

PB 79 of 2024

National Health (Highly Specialised Drugs Program) Special Arrangement Amendment (August Update) Instrument 2024

National Health Act 1953

I, NIKOLAI TSYGANOV, Assistant Secretary, Pricing and PBS Policy Branch, Technology Assessment and Access Division, Department of Health and Aged Care, delegate of the Minister for Health and Aged Care, make this Instrument under subsection 100(2) of the *National Health Act 1953*.

Dated 30 July 2024

NIKOLAI TSYGANOV Assistant Secretary Pricing and PBS Policy Branch Technology Assessment and Access Division

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1 Name

- (1) This instrument is the National Health (Highly Specialised Drugs Program) Special Arrangement Amendment (August Update) Instrument 2024.
- (2) This instrument may also be cited as PB 79 of 2024.

2 Commencement

(1) Each provision of this instrument specified in column 1 of the table commences, or is taken to have commenced, in accordance with column 2 of the table. Any other statement in column 2 has effect according to its terms.

Commencement information						
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3				
Provisions	Commencement	Date/Details				
1. The whole of this instrument	1 August 2024	1 August 2024				

Note: This table relates only to the provisions of this instrument as originally made. It will not be amended to deal with any later amendments of this instrument.

(2) Any information in column 3 of the table is not part of this instrument. Information may be inserted in this column, or information in it may be edited, in any published version of this instrument.

3 Authority

This instrument is made under subsection 100(2) of the National Health Act 1953.

4 Schedules

Each instrument that is specified in a Schedule to this instrument is amended or repealed as set out in the applicable items in the Schedule concerned, and any other item in a Schedule to this instrument has effect according to its terms.

Schedule 1—Amendments

National Health (Highly Specialised Drugs Program) Special Arrangement 2021 (PB 27 of 2021)

[1] Part 1, Division 1, Section 6, definition for "CAR drug"

substitute:

CAR drug (short for Complex Authority Required drug) means any of the following highly specialised drugs:

- (a) abatacept;
- (b) adalimumab;
- (c) ambrisentan;
- (d) anifrolumab;
- (e) avatrombopag;
- (f) azacitidine;
- (g) benralizumab;
- (h) bosentan;
- (i) burosumab;
- (j) daunorubicin with cytarabine;
- (k) difelikefalin;
- (l) dupilumab;
- (m) eculizumab;
- (n) elexacaftor with tezacaftor and with ivacaftor, and ivacaftor;
- (o) eltrombopag;
- (p) epoprostenol;
- (q) etanercept;
- (r) iloprost;
- (s) infliximab;
- (t) ivacaftor;

- (u) lenalidomide;
- (v) lumacaftor with ivacaftor;
- (w) macitentan;
- (x) mepolizumab;
- (y) midostaurin;
- (z) nusinersen;
- (aa) omalizumab;
- (bb) onasemnogene abeparvovec;
- (cc) pasireotide;
- (dd) patisiran;
- (ee) pegcetacoplan;
- (ff) pegvisomant;
- (gg) pomalidomide;
- (hh) ravulizumab;
- (ii) riociguat;
- (jj) risdiplam;
- (kk) romiplostim;
- (ll) selexipag;
- (mm) sildenafil;
- (nn) tadalafil;
- (oo) teduglutide;
- (pp) tezacaftor with ivacaftor and ivacaftor;
- (qq) tocilizumab;
- (rr) ustekinumab;
- (ss) vedolizumab.

[2] Schedule 1, entry for Adalimumab in the form Injection 20 mg in 0.4 mL pre-filled syringe

insert as first entry:

Abrilada C12120 C14063 C14107	C14064
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[3] Schedule 1, entry for Adalimumab in each of the forms: Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled pen; and Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled syringe

insert as first entry:

Abrilada (0 (0) (0)	C12120 C14061 See Schedule 2 C14063 C14064 C14107 C14136	See Schedule 2
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[4] Schedule 1, entry for Bosentan in the form Tablet 125 mg (as monohydrate)

omit:

