—3 in **Schedule 20** is varied by

[1.1] inserting in alphabetical order

Agvet chemical: Amisulbrom	
Permitted residue: Amisulbrom	
Brassica (cole or cabbage) vegetables, head cabbages, flowerhead brassicas	2
Dried grapes (currants, raisins and sultanas)	1
Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.01
Eggs	*0.01
Grapes	0.5
Meat (mammalian)	*0.01
Milks	*0.01
Poultry, edible offal of	*0.01
Poultry meat	*0.01

Agvet chemical: Mandestrobin	
Permitted residue: Mandestrobin	
Stone fruits	3

[1.2] omitting from each of the following chemicals, the foods and associated MRLs

Agvet chemical: Abamectin	
Permitted residue: Avermectin B1a	
Potato	T0.01

Agvet chemical: Buprofezin	
Permitted residue: Buprofezin	
Fruiting vegetables, other than cucurbits	T2

Agvet chemical: Chlorothalonil

Permitted residue—commodities of plant origin: Chlorothalonil

Permitted residue—commodities of animal origin: 4-hydroxy-2,5,6-trichloroisophthalonitrile metabolite, expressed as chlorothalonil

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[1.3] inserting for each of the following chemicals the foods and associated MRLs in alphabetical order

Agvet chemical: Abamectin	
Permitted residue: Avermectin B1a	
Dried grapes (currants, raisins and sultanas)	T0.03
Pineapple	T*0.002

Agvet chemical: Acibenzolar-S-methyl

Permitted residue: Acibenzolar-S-methyl and all metabolites containing the benzo[1,2,3]thiadiazole-7-carboxyl moiety hydrolysed to benzo[1,2,3]thiadiazole-7-carboxylic acid, expressed as acibenzolar-S-methyl

Cucumber	T0.5
Squash, summer (including zucchini)	T0.5

Agvet chemical: Boscalid

Permitted residue—commodities of plant origin: Boscalid

Permitted residue—commodities of animal origin: Sum of boscalid, 2-chloro-N-(4'-chloro-5-hydroxybiphenyl-2-yl) nicotinamide and the glucuronide conjugate of 2-chloro-N-(4'-chloro-5-hydroxybiphenyl-2-yl) nicotinamide, expressed as boscalid equivalents

Onion, bulb 0.5

Agvet chemical: Buprofezin	
Permitted residue—Buprofezin	
Fruiting vegetables, other than cucurbits [except tomato]	T2
Tomato	0.5

Agvet chemical: Chlorantraniliprole

Permitted residue—plant commodities and animal commodities other than milk: Chlorantraniliprole

Permitted residue—milk: Sum of chlorantraniliprole, 3-bromo-N-[4-chloro-2-(hydroxymethyl)-6-[(methylamino)carbonyl]phenyl]-1-(3-chloro-2-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-5-carboxamide, and 3-bromo-N-[4-chloro-2-(hydroxymethyl)-6-[[((hydroxymethyl)amino)carbonyl]phenyl]-1-(3-chloro-2-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-5-carboxamide, expressed as chlorantraniliprole

Linseed	T0.5
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Agvet chemical: Chlorothalonil

Permitted residue—commodities of plant origin: Chlorothalonil

Permitted residue—commodities of animal origin: 4-hydroxy-2,5,6-trichloroisophthalonitrile metabolite, expressed as chlorothalonil

Agvet chemical: Difenoconazole	
Permitted residue: Difenoconazole	
Brassica leafy vegetables	T5
Mizuna	T5

Agvet chemical: Etoxazole	
Permitted residue: Etoxazole	
Almonds	*0.01

Agvet chemical: Flubendiamide

Permitted residue—commodities of plant origin: Flubendiamide

Permitted residue—commodities of animal origin: Sum of flubendiamide and 3-iodo-N-(2-methyl-4-[1,2,2,2-tetrafluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethyl]phenyl) phthalimide, expressed as flubendiamide

0.3

Agvet chemical: Iprodione	
Permitted residue: Iprodione	
Parsley	T20
Podded pea (young pods) (snow and	T2
sugar snap)	

[1.4] omitting for each of the following chemicals, the maximum residue limit for the food and substituting

Agvet chemical: Dithiocarbamates

Permitted residue—Total dithiocarbamates, determined as carbon disulphide evolved during acid digestion and expressed as milligrams of carbon disulphide per kilogram of food

Citrus fruits	T7
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Agvet chemical: Saflufenacil

Permitted residue—commodities of plant origin: Sum of saflufenacil, N'-{2-chloro-4-fluoro-5-[1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-2,6-dioxo-4- (trifluoromethyl)pyrimidin-1-yl]benzoyl-N-isopropyl sulfamide and N-[4-chloro-2-fluoro-5- ({[(isopropylamino)sulfonyl]amino} carbonyl)phenyl]urea, expressed as saflufenacil equivalents

Permitted residue—commodities of animal origin: Saflufenacil

Edible offal (mammalian)	7
Pulses	0.2