

Charter of the United Nations (Listed Persons and Entities) Amendment (No. 2) Instrument 2022

I, Penny Wong, Minister for Foreign Affairs, make the following instrument.

Dated 9 September 2022

Penny Wong

Minister for Foreign Affairs

Contents

1 Name 1

2 Commencement 1

3 Authority 1

4 Schedules 1

Schedule 1—Amendments 2

Charter of the United Nations (Listed Persons and Entities) Instrument 2022 2

1 Name

This instrument is the *Charter of the United Nations (Listed Persons and Entities) Amendment (No. 2) Instrument 2022*.

2 Commencement

(1) Each provision of this instrument specified in column 1 of the table commences, or is taken to have commenced, in accordance with column 2 of the table. Any other statement in column 2 has effect according to its terms.

| Commencement information | | |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Column 1 | Column 2 | Column 3 |
| Provisions | Commencement | Date/Details |
| 1. The whole of this instrument | 16 September 2022. | 16 September 2022 |

Note: This table relates only to the provisions of this instrument as originally made. It will not be amended to deal with any later amendments of this instrument.

(2) Any information in column 3 of the table is not part of this instrument. Information may be inserted in this column, or information in it may be edited, in any published version of this instrument.

3 Authority

This instrument is made under section 15 of the *Charter of the United Nations Act 1945*.

4 Schedules

Each instrument that is specified in a Schedule to this instrument is amended or repealed as set out in the applicable items in the Schedule concerned, and any other item in a Schedule to this instrument has effect according to its terms.