Bosentan Cipla	C11229 C13495 C13496 C13497 C13499 C13571 C13582 C13632	See Schedule 2 See Schedule 2
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[5] Schedule 1, entry for Cinacalcet in the form Tablet 90 mg (as hydrochloride)

omit:

Cinacalcet Mylan	C10063 C10067 C10073	56	5	
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[6] Schedule 1, entry for Elexacaftor with tezacaftor and with ivacaftor, and ivacaftor

tezacaftor and with	Pack containing 28 sachets containing granules elexacaftor 80 mg with tezacaftor 40 mg and with ivacaftor 60 mg and	Oral	Trikafta	C15482 C15511	See Schedule 2	See Schedule 2
	28 sachets containing granules ivacaftor 59.5 mg					

Pack containing 28 sachets containing Oral granules elexacaftor 100 mg with tezacaftor 50 mg and with ivacaftor 75 mg and 28 sachets containing granules ivacaftor 75 mg	Trikafta	C15482 C15511	See Schedule 2	See Schedule 2
Pack containing 56 tablets elexacaftor 50 mg Oral with tezacaftor 25 mg and with ivacaftor 37.5 mg and 28 tablets ivacaftor 75 mg	Trikafta	C13932 C13991	See Schedule 2	See Schedule 2
Pack containing 56 tablets elexacaftor 100 mg Oral with tezacaftor 50 mg and with ivacaftor 75 mg and 28 tablets ivacaftor 150 mg	Trikafta	C13962 C13980	See Schedule 2	See Schedule 2

[7] Schedule 1, entry for Mycophenolic acid in the form Capsule containing mycophenolate mofetil 250 mg

omit:

CellCept	C5600 C5653 C9689 C9690	600	5	
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[8] Schedule 1, entry for Mycophenolic acid in the form Tablet containing mycophenolate mofetil 500 mg

omit:

CellCept C5554 C5795 300 5 C9691 C9693

[9] Schedule 1, entry for Onasemnogene abeparvovec

substitute:

Onasemnogene abeparvovec	Pack containing 1 vial solution for I.V. infusion Injection 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 5.5 mL and 2 vials solution for I.V. infusion 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 8.3 mL	Zolgensma	C12639 C14468 C15458 C15460	See Schedule 2	See Schedule 2
	Pack containing 1 vial solution for I.V. infusion Injection 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 5.5 mL and 3 vials solution for I.V. infusion 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 8.3 mL	Zolgensma	C12639 C14468 C15458 C15460	See Schedule 2	See Schedule 2
	Pack containing 1 vial solution for I.V. infusion Injection 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 5.5 mL and	Zolgensma	C12639 C14468 C15458 C15460	See Schedule 2	See Schedule 2

4 vials solution for I.V. infusion 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 8.3 mL				
Pack containing 1 vial solution for I.V. infusion Injection 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 5.5 mL and 5 vials solution for I.V. infusion 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 8.3 mL	Zolgensma	C12639 C14468 C15458 C15460	See Schedule 2	See Schedule 2
Pack containing 1 vial solution for I.V. infusion Injection 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 5.5 mL and 6 vials solution for I.V. infusion 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 8.3 mL	Zolgensma	C12639 C14468 C15458 C15460	See Schedule 2	See Schedule 2
Pack containing 1 vial solution for I.V. infusion Injection 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 5.5 mL and 7 vials solution for I.V. infusion 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 8.3 mL	Zolgensma	C12639 C14468 C15458 C15460	See Schedule 2	See Schedule 2
Pack containing 1 vial solution for I.V. infusion Injection 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 5.5 mL and 8 vials solution for I.V. infusion 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 8.3 mL	Zolgensma	C12639 C14468 C15458 C15460	See Schedule 2	See Schedule 2
Pack containing 2 vials solution for I.V. infusion Injection 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 5.5 mL and 1 vial solution for I.V. infusion 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 8.3 mL	Zolgensma	C12639 C14468 C15458 C15460	See Schedule 2	See Schedule 2
Pack containing 2 vials solution for I.V. infusion Injection 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 5.5 mL and 2 vials solution for I.V. infusion 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 8.3 mL	Zolgensma	C12639 C14468 C15458 C15460	See Schedule 2	See Schedule 2
Pack containing 2 vials solution for I.V. infusion Injection 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 5.5 mL and 3 vials solution for I.V. infusion 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 8.3 mL	Zolgensma	C12639 C14468 C15458 C15460	See Schedule 2	See Schedule 2
Pack containing 2 vials solution for I.V. infusion Injection 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 5.5 mL and 4 vials solution for I.V. infusion 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 8.3 mL	Zolgensma	C12639 C14468 C15458 C15460	See Schedule 2	See Schedule 2
Pack containing 2 vials solution for I.V. infusion Injection	Zolgensma	C12639 C14468	See Schedule 2	See Schedule 2

