



**Australian Government**

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**Australian Pesticides and  
Veterinary Medicines Authority**

***Australia New Zealand  
Food Standards Code —  
Schedule 20 — Maximum residue limits  
Variation Instrument No. APVMA 4, 2021***

I, Sheila Logan, delegate of the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority, acting in accordance with my powers under subsection 11(1) of the *Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals (Administration) Act 1992*, make this instrument for the purposes of subsection 82(1) of the *Food Standards Australia New Zealand Act 1991*.

Sheila Logan  
Delegate of the Chief Executive Officer of the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary  
Medicines Authority

Dated this Seventh day of July 2021

## Part 1 Preliminary

### 1 Name of instrument

This instrument is the *Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code — Schedule 20 – Maximum residue limits Variation Instrument No. APVMA 4, 2021* (Amendment Instrument).

### 2 Commencement

In accordance with subsection 82(8) of the *Food Standards Australia New Zealand Act 1991*, this instrument commences on the day it is published in the *Gazette*.

Note: A copy of the variations made by the Amendment Instrument was published in the Commonwealth of Australia Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals Gazette.

### 3 Object

The object of this instrument is for the APVMA to make variations to Schedule 20 – Maximum residue limits in the *Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code* to include or change maximum residue limits pertaining to agricultural and veterinary chemical products.

### 4 Interpretation

In this instrument: —

**APVMA** means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority established by section 6 of the *Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals (Administration) Act 1992*; and

**Principal Instrument** means Schedule 20 – Maximum residue limits in the *Australia New Zealand Food Standard Code* as defined in Section 4 of the *Food Standards Australia New Zealand Act 1991* being the Code published in *Gazette* No. P 27 on 27 August 1987 together with any amendments of the standards in that Code. Schedule 20 was published in the *Food Standards Gazette* FSC 96 on Thursday 10 April 2015 and was registered as a legislative instrument on 1 April 2015 (F2015L00468).

## Part 2 Variations to Schedule 20— Maximum Residue Limits

### 5 Variations to Schedule 20

The Schedule to this instrument sets out the variations made to the Principal Instrument by this instrument.

# Schedule

## Variations to Schedule 20 – Maximum residue limits

[1] The table to section S20—3 in **Schedule 20** is varied by

[1.1] omitting from each of the following chemicals, the foods and associated MRLs

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**Agvet chemical: Cypermethrin**

*Permitted residue: Cypermethrin, sum of isomers*

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Parsley	T5
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**Agvet chemical: Dimethomorph**

*Permitted residue: Sum of E and Z isomers of dimethomorph*

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Leek	0.5
Onion, Welsh	2

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**Agvet chemical: Fipronil**

*Permitted residue: Sum of fipronil, the sulphenyl metabolite (5-amino-1-[2,6-dichloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-4-[(trifluoromethyl)sulphenyl]-1H-pyrazole-3-carbonitrile), the sulphonyl metabolite (5-amino-1-[2,6-dichloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-4-[(trifluoromethyl)sulphonyl]-1H-pyrazole-3-carbonitrile), and the trifluoromethyl metabolite (5-amino-4-trifluoromethyl-1-[2,6-dichloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazole-3-carbonitrile)*

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Cotton seed	*0.01
Poppy seed	*0.01
Rape seed (canola)	*0.01
Sunflower seed	*0.01

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**Agvet chemical: Fludioxonil**

*Permitted residue—commodities of animal origin: Sum of fludioxonil and oxidisable metabolites, expressed as fludioxonil*

*Permitted residue—commodities of plant origin: Fludioxonil*

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Chives	3
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**Agvet chemical: Propiconazole**

*Permitted residue: Propiconazole*

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Pulses	T0.3
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**Agvet chemical: Sulfoxaflor**

Permitted residue: Sulfoxaflor

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Blackberries	T0.7
Blueberries	T0.7
Raspberries, red, black	T0.7

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[1.2] inserting for each of the following chemicals the foods and associated MRLs in alphabetical order

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**Agvet chemical: Afidopyropen**

Permitted residue—commodities of plant origin:  
Afidopyropen

Permitted residue—commodities of animal origin:  
Afidopyropen and the carnitine conjugate of  
cyclopropanecarboxylic acid (M4401060), expressed  
as afidopyropen

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Cane berries (= Blackberries; Dewberries (including Boysenberry; Loganberry and Youngberry))	T0.3
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**Agvet chemical: Ametoctradin**

Permitted residue—commodities of plant  
origin: Ametoctradin

Permitted residue—commodities of animal  
origin: Sum of ametoctradin and 6-(7-amino-5-ethyl  
[1,2,4] triazolo [1,5-a]pyrimidin-6-yl) hexanoic acid

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Beetroot	0.3
Bulb onions [except garlic; onion, bulb; shallot]	0.7
Green onions [except leek; spring onion]	3
Poppy seed	0.7

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**Agvet chemical: Chlorantraniliprole**

Permitted residue—plant commodities and animal  
commodities other than milk: Chlorantraniliprole

Permitted residue—milk: Sum of chlorantraniliprole,  
3-bromo-N-[4-chloro-2-(hydroxymethyl)-6-  
[(methylamino)carbonyl]phenyl]-1-(3-chloro-2-  
pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-5-carboxamide, and 3-bromo-  
N-[4-chloro-2-(hydroxymethyl)-6-  
[[[(hydroxymethyl)amino]carbonyl]phenyl]-1-(3-  
chloro-2-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-5-carboxamide,  
expressed as chlorantraniliprole