Schedule 1—Amendments

Charter of the United Nations (Listed Persons and Entities) Instrument 2022

1 In the appropriate position in clause 1 of Schedule 1 (table)

Insert:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 16 | Name of listed entity | Babbar Khalsa |
|  | Also known as | Babba Khalsa;  Babba Khalsa International |
|  | Address | India; Pakistan |
|  | Instrument of first listing | *Charter of the United Nations (Anti‑terrorism — Persons and Entities) List 2002 (No 3)* [F2021L00636, Gazette No. GN 23, 12 June 2002] |
|  | Additional information | Tracing its origin back to 1920, Babbar Khalsa is one of the oldest and most organised Sikh terrorist‑secessionist groups. Babbar Khalsa in its present form, however, appears to have been established in 1980. |
| 17 | Name of listed entity | Continuity IRA |
|  | Also known as | CIRA |
|  | Address | Northern Ireland |
|  | Instrument of first listing | *Charter of the United Nations (Anti‑terrorism — Persons and Entities) List 2002 (No 1)* [F2021L00645, Gazette No. GN 11, 20 March 2002] |
|  | Additional information | The Continuity IRA is an extreme militant Irish republican group that emerged from a split in the Provisional Irish Republican Army (PIRA) and became active in opposition to PIRA’s ceasefire declaration in 1994. |
| 18 | Name of listed entity | International Sikh Youth Federation |
|  | Also known as | ISYF |
|  | Address | Pakistan; United Kingdom; India |
|  | Instrument of first listing | *Charter of the United Nations (Anti‑terrorism — Persons and Entities) List 2002 (No 3)* [F2021L00636, Gazette No. GN 23, 12 June 2002] |
|  | Additional information | The International Sikh Youth Federation (ISYF) is a Sikh secessionist group founded in the United Kingdom in 1984 as the international arm of the All Indian Sikh Students’ Federation. Chapters of ISYF were later opened throughout the UK, Germany, Canada and the United States. |
| 19 | Name of listed entity | Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam |
|  | Also known as | LTTE;  Tamil Tigers;  Ellalan Force |
|  | Address | Sri Lanka |
|  | Instrument of first listing | *Charter of the United Nations (Anti‑terrorism — Persons and Entities) List 2001 (No. 2)* [F2021L00643, Gazette No. S 500, 21 December 2001] |
|  | Additional information | The Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam (LTTE) is a Tamil separatist militant group that was formed in 1976 by Vellupillai Prabhakaran. The LTTE’s primary stated objective is to establish an independent Tamil homeland in northern and eastern Sri Lanka. |
| 20 | Name of listed entity | Loyalist Volunteer Force |
|  | Also known as | LVF |
|  | Address | Northern Ireland |
|  | Instrument of first listing | *Charter of the United Nations (Anti‑terrorism — Persons and Entities) List 2002 (No 1)* [F2021L00645, Gazette No. GN 11, 20 March 2002] |
|  | Additional information | The Loyalist Volunteer Force was formed in 1996 from disaffected members of the mid‑Ulster brigade of the Ulster Volunteer Force. |
| 21 | Name of listed entity | New People’s Army/Communist Party of the Philippines |
|  | Also known as | Communist Party of the Philippines;  CPP;  CPP/NPA;  New People’s Army;  NPA;  NPA/CPP;  NPP/CPP |
|  | Address | Philippines |
|  | Instrument of first listing | *Charter of the United Nations (Anti‑terrorism — Persons and Entities) List 2002 (No. 4)* [F2021L00644, Gazette No. S 399, 28 October 2002] |
|  | Additional information | Formed in March 1969, the New People’s Army is the armed wing of the Communist Party of the Philippines (CPP). The CPP seeks to create a Communist State within the Philippines through engaging in a “protracted people’s war” and “guerrilla warfare”. |
| 22 | Name of listed entity | Orange Volunteers |
|  | Also known as | OV;  Orange Volunteer Force;  OVF |
|  | Address | Northern Ireland |
|  | Instrument of first listing | *Charter of the United Nations (Anti‑terrorism — Persons and Entities) List 2002 (No 1)* [F2021L00645, Gazette No. GN 11, 20 March 2002] |
|  | Additional information | The original “Orange Volunteers” was a loyalist paramilitary group formed in the early 1970s. In 1998, the Orange Volunteers name was resurrected, with the group carrying out a number of attacks to destabilise the Northern Ireland peace process. |
| 23 | Name of listed entity | Real IRA |
|  | Also known as | 32 County Sovereignty Committee;  Irish Republican Army;  The New IRA;  Real Irish Republican Army;  Real Óglaigh na hÉireann;  RIRA;  Republican Action Against Drugs;  RAAD;  IRA |
|  | Address | Northern Ireland |
|  | Instrument of first listing | *Charter of the United Nations (Anti‑terrorism — Persons and Entities) List 2001 (No. 2)* [F2021L00643, Gazette No. S 500, 21 December 2001] |