20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 5.5 mL and 5 vials solution for I.V. infusion 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 8.3 mL		C15458 C15460		
Pack containing 2 vials solution for I.V. infusion In 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 5.5 mL and 6 vials solution for I.V. infusion 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 8.3 mL	ijection Zolgensma	C12639 C14468 C15458 C15460	See Schedule 2	See Schedule 2
Pack containing 2 vials solution for I.V. infusion In 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 5.5 mL and 7 vials solution for I.V. infusion 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 8.3 mL	ijection Zolgensma	C12639 C14468 C15458 C15460	See Schedule 2	See Schedule 2
Pack containing 2 vials solution for I.V. infusion In 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 8.3 mL	jection Zolgensma	C12639 C14468 C15458 C15460	See Schedule 2	See Schedule 2
Pack containing 3 vials solution for I.V. infusion In 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 8.3 mL	jection Zolgensma	C12639 C14468 C15458 C15460	See Schedule 2	See Schedule 2
Pack containing 4 vials solution for I.V. infusion In 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 8.3 mL	jection Zolgensma	C12639 C14468 C15458 C15460	See Schedule 2	See Schedule 2
Pack containing 5 vials solution for I.V. infusion In 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 8.3 mL	jection Zolgensma	C12639 C14468 C15458 C15460	See Schedule 2	See Schedule 2
Pack containing 6 vials solution for I.V. infusion In 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 8.3 mL	jection Zolgensma	C12639 C14468 C15458 C15460	See Schedule 2	See Schedule 2
Pack containing 7 vials solution for I.V. infusion In 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 8.3 mL	jection Zolgensma	C12639 C14468 C15458 C15460	See Schedule 2	See Schedule 2
Pack containing 8 vials solution for I.V. infusion In 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 8.3 mL	jection Zolgensma	C12639 C14468 C15458 C15460	See Schedule 2	See Schedule 2
Pack containing 9 vials solution for I.V. infusion In 20 trillion vector genomes per mL, 8.3 mL	jection Zolgensma	C12639 C14468 C15458 C15460	See Schedule 2	See Schedule 2

[10] Schedule 1, after entry for Pasireotide in the form Injection (modified release) 60 mg (as embonate), vial and diluent syringe

insert:

	nedule 2	2
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[11] Schedule 1, entry for Tadalafil [Brands: Adcirca; Tadalca; and TADALIS 20]

- (a) *omit from the column headed "Circumstances":* C13484
- (b) *omit from the column headed "Circumstances"*: C13629
- (c) insert in numerical order in the column headed "Circumstances": C15508 C15515

[12] Schedule 1, after entry for Tadalafil [Brand: TADALIS 20]

insert:

C15513 C15525

[13] Schedule 1, after entry for Tenofovir in the form Tablet containing tenofovir disoproxil fumarate 300 mg [Brand: Tenofovir APOTEX; Maximum quantity: 60; Maximum repeats: 2]

insert:

TENOFOVIR ARX	C6980 C6982 C6983 C6984 C6992 C6998 C10362	P10362	60	2	
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[14] Schedule 1, after entry for Tenofovir in the form Tablet containing tenofovir disoproxil fumarate 300 mg [Brand: Tenofovir APOTEX; Maximum quantity: 60; Maximum repeats: 5]

insert:

TENOFOVIR ARX C6980 C69 C6983 C69 C6992 C69 C10362	4 P6983 P6984	5
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[15] Schedule 1, entry for Valganciclovir in the form Tablet 450 mg (as hydrochloride)

omit:

