

**PB 95 of 2023**

**National Health (Efficient Funding of Chemotherapy) Special Arrangement Amendment Instrument 2023 (No. 9)**

*National Health Act 1953*

I, NIKOLAI TSYGANOV, Assistant Secretary, Pricing and PBS Policy Branch, Technology Assessment and Access Division, Department of Health and Aged Care, delegate of the Minister for Health and Aged Care, make this Instrument under subsection 100(2) of the *National Health Act 1953*.

Date 28 September 2023

**NIKOLAI TSYGANOV**

Assistant Secretary

Pricing and PBS Policy Branch

Technology Assessment and Access Division

Contents

1 Name 1

2 Commencement 1

3 Authority 1

4 Schedules 1

Schedule 1—Amendments 2

National Health (Efficient Funding of Chemotherapy) Special Arrangement 2011
(PB 79 of 2011) 2

1. Name
2. This instrument is the *National Health (Efficient Funding of Chemotherapy) Special Arrangement Amendment Instrument 2023 (No. 9)*
3. This instrument may also be cited as PB 95 of 2023.
4. Commencement
5. Each provision of this instrument specified in column 1 of the table commences, or is taken to have commenced, in accordance with column 2 of the table. Any other statement in column 2 has effect according to its terms.

| Commencement information |
| --- |
| Column 1 | Column 2 | Column 3 |
| Provisions | Commencement | Date/Details |
| 1. *The whole of this instrument* | *1 October 2023* | *1 October 2023* |

Note: This table relates only to the provisions of this instrument as originally made. It will not be amended to deal with any later amendments of this instrument.

1. Any information in column 3 of the table is not part of this instrument. Information may be inserted in this column, or information in it may be edited, in any published version of this instrument.
2. Authority

This instrument is made under subsection 100(2) of the *National Health Act 1953*.

1. Schedules

Each instrument that is specified in a Schedule to this instrument is amended or repealed as set out in the applicable items in the Schedule concerned, and any other item in a Schedule to this instrument has effect according to its terms.

Schedule 1—Amendments

*National Health (Efficient Funding of Chemotherapy) Special Arrangement 2011 (PB 79 of 2011)*

1. **Schedule 1, Part 1, entry for Carfilzomib in each of the forms: Powder for injection 10 mg; Powder for injection 30 mg; and Powder for injection 60 mg**

*insert in numerical order in the column headed “Circumstances”:* **C14363 C14364 C14389**

1. **Schedule 1, Part 1, after entry for Elotuzumab in the form Powder for injection 400 mg**

*insert:*

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Enfortumab vedotin | Powder for I.V. infusion 20 mg | Injection | Padcev | LL | MP | C14416 | D |
|  | Powder for I.V. infusion 30 mg | Injection | Padcev | LL | MP | C14416 | D |

1. **Schedule 1, Part 1, entry for Pembrolizumab**

*insert in numerical order in the column headed “Circumstances”:* **C14403 C14404 C14405**

1. **Schedule 1, Part 2, entry for Carfilzomib**

*substitute:*

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Carfilzomib | P14363 P14364 P14389 | 60 | 17 |
|  | P12930 P12934 | 120 | 17 |
|  | P12694 P12849 | 160 | 8 |

1. **Schedule 1, Part 2, after entry for Elotuzumab *[Maximum Amount: 1200; Number of Repeats: 9]***

*insert:*

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Enfortumab vedotin |  | 125 | 8 |

1. **Schedule 1, Part 2, entry for Obinutuzumab *[Maximum Amount: 1000; Number of Repeats: 7]***
2. *omit from the column headed “Purposes”:* **P11052**
3. *insert in numerical order in the column headed “Purposes”:* **P14326**
4. **Schedule 1, Part 2, entry for Pembrolizumab *[Maximum Amount: 400; Number of Repeats: 6]***

*insert in numerical order in the column headed “Purposes”:* **P14324 P14403 P14404 P14405**

1. **Schedule 2, after entry for Fosaprepitant**

*insert:*

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Fosnetupitant with palonosetron | Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion containing fosnetupitant 235 mg (as chloride hydrochloride) and palonosetron 250 microgram (as hydrochloride) | Injection | Akynzeo IV | JZ | MP | C14387 |  | 1 | 5 | C |

1. **Schedule 2, entry for Netupitant with Palonosetron**

*omit from the column headed “Circumstances”:* **C5991 C5994 C6879 C6937** *substitute:* **C14443**

1. **Schedule 3, after details relevant to Responsible Person code JZ**

*insert:*

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| LL | Astellas Pharma Australia Pty Ltd | 81 147 915 482 |