|  | Additional information | The Real IRA is an Irish republican paramilitary organisation based in Northern Ireland. Founded in 1997, it was originally composed of former members of the Provisional IRA (PIRA) who opposed the PIRA’s engagement in the peace process that led to the Good Friday peace agreement in 1998. |
| 24 | Name of listed entity | Red Hand Defenders |
|  | Also known as | RHD |
|  | Address | Northern Ireland |
|  | Instrument of first listing | *Charter of the United Nations (Anti‑terrorism — Persons and Entities) List 2002 (No 1)* [F2021L00645, Gazette No. GN 11, 20 March 2002] |
|  | Additional information | The Red Hand Defenders (RHD) is a loyalist paramilitary entity that formed in 1998. The RHD opposes the peace process and peace agreements, including the Good Friday Agreement. |
| 25 | Name of listed entity | Ulster Defence Association |
|  | Also known as | Ulster Freedom Fighters;  UDA;  UFF |
|  | Address | Northern Ireland |
|  | Instrument of first listing | *Charter of the United Nations (Anti‑terrorism — Persons and Entities) List 2002 (No 1)* [F2021L00645, Gazette No. GN 11, 20 March 2002] |
|  | Additional information | The Ulster Defence Association is the largest loyalist paramilitary group in Northern Ireland history. It was formed in September 1971 from a number of loyalist vigilante groups. |
| 26 | Name of listed entity | Hamas |
|  | Also known as | Islamic Resistance Movement;  Harakat al‑Muqawama al‑Islamiya;  Izz al‑Din al Qassam Battalions;  Izz al‑Din al Qassam Brigades;  Izz al‑Din al Qassam Forces;  Students of Ayyash;  Student of the Engineer;  Yahya Ayyash Units;  Izz al‑Din al Qassim Brigades;  Izz al‑Din al‑Qassim Forces;  Izz al‑Din al Qassim Battalions |
|  | Address | Palestinian Territories |
|  | Instrument of first listing | *Charter of the United Nations (Anti‑terrorism — Persons and Entities) List 2001 (No. 2)* [F2021L00643, Gazette No. S 500, 21 December 2001] |
|  | Additional information | Hamas is the dominant violent extremist organisation in the Palestinian Territories. |
| 27 | Name of listed entity | Kurdistan Workers’ Party |
|  | Also known as | Freedom and Democratic Congress of Kurdistan;  Halu Mesru Savunma Kuvveti;  Hezan Parastina Gel;  HPG;  KADEK;  Kongra Azadi u Demokrasiya Kurdistan;  Kongra Gel;  Kongra Gele Kurdistan;  Kurdistan Freedom and Democracy Congress;  Kurdistan Freedom Brigade;  Kurdish Freedom Falcons;  Kurdistan Freedom Hawks;  Kurdistan Halk Kongresi;  Kurdistan Labor Party;  Kurdish Liberation Hawks;  Kurdistan Ozgurluk Sahinleri;  Kurdistan People’s Congress;  New PKK;  Partiya Karkeren Kurdistan;  People’s Congress of Kurdistan;  People’s Defence Force;  PKK;  TAK;  Teyrbazên Azadiya Kurdistan |
|  | Address | Türkiye |
|  | Instrument of first listing | *Charter of the United Nations (Anti‑terrorism — Persons and Entities) List 2001 (No. 2)* [F2021L00643, Gazette No. S 500, 21 December 2001] |
|  | Additional information | The Kurdistan Workers’ Party was formed in 1978 and initially sought the creation of an independent Kurdish state in south‑eastern Türkiye, Syria and Iraq. It now calls for greater Kurdish autonomy. |
| 28 | Name of listed entity | Palestinian Islamic Jihad |
|  | Also known as | PIJ;  al‑Quds Brigades;  Harakat al‑Jihad al‑Islami fi Filistin;  Islamic Jihad;  Islamic Jihad Palestine;  Islamic Jihad—Palestine Faction and Islamic Holy War;  The Jerusalem Brigades;  Saraya al‑Quds |
|  | Address | Palestinian Territories |
|  | Instrument of first listing | *Charter of the United Nations (Anti‑terrorism — Persons and Entities) List 2001 (No. 2)* [F2021L00643, Gazette No. S 500, 21 December 2001] |
|  | Additional information | Palestinian Islamic Jihad is an extremist organisation that fuses Sunni Islamic and Palestinian national objectives. It is committed to the destruction of Israel and the creation of an Islamic state that includes the Palestinian Territories and Israel. |

2 In the appropriate position in clause 1 of Schedule 2 (table)

Insert:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 9 | Name of listed person | Jose Maria SISON |
|  | Also known as | Joma;  Armando LIWANAG |
|  | Address | Netherlands |
|  | Date of birth | a) 8 February 1938; b) 8 February 1939 |
|  | Place of birth | Ilocos Sur, Northern Luzon, Philippines |
|  | Citizenship | Philippines |
|  | Instrument of first listing | *Charter of the United Nations (Anti‑terrorism — Persons and Entities) List 2002 (No. 4)* [F2021L00644, Gazette No. S 399, 28 October 2002] |
|  | Additional information | Mr Sison founded the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Philippines in 1969 and also served as its Chairman. Mr Sison also founded the Party’s military wing, the New People’s Army, in 1969. The New People’s Army/Communist Party of the Philippines is also a listed entity under Australian sanctions law. |