VALGANCICLOVIR C4980 C4989 120 5 HETERO C9316

[16] Schedule 1, entry for Zoledronic acid [Maximum quantity: 1; Maximum repeats: 0]

insert as first entry:

	J J							
		DEZTRON	C5605 C5703 P14729 P14 C5704 C5735 C9268 C9304 C9317 C9328 C14729 C14735	1735 1	0			
[17]	Schedule 1, entry for Zoledronic acid [Brand: DEZTRON; Maximum quantity: 1; Maximum repeats: 11]							
	(a) insert in numerical order in the column headed "Circumstances": C14729 C14735							
	(b) <i>insert in numerical order in the colu</i>	umn headed "Purposes": P5605 P5703 F	25704 P5735 P9268 P9304 P931	7 P932	28			
[18]	Schedule 2, entry for Elexacaftor wit	th tezacaftor and with ivacaftor, and	ivacaftor					
	insert in numerical order in the column he	aded "Circumstances": C15482 C15511						
[19]	Schedule 2, entry for Onasemnogene abeparvovec							
	(a) omit from the column headed "Circumstances": C14469							
	(b) insert in numerical order in the colu	umn headed "Circumstances": C15458 C	15460					
[20]	Schedule 2, after entry for Pasireotide							
	insert:							
Patisiran	C15453 C15478 C1550	1	1 pack	7				
[21]	Schedule 2, entry for Tadalafil							
	substitute:							
Tadalafil	C11229 C13482 C1356	9 C13570 C13572 C13573 C15508 C15515	Sufficient for treatment for 1 month	5				
	C15463 C15464 C1548	6 C15494 C15495 C15505 C15513 C15525	60 tablets	5				
[22]	Schedule 3, entry for Elexacaftor wit	th tezacaftor and with ivacaftor, and	ivacaftor					
	insert in numerical order after existing tex	t:						
	C15482	Cystic fibrosis			Compliance with Written Authority Required			
	· · · ·				-			

		Initial treatment	procedures
		Must be treated by a specialist respiratory physician with expertise in cystic fibrosis or in consultation with a specialist respiratory physician with expertise in cystic fibrosis if attendance is not possible due to geographic isolation; AND	
		Must be treated in a centre with expertise in cystic fibrosis or in consultation with a centre with expertise in cystic fibrosis if attendance is not possible due to geographic isolation.	
		Patient must have at least one F508del mutation in the cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance (CFTR) gene; AND	
		The treatment must be given concomitantly with standard therapy for this condition; AND	
		Patient must have either chronic sinopulmonary disease or gastrointestinal and nutritional abnormalities, prior to initiating treatment with this drug.	
		Patient must be 2 to 5 years of age.	
		This pharmaceutical benefit is not PBS-subsidised for this condition in a patient who is currently receiving one of the strong CYP3A4 inducers outlined in the Product Information.	
		The authority application must be in writing and must include:	
		(1) details of the proposed prescription; and	
		(2) a completed Cystic Fibrosis Authority Application Supporting Information Form; and	
		(3) details of the pathology report substantiating the patient having at least one F508del mutation - quote each of the: (i) name of the pathology report provider, (ii) date of pathology report, (iii) unique identifying number/code that links the pathology result to the individual patient; and	
		(4) current CYP3A4 inhibitors, CYP3A4 inducers and IV antibiotics.	
C15	5511	Cystic fibrosis	Compliance with Written
		Continuing treatment	Authority Required
		Must be treated by a specialist respiratory physician with expertise in cystic fibrosis or in consultation with a specialist respiratory physician with expertise in cystic fibrosis if attendance is not possible due to geographic isolation; AND	procedures
		Must be treated in a centre with expertise in cystic fibrosis or in consultation with a centre with expertise in cystic fibrosis if attendance is not possible due to geographic isolation.	
		Patient must have previously received PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition; AND	
		The treatment must be given concomitantly with standard therapy for this condition.	
		Patient must be 2 to 5 years of age.	
		This pharmaceutical benefit is not PBS-subsidised for this condition in a patient who is currently receiving one of the strong CYP3A4 inducers outlined in the Product Information.	
		The authority application must be in writing and must include:	
		(1) details of the proposed prescription; and	

(2) a completed Cystic Fibrosis Continuing Authority Application Supporting Information Form; and	
(3) current CYP3A4 inhibitors, CYP3A4 inducers and IV antibiotics.	

