

LIN 22/072

Aviation Transport Security (Screening Officer Requirements) Determination 2022

I, Michael Minns, delegate of the Secretary of the Department of Home Affairs, make this instrument under section 94A of the *Aviation Transport Security Act 2004* (the *Act*).

Dated 24 June 2022

M J Minns
Michael Minns
Assistant Secretary Capability
Partnerships, Policy and Capability
Cyber and Infrastructure Security Centre
Department of Home Affairs

1 Name

This instrument is the Aviation Transport Security (Screening Officer Requirements) Determination 2022.

2 Commencement

This instrument commences on 1 July 2022.

3 Revocation

Aviation Transport Security (Screening Officer Requirements) Determination 2021 (LIN 21/050) is revoked.

4 Definitions

- Note 1 Some terms used in this notice are defined in the Act, including baggage, checked baggage, screening authority, screening officer.
- Note 2 Some terms used in this notice are defined in the Aviation Transport Security Regulations 2005 (the **Regulations**), including **ASIC** and **properly displaying**.

In this instrument:

Act means the Aviation Transport Security Act 2004.

independent screening decision means a decision whether to allow a person, personal effects, carry-on baggage, checked baggage, goods or a vehicle to pass through a screening point, without prompting or guidance from a supervising screening officer.

5 Application

This instrument determines requirements under section 94A of the Act for specified screening officers.

6 Qualifications

- (1) A screening officer must hold either of the following qualifications:
 - (a) Certificate II in Transport Security Protection;
 - (b) a qualification that the Secretary is satisfied will enable the holder to carry out the duties of a screening officer under the Act.
- (2) Subsection (3) applies to a person who was engaged or employed as a screening officer before 16 January 2022 by:
 - (a) a screening authority under the Act or the Regulations; or
 - (b) a port facility operator or regulated Australian ship under the *Maritime Transport and Offshore Facilities Security Act 2003* or an instrument made under that act.
- (3) The person must hold any of the following qualifications:
 - (a) Certificate II in Security Operations;
 - (b) a qualification that the Secretary is satisfied is equivalent to a Certificate II in Security Operations;
 - (c) Certificate II in Transport Security Protection.
- (4) A person mentioned in subsection (2) must not:
 - (a) have ceased to be engaged or employed as a screening officer by a screening authority, port facility operator or regulated Australian ship for a continuous period of more than 24 months at any time from 16 June 2020; or

(b) cease to be engaged or employed as a screening officer by a screening authority, port facility operator or regulated Australian ship for a continuous period of more than 24 months at any time from 1 July 2022.

Note The Secretary may exempt a class of screening officers from any of these requirements—see Act, section 94B.

7 Training

- (1) The training requirement for a person who is a screening officer is that, until the person's supervisor is satisfied the person is competent as a screening officer and while on duty as a screening officer, the person:
 - (a) is supervised by a screening officer capable of making an independent screening decision; and
 - (b) does not make an independent screening decision.
- (2) The person may make an independent screening decision only if:
 - (a) the person's supervisor is satisfied that the person is competent as a screening officer; or
 - (b) the person undertakes additional on-the-job supervised training until the person's supervisor is satisfied the person is competent as a screening officer.
- (3) Before being assessed as competent under this Determination, a person who is a screening officer must complete at least 40 hours of on-the-job training specific to the person's role if the person:
 - (a) was first engaged or employed as a screening officer on or after 1 July 2022 by a screening authority under the Act or the Regulations, unless the person was previously engaged or employed prior to 1 July 2022 as a screening officer by a port facility operator or regulated Australian ship under the *Maritime Transport and Offshore Facilities Security Act 2003* or an instrument made under that act; or
 - (b) ceased to be engaged or employed as a screening officer for a continuous period of more than 24 months at any time from 1 July 2022 by:
 - (i) a screening authority under the Act or the Regulations; or
 - (ii) a port facility operator or regulated Australian ship under the *Maritime Transport* and *Offshore Facilities Security Act 2003* or an instrument made under that act.
- (4) For subsections (2) and (3), on-the-job training may include the following:
 - (a) supervised practice at a screening point, preferably live;
 - (b) training on X-ray image interpretation;
 - (c) training on specific screening equipment used in the workplace;
 - (d) training on weapons and prohibited items;
 - (e) training on maintaining the integrity of sterile areas;
 - (f) training on methods and techniques for screening;
 - (g) training designed to ensure familiarity with legislation relevant to screening.

Note The Secretary may exempt a class of screening officers from one or more of these requirements—see Act, section 94B.

8 Continuing professional development

A screening officer must complete at least 12 hours of continuing professional development training specific to the screening officer's role each calendar year. This may include receiving training on the following:

(a) X-ray image interpretation software;

- (b) upgrades to existing equipment;
- (c) new and emerging threats, or a briefing on these;
- (d) detection and concealment techniques.

Note The Secretary may exempt a class of screening officers from one or more of these requirements—see Act, section 94B.

9 Aviation security identification cards

A screening officer must:

- (a) hold an ASIC; and
- (b) properly display an ASIC at all times while on duty, or as otherwise required by the Regulations.

10 Uniforms

A screening officer must wear a distinctive and recognisable uniform.

11 Record keeping

- (1) A screening authority must make an electronic record of the following for each screening officer engaged or employed by the screening authority:
 - (a) the date the screening officer is engaged or employed;
 - (b) the date the person is assessed as competent as a screening officer and the name of the supervisor who assessed the screening officer as competent;
 - (c) the qualifications held by the screening officer for section 6;
 - (d) the training undertaken by the screening officer for section 7;
 - (e) any activity undertaken by the screening officer for section 8;
 - (f) the screening officer's unique individual ASIC number, the name of the issuing body that issued the ASIC and when the ASIC ceases to be in effect.
- (2) For a person to whom subsection 6(2) or 7(3) applies, the screening authority must make an electronic record of any evidence relied on to determine that that paragraph applies.
- *Note* This evidence can include records of qualifications held or any other information demonstrating that a person was employed or engaged by a port facility operator, regulated Australian ship, or other screening authority.
- (3) A screening authority must keep records made under subsection (1) or (2) for 2 years after the cessation of the screening officer's employment or engagement (even if the screening authority ceases to be a screening authority during that time).