EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

Migration Regulations 1994

MIGRATION (IMMI 18/118: ARRANGEMENTS FOR VISITOR (CLASS FA) VISA APPLICATIONS) INSTRUMENT 2018

(Subregulation 2.07(5) and item 1236 of Schedule 1)

- 1. Instrument IMMI 18/118 is made under subregulation 2.07(5) of the *Migration Regulations 1994* (the Regulations).
- 2. The instrument revokes IMMI 17/124 (F2017L01454) in accordance with subsection 33(3) of the *Acts Interpretation Act 1901*, which states that where an Act confers a power to make, grant or issue any instrument of a legislative or administrative character, the power shall be construed as including a power exercisable in the like manner and subject to the like conditions (if any) to repeal, rescind, revoke, amend, or vary any such instrument.
- 3. The instrument operates for the Minister to:
 - a. specify the approved forms, place and manner for making a valid visa application for a Visitor (Class FA) visa; and
 - b. specify the travel agents that organised a tour an applicant must be a member of when intending to travel to Australia in the Approved Destination Status stream for a Subclass 600 (Visitor) visa.
- 4. The instrument is substantively the same as the repealed instrument (IMMI 17/124), except that it now specifies that all non-internet based applications made by applicants for a Subclass 600 (Visitor) visa in the Sponsored Family stream must be sent by post or courier to a specified address in Sydney, regardless of the location of the applicant's sponsor. In the previous instrument, applications made by post or courier had to be sent to a specified address in either Sydney or Brisbane, depending on the state in which the applicant's sponsor was located.

- 5. Additionally, the instrument specifies that all non-internet based applications made by applicants in Australia for a Subclass 600 (Visitor) visa in the Tourist stream must be made by post or courier to a specified address in Sydney, instead of Adelaide.
- 6. In accordance with paragraph 15J(2)(e) of the *Legislation Act 2003*, consultation was not necessary. The instrument is of a minor or machinery nature and does not substantially alter existing arrangements.
- 7. The Office of Best Practice Regulation (OBPR) has advised that a Regulatory Impact Statement is not required (OBPR Reference 23580).
- 8. The Senior Executive Service, Band 1 officer in Immigration and Visa Services Division who made the instrument was delegated the powers required to make the instrument in the Minister Delegations Instrument No. 5 of 2018 (Instrument Making Powers) (MHA No. 5 of 2018), signed on 10 April 2018.
- 9. Under section 10 of the *Legislation (Exemptions and Other Matters) Regulation 2015*, the instrument is exempt from disallowance and therefore a Statement of Compatibility with Human Rights is not required.
- 10. The instrument applies to new applications made on or after 1 July 2018.