

***Australia New Zealand
Food Standards Code* —
Schedule 20 — Maximum residue limits Variation Instrument No. APVMA 2, 2022**

I, Sheila Logan, delegate of the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority, acting in accordance with my powers under subsection 11(1) of the *Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals (Administration) Act 1992*, make this instrument for the purposes of subsection 82(1) of the *Food Standards Australia New Zealand Act 1991*.

Sheila Logan

Delegate of the Chief Executive Officer of the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority

Dated this eleventh day of May 2022

Part 1 Preliminary

1 Name of instrument

 This instrument is the *Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code — Schedule 20 − Maximum residue limits Variation Instrument No. APVMA 2, 2022* (Amendment Instrument*)*.

2 Commencement

 In accordance with subsection 82(8) of the *Food Standards Australia New
Zealand Act 1991*, this instrument commences on the day it is published in the *Gazette.*

Note: A copy of the variations made by the Amendment Instrument was published in the Commonwealth of Australia Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals Gazette.

3 Object

 The object of this instrument is for the APVMA to make variations to Schedule 20 − Maximum residue limits in the *Australia New Zealand Food Standards* *Code* to include or change maximum residue limits
pertaining to agricultural and veterinary chemical products.

4 Interpretation

 In this instrument: —

 APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines
Authority established by section 6 of the *Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals (Administration) Act 1992*; and

 Principal Instrument means Schedule 20 − Maximum residue limits
in the *Australia New Zealand Food Standard Code* as defined in Section 4 of the *Food Standards Australia New Zealand Act 1991* being the Code published in *Gazette* No. P 27 on 27 August 1987 together with any amendments of the standards in that Code. Schedule 20 was published in the *Food Standards Gazette* FSC 96 on Thursday 10 April 2015 and was registered as a legislative instrument on 1 April 2015 (F2015L00468).

Part 2 Variations to Schedule 20—
Maximum Residue Limits

5 Variations to Schedule 20

 The Schedule to this instrument sets out the variations made to the Principal Instrument by this instrument.

 **Schedule**

**Variations to Schedule 20 – Maximum residue limits**

**[1]** The table to section S20–3 in Schedule 20 is varied by

[1.1] omitting from each of the following chemicals, the foods and associated MRLs

| ***Agvet chemical:  Difenoconazole*** |
| --- |
| *Permitted residue:  Difenoconazole* |
| Beetroot | 0.5 |
| Carrot | 0.2 |
| Cereal grains | \*0.01 |
| Tomato | 0.5 |

| ***Agvet chemical:  Pydiflumetofen*** |
| --- |
| *Permitted residue:  Pydiflumetofen* |
| Root and tuber vegetables | T0.05 |

[1.2] inserting for each of the following chemicals the foods and associated MRLs in alphabetical order

| ***Agvet chemical:  Acequinocyl*** |
| --- |
| *Permitted residue:  Sum of acequinocyl and its metabolite 2-dodecyl-3-hydroxy-1,4-naphthoquinone, expressed as acequinocyl* |
| All other foods except animal food commodities | 0.02 |
| Tomato | T0.3 |

| ***Agvet chemical:  Acetamiprid*** |
| --- |
| *Permitted residue—commodities of plant origin:  Acetamiprid**Permitted residue—commodities of animal origin:  Sum of acetamiprid and N-demethyl acetamiprid ((E)-N1-[(6-chloro-3-pyridyl)methyl]-N2-cyanoacetamidine), expressed as acetamiprid* |
| Cane berries [except raspberries, red, black]  | 1 |

| ***Agvet chemical:  Difenoconazole*** |
| --- |
| *Permitted residue:  Difenoconazole* |
| Cereal grains [except rice] | \*0.01 |
| Fruiting vegetables, cucurbits | 0.3 |
| Fruiting vegetables, other than cucurbits | 1 |
| Peanut | \*0.01 |
| Rice | T7 |
| Root and tuber vegetables [except celeriac; potato] | 0.5 |

| ***Agvet chemical:  Mesotrione*** |
| --- |
| *Permitted residue:  Mesotrione* |
| Poppy seed | T\*0.01 |

| ***Agvet chemical:  Methoxyfenozide*** |
| --- |
| *Permitted residue:  Methoxyfenozide* |
| Mango | T0.5 |

| ***Agvet chemical:  Pydiflumetofen*** |
| --- |
| *Permitted residue:  Pydiflumetofen* |
| Potato | T0.05 |
| Root and tuber vegetables [except potato] | 0.3 |

| ***Agvet chemical:  Pyriproxyfen*** |
| --- |
| *Permitted residue:  Pyriproxyfen* |
| Cane berries | 1 |

| ***Agvet chemical:  Sulfoxaflor*** |
| --- |
| *Permitted residue:  Sulfoxaflor* |
| Blueberries | T2 |

| ***Agvet chemical:  Tulathromycin*** |
| --- |
| *Permitted residue:  Sum of tulathromycin and its metabolites that are converted by acid hydrolysis to (2R,3S,4R,5R,8R,10R,11R,12S,13S,14R)-2-ethyl-3,4,10,13-tetrahydroxy-3,5,8,10,12,14-hexamethyl-11-[[3,4,6-trideoxy-3-(dimethylamino)-ß-D-xylohexopyranosyl]oxy]-1-oxa-6-azacyclopentadecan-15-one, expressed as tulathromycin equivalents* |
| Sheep fat | \*0.05 |
| Sheep kidney | 0.3 |
| Sheep liver | 1 |
| Sheep muscle | 0.15 |

[1.3] omitting for each of the following chemicals, the maximum residue limit for the food and substituting

| ***Agvet chemical:  Difenoconazole*** |
| --- |
| *Permitted residue:  Difenoconazole* |
| Celery | 10 |

| ***Agvet chemical:  Pydiflumetofen*** |
| --- |
| *Permitted residue:  Pydiflumetofen* |
| Peanut | 0.03 |