**EXPLANATORY STATEMENT**

*Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999*

*Gabo Island Lighthouse Heritage Management Plan 2023*

**Authority**

Section 341S of the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* (**EPBC Act**) requires that the Commonwealth Agency that owns or controls a Commonwealth Heritage place must make a written management plan to provide for the protection and management of the values of the Commonwealth Heritage place.

The Gabo Island Lighthouse and adjacent land is currently owned by the State of Victoria. However, the Australian Maritime Safety Authority (**AMSA**) controls the site within the meaning of “control” at section 528 of the EPBC Act on the basis that AMSA holds a lease for the site from Parks Victoria, and operates the lighthouse in exercise of statutory powers conferred on the Authority at Chapter 6, Part 5 of the *Navigation Act 2012 (Cth)*.

This management plan, the Gabo Island Lighthouse Heritage Management Plan (the **Plan**), provides for the protection and management of the values of the Gabo Island Lighthouse.

**Purpose and overview**

Built in 1862, Gabo Island Lighthouse is a historic site recognised by the Commonwealth and the State Government of Victoria. The lighthouse is recognised for its aesthetic prominence in the landscape, its technical stonemason craftsmanship, and its association with prominent designers of the mid-19th century. The Lighthouse was included on the Commonwealth Heritage List in 2004 for its cultural significance. This listing recognises the cultural values of the place.

The Plan provides for the future management of the Gabo Island Lighthouse by AMSA, with the objective of identifying, protecting, conserving, presenting and transmitting its Commonwealth heritage values. The Plan contains a detailed description of the history and cultural significance of the Lighthouse, as well as its physical elements and condition. Importantly, the Plan sets out the operational requirements for the management of the Lighthouse, heritage management policies that guide the management and protection of the Commonwealth heritage values of the Lighthouse and plans for AMSA to implement such operational requirements and policies.

The Plan addresses all matters prescribed by Schedule 7A of the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Regulations 2000* and is consistent with the Commonwealth Heritage Management Principles set out in Schedule 7B of those regulations.

**Consultation**

On 7 March 2022 notices of the draft Plan were published in The Australian newspaper and on AMSA’s public website. A copy of the draft Plan was published on AMSA’s website. The public consultation period closed on 1 April 2022. No submissions were received. AMSA consulted with Parks Victoria, and also initiated contact with the Nindi-Ngujarn Ngarigo Monero Aboriginal Corporation, and Bidwell-Maap Nations Aboriginal Corporation under direction from the Department of Premier & Cabinet VIC (Heritage Services, First Peoples - State Relations Group).

The feedback received (consisting of site management information) was adopted into the plan.

In accordance with paragraph 341S(6)(a) of the EPBC Act, the Minister for the Environment was asked for advice on the Plan as proposed. On 18 July 2023, the Minister's delegate confirmed that the Plan complied with the requirements of the EPBC Act and the Commonwealth Heritage Management Principles.

The Office of Impact Analysis (**OIA**) considers that the changes made by the Plan have regulatory impacts of a minor or machinery nature and no regulation impact statement is required. The OIA reference number is 42955.

**Documents incorporated by reference**

There are two publications mentioned in the Plan, being *Burra Charter* and also *Working Together: Managing Commonwealth Heritage Places*. These documents are guidance in nature and suggest methodologies, process and strategies for conservation management of sites, including fixtures and items of historical significance. As important reference tools, these documents provide context for AMSA’s decision making process for the management of Gabo Island Lighthouse as a Commonwealth heritage place.

The mention of each document is to the latest edition.

The Burra Charter is a publication that defines the basic principles and procedures that may be followed in the conservation of a cultural heritage place.

*Working Together: Managing Commonwealth Heritage Places* is another guide that is published for Commonwealth agencies like AMSA to better understand the management requirements for Commonwealth Heritage places subject to the Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act regime.

Both the *Burra Charter* and *Working Together: Managing Commonwealth Heritage Places* are accessible and free of charge.

The *Burra Charter* is available at <https://australia.icomos.org.>

*Working Together: Managing Commonwealth Heritage Places* is available at <https://www.awe.gov.au/parks-heritage/heritage/publications>.

**Review**

The Plan was made by AMSA on 5 September 2023.

In accordance with section 341X of the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999*a review must be carried out within five years of the management plan being made.

**Statement of Compatibility with Human Rights**

This statement is prepared in accordance with section 9 of the *Human Rights (Parliamentary Scrutiny) Act 2011*.

*Overview of the instrument*

Section 341S of the EPBC Act requires that the Commonwealth Agency that owns or controls a Commonwealth Heritage place must make a written management plan to provide for the protection and management of the values of the Commonwealth Heritage place. The plan provides such a framework for the Gabo Island Lighthouse.

The Plan provides for the future management of the Gabo Island Lighthouse by AMSA with the objective of identifying, protecting, conserving, presenting and transmitting its Commonwealth heritage values.

*Human rights implications*

This legislative instrument does not engage any of the applicable rights or freedoms.

*Conclusion*

This legislative instrument is compatible with the human rights and freedoms recognised or declared in the international instruments listed in section 3 of the *Human Rights (Parliamentary Scrutiny) Act 2011*.

**Making the instrument**

The Plan has been made by the Chief Executive Officer of the AMSA in accordance with subsection 49(4) of the *Australian Maritime Safety Authority Act 1990*.