1. **Schedule 4, entry for Carfilzomib**

*insert in numerical order after existing text:*

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | C14363 | P14363 | Relapsed and/or refractory multiple myelomaContinuing treatment for Cycles 3 to 12Patient must have previously received PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition; ANDThe treatment must be in combination with lenalidomide and dexamethasone; ANDPatient must not have progressive disease while receiving treatment with this drug for this condition.Progressive disease is defined as at least 1 of the following:(a) at least a 25% increase and an absolute increase of at least 5 g per L in serum M protein (monoclonal protein); or(b) at least a 25% increase in 24-hour urinary light chain M protein excretion, and an absolute increase of at least 200 mg per 24 hours; or(c) in oligo-secretory and non-secretory myeloma patients only, at least a 50% increase in the difference between involved free light chain and uninvolved free light chain; or(d) at least a 25% relative increase and at least a 10% absolute increase in plasma cells in a bone marrow aspirate or on biopsy; or(e) an increase in the size or number of lytic bone lesions (not including compression fractures); or(f) at least a 25% increase in the size of an existing or the development of a new soft tissue plasmacytoma (determined by clinical examination or diagnostic imaging); or(g) development of hypercalcaemia (corrected serum calcium greater than 2.65 mmol per L not attributable to any other cause).Oligo-secretory and non-secretory patients are defined as having active disease with less than 10 g per L serum M protein. | Compliance with Authority Required procedures - Streamlined Authority Code 14363 |
|  | C14364 | P14364 | Relapsed and/or refractory multiple myelomaContinuing treatment for Cycles 13 onwardsPatient must have previously received PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition; ANDThe treatment must be in combination with lenalidomide and dexamethasone; ANDPatient must not have progressive disease while receiving treatment with this drug for this condition.Progressive disease is defined as at least 1 of the following:(a) at least a 25% increase and an absolute increase of at least 5 g per L in serum M protein (monoclonal protein); or(b) at least a 25% increase in 24-hour urinary light chain M protein excretion, and an absolute increase of at least 200 mg per 24 hours; or(c) in oligo-secretory and non-secretory myeloma patients only, at least a 50% increase in the difference between involved free light chain and uninvolved free light chain; or(d) at least a 25% relative increase and at least a 10% absolute increase in plasma cells in a bone marrow aspirate or on biopsy; or(e) an increase in the size or number of lytic bone lesions (not including compression fractures); or(f) at least a 25% increase in the size of an existing or the development of a new soft tissue plasmacytoma (determined by clinical examination or diagnostic imaging); or(g) development of hypercalcaemia (corrected serum calcium greater than 2.65 mmol per L not attributable to any other cause).Oligo-secretory and non-secretory patients are defined as having active disease with less than 10 g per L serum M protein. | Compliance with Authority Required procedures - Streamlined Authority Code 14364 |
|  | C14389 | P14389 | Relapsed and/or refractory multiple myelomaInitial treatment for Cycles 1 to 3The condition must be confirmed by a histological diagnosis; ANDThe treatment must be in combination with lenalidomide and dexamethasone; ANDPatient must have progressive disease after at least one prior therapy; ANDPatient must not have previously received this drug for this condition.Progressive disease is defined as at least 1 of the following:(a) at least a 25% increase and an absolute increase of at least 5 g per L in serum M protein (monoclonal protein); or(b) at least a 25% increase in 24-hour urinary light chain M protein excretion, and an absolute increase of at least 200 mg per 24 hours; or(c) in oligo-secretory and non-secretory myeloma patients only, at least a 50% increase in the difference between involved free light chain and uninvolved free light chain; or(d) at least a 25% relative increase and at least a 10% absolute increase in plasma cells in a bone marrow aspirate or on biopsy; or(e) an increase in the size or number of lytic bone lesions (not including compression fractures); or(f) at least a 25% increase in the size of an existing or the development of a new soft tissue plasmacytoma (determined by clinical examination or diagnostic imaging); or(g) development of hypercalcaemia (corrected serum calcium greater than 2.65 mmol per L not attributable to any other cause).Oligo-secretory and non-secretory patients are defined as having active disease with less than 10 g per L serum M protein.Provide details of the histological diagnosis of multiple myeloma, prior treatments including name(s) of drug(s) and date of the most recent treatment cycle; the basis of the diagnosis of progressive disease or failure to respond; and which disease activity parameters will be used to assess response once only through the Authority application for lenalidomide. | Compliance with Authority Required procedures - Streamlined Authority Code 14389 |