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Ginger, root	T0.1
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**Agvet chemical: Cyantraniliprole**

Permitted residue: Cyantraniliprole

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Common beans (pods and/or immature seeds)	T1
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<b>Agvet chemical: Cypermethrin</b>	
<i>Permitted residue: Cypermethrin, sum of isomers</i>	
Coriander (leaves, roots, stems)	T5
Herbs	T5

<b>Agvet chemical: Cyprodinil</b>	
<i>Permitted residue: Cyprodinil</i>	
Basil	T5
Chives	T3
Herbs [except basil; chives]	T50
Dried herbs	T200

<b>Agvet chemical: Dimethomorph</b>	
<i>Permitted residue: Sum of E and Z isomers of dimethomorph</i>	
Bulb onions [except garlic; onion, bulb; shallot]	0.5
Green onions [except spring onion]	2

<b>Agvet chemical: Fipronil</b>	
<i>Permitted residue: Sum of fipronil, the sulphenyl metabolite (5-amino-1-[2,6-dichloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-4-[(trifluoromethyl)sulphenyl]-1H-pyrazole-3-carbonitrile), the sulphonyl metabolite (5-amino-1-[2,6-dichloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-4-[(trifluoromethyl)sulphonyl]-1H-pyrazole-3-carbonitrile), and the trifluoromethyl metabolite (5-amino-4-trifluoromethyl-1-[2,6-dichloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazole-3-carbonitrile)</i>	
Oilseed	*0.01

<b>Agvet chemical: Fludioxonil</b>	
<i>Permitted residue—commodities of animal origin: Sum of fludioxonil and oxidisable metabolites, expressed as fludioxonil</i>	
<i>Permitted residue—commodities of plant origin: Fludioxonil</i>	
Herbs	T20
Dried herbs	T70

<b>Agvet chemical: Flumioxazin</b>	
<i>Permitted residue: Flumioxazin</i>	
Mints	T*0.02
Hops, dry	T*0.05

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**Agvet chemical: Haloxyfop**

*Permitted residue: Sum of haloxyfop, its esters and conjugates, expressed as haloxyfop*

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Poppy seed	T0.1
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**Agvet chemical: Metalaxyl**

*Permitted residue: Metalaxyl*

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Chestnuts	T0.05
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**Agvet chemical: Omethoate**

*Permitted residue: Sum of dimethoate and omethoate, expressed as dimethoate*

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Olives for oil production	T2
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**Agvet chemical: Propiconazole**

*Permitted residue: Propiconazole*

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Soya bean (dry)	T0.2
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**Agvet chemical: Sulfoxaflor**

*Permitted residue: Sulfoxaflor*

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Cane berries (= Blackberries; Dewberries (including Boysenberry; Loganberry and Youngberry); Raspberries, red, black)	T1
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[1.3] omitting for each of the following chemicals, the maximum residue limit for the food and substituting

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**Agvet chemical: Ametoctradin**

*Permitted residue—commodities of plant origin: Ametoctradin*

*Permitted residue—commodities of animal origin: Sum of ametoctradin and 6-(7-amino-5-ethyl [1,2,4] triazolo [1,5-a]pyrimidin-6-yl) hexanoic acid*

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Cucumber	2
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**Agvet chemical: Chlorantraniliprole**

*Permitted residue—plant commodities and animal commodities other than milk: Chlorantraniliprole*

*Permitted residue—milk: Sum of chlorantraniliprole, 3-bromo-N-[4-chloro-2-(hydroxymethyl)-6-[(methylamino)carbonyl]phenyl]-1-(3-chloro-2-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-5-carboxamide, and 3-bromo-N-[4-chloro-2-(hydroxymethyl)-6-[[[(hydroxymethyl)amino]carbonyl]phenyl]-1-(3-chloro-2-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-5-carboxamide, expressed as chlorantraniliprole*

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Rice	T0.3
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**Agvet chemical: Dimethoate**

Permitted residue: Sum of dimethoate and omethoate, expressed as dimethoate

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Olive oil, refined	T0.3
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**Agvet chemical: Dimethomorph**

Permitted residue: Sum of E and Z isomers of dimethomorph

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Beetroot	0.3
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**Agvet chemical: Fipronil**

Permitted residue: Sum of fipronil, the sulphenyl metabolite (5-amino-1-[2,6-dichloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-4-[(trifluoromethyl)sulphenyl]-1H-pyrazole-3-carbonitrile), the sulphonyl metabolite (5-amino-1-[2,6-dichloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-4-[(trifluoromethyl)sulphonyl]-1H-pyrazole-3-carbonitrile), and the trifluoromethyl metabolite (5-amino-4-trifluoromethyl-1-[2,6-dichloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazole-3-carbonitrile)

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Carrot	T*0.01
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**Agvet chemical: Fluopyram**

Permitted residue—commodities of plant origin: Fluopyram

Permitted residue—commodities of animal origin: Sum of fluopyram and 2-(trifluoromethyl)-benzamide, expressed as fluopyram

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Dried grapes (= currants, raisins and sultanas)	3
Edible offal (mammalian)	0.7
Milks	0.1

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**Agvet chemical: Metrafenone**

Permitted residue: Metrafenone

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Mushroom	T0.5
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**Agvet chemical: Omethoate**

Permitted residue: Sum of dimethoate and omethoate, expressed as dimethoate

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Olive oil, refined	T0.2
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