1. **Schedule 4, after entry for Elotuzumab**

*insert:*

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Enfortumab vedotin | C14416 |  | Locally advanced (Stage III) or metastatic (Stage IV) urothelial cancerThe condition must have progressed on/following both: (i) platinum-based chemotherapy, (ii) programmed cell death 1/ligand 1 (PD-1/PD-L1) inhibitor therapy; ORThe condition must have progressed on/following platinum-based chemotherapy, whilst PD-1/PD-L1 inhibitor therapy resulted in an intolerance that required treatment cessation; ANDPatient must have/have had a WHO performance status score of no greater than 1 at treatment initiation with this drug.The treatment must be the sole PBS-subsidised systemic anti-cancer therapy for this PBS indication.Patient must be undergoing treatment with this drug for the first time; ORPatient must be undergoing continuing treatment with this drug, with each of the following being true: (i) all other PBS eligibility criteria in this restriction are met, (ii) disease progression is absent. | Compliance with Authority Required procedures - Streamlined Authority Code 14416 |

1. **Schedule 4, after entry for Fosaprepitant**

*insert:*

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Fosnetupitant with palonosetron | C14387 |  | Nausea and vomitingThe treatment must be for prevention of nausea and vomiting associated with moderate to highly emetogenic anti-cancer therapy; ANDThe treatment must be in combination with dexamethasone, unless contraindicated; ANDPatient must be unable to swallow; ORPatient must be contraindicated to oral anti-emetics. | Compliance with Authority Required procedures |

1. **Schedule 4, entry for Netupitant with Palonosetron**

*substitute:*

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Netupitant with Palonosetron | C14443 |  | Nausea and vomitingThe treatment must be in combination with dexamethasone, unless contraindicated; ANDThe treatment must be for prevention of nausea and vomiting associated with moderate to highly emetogenic anti-cancer therapy. | Compliance with Authority Required procedures - Streamlined Authority Code 14443 |

1. **Schedule 4, entry for Pembrolizumab**

*insert in numerical order after existing text:*

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | C14403 | P14403 | Advanced carcinoma of the cervixInitial treatmentThe condition must be at least one of (i) persistent carcinoma, (ii) recurrent carcinoma, (iii) metastatic carcinoma of the cervix; ANDThe condition must be unsuitable for curative treatment with either of (i) surgical resection, (ii) radiation; ANDPatient must have WHO performance status no higher than 1; ANDPatient must not have received prior treatment for this PBS indication.Patient must be undergoing concomitant treatment with chemotherapy, containing a minimum of: (i) a platinum-based chemotherapy agent, plus (ii) paclitaxel; ANDPatient must be undergoing treatment with this drug administered once every 3 weeks - prescribe up to 6 repeat prescriptions; ORPatient must be undergoing treatment with this drug administered once every 6 weeks - prescribe up to 3 repeat prescriptions. | Compliance with Authority Required procedures - Streamlined Authority Code 14403 |
|  | C14404 | P14404 | Advanced carcinoma of the cervixContinuing treatmentPatient must have previously received PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition; ANDThe condition must not have progressed while receiving PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition; ANDThe treatment must not exceed a total of (i) 24 months, (ii) 35 doses (based on a 3-weekly dose regimen), (iii) 17 doses (based on a 6-weekly dose regimen) whichever comes first from the first dose of this drug regardless if it was PBS/non-PBS subsidised.Patient must be undergoing treatment with this drug administered once every 3 weeks - prescribe up to 6 repeat prescriptions; ORPatient must be undergoing treatment with this drug administered once every 6 weeks - prescribe up to 3 repeat prescriptions. | Compliance with Authority Required procedures - Streamlined Authority Code 14404 |
|  | C14405 | P14405 | Advanced carcinoma of the cervixTransitioning from non-PBS to PBS-subsidised supply - Grandfather arrangementsPatient must be currently receiving non-PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition, with treatment having commenced prior to 1 October 2023; ANDPatient must have met all other PBS eligibility criteria that a non-Grandfather patient would ordinarily be required to meet, meaning that at the time non-PBS supply was commenced, the patient: (i) had either one of (1) persistent carcinoma, (2) recurrent carcinoma, (3) metastatic carcinoma of the cervix; (ii) had a WHO performance status no higher than 1; (iii) was unsuitable for curative treatment with either of (1) surgical resection, (2) radiation; (iv) had not received prior treatment for this PBS indication; (v) was treated concomitantly with platinum-based chemotherapy agent, plus paclitaxel; ANDThe condition must not have progressed while receiving PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition; ANDThe treatment must not exceed a total of (i) 24 months, (ii) 35 doses (based on a 3-weekly dose regimen), (iii) 17 doses (based on a 6-weekly dose regimen) whichever comes first from the first dose of this drug regardless if it was PBS/non-PBS subsidised.Patient must be undergoing treatment with this drug administered once every 3 weeks - prescribe up to 6 repeat prescriptions; ORPatient must be undergoing treatment with this drug administered once every 6 weeks - prescribe up to 3 repeat prescriptions. | Compliance with Authority Required procedures - Streamlined Authority Code 14405 |