[23] Schedule 3, entry for Onasemnogene abeparvovec

(a) *omit*:

044400		
C14469	Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA)	Compliance with Written
	Use occurring after treatment with at least one disease modifying therapy for this condition (i.e.	Authority Required
	switching from nusinersen/risdiplam to onasemnogene abeparvovec)	procedures
	The treatment must be given concomitantly with best supportive care for this condition; AND	
	The treatment must not be a PBS-subsidised benefit where the condition has progressed to a	
	point where invasive permanent assisted ventilation (i.e. ventilation via tracheostomy tube for at	
	least 16 hours per day) is required in the absence of potentially reversible causes.	
	Patient must be undergoing treatment with this pharmaceutical benefit following prior	
	PBS-subsidised treatment with at least one other disease modifying therapy for this condition;	
	AND	
	Must be treated by a specialist medical practitioner experienced in the diagnosis and management	
	of SMA associated with a neuromuscular clinic of a recognised hospital in the management of	
	SMA; or in consultation with a specialist medical practitioner experienced in the diagnosis and	
	management of SMA associated with a neuromuscular clinic of a recognised hospital in the	
	management of SMA; AND	
	Must be treated in a treatment centre that is each of: (i) recognised in the management of SMA,	
	(ii) accredited in the use of this gene technology by the relevant authority, (iii) will(has) source(d)	
	this product from an accredited supplier, as specified in the administrative notes to this listing;	
	AND	
	Patient must be undergoing treatment with this pharmaceutical benefit once only in a lifetime;	
	AND	
	Patient must be undergoing treatment with this pharmaceutical benefit with the intent that	
	treatment with the replaced disease modifying agent is/has ceased.	
	Patient must be no older than 9 months of age; AND	
	Patient must have symptomatic Type 1 SMA; OR	
	Patient must have pre-symptomatic SMA.	
	The authority application must be made in writing and must include:	
	(1) a completed authority prescription form; and	
	(2) a completed authority application form relevant to the indication and treatment phase (the	
	latest version is located on the website specified in the Administrative Advice).	
	Do not resubmit previously submitted documentation concerning the diagnosis and type of SMA.	
	Confirm that a previous PBS authority application has been approved for one of the following:	
	(i) Symptomatic Type 1 SMA; or	
	(ii) Pre-symptomatic SMA.	
	State the weight of the patient in kilograms and request the appropriate product pack presentation	
	with respect to the mix of 5.5 mL and 8.3 mL vials.	
	Adhere to any Product Information or local treatment guidelines with respect to treatment-free	

		('wash out') periods prior to administering this benefit.	
(b) insert i	in numerical order after e	xisting text:	
1	C15458	Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA)	Compliance with Writter
		Use occurring after treatment with at least one disease modifying therapy for this condition (i.e. switching from nusinersen to onasemnogene abeparvovec)	Authority Required procedures
		The treatment must be given concomitantly with best supportive care for this condition; AND	
		The treatment must not be a PBS-subsidised benefit where the condition has progressed to a point where invasive permanent assisted ventilation (i.e. ventilation via tracheostomy tube for at least 16 hours per day) is required in the absence of potentially reversible causes.	
		Patient must be undergoing treatment with this pharmaceutical benefit following prior PBS- subsidised treatment with at least one other disease modifying therapy for this condition; AND	
		Must be treated by a specialist medical practitioner experienced in the diagnosis and managemen of SMA associated with a neuromuscular clinic of a recognised hospital in the management of SMA; or in consultation with a specialist medical practitioner experienced in the diagnosis and management of SMA associated with a neuromuscular clinic of a recognised hospital in the management of SMA; AND	t
		Must be treated in a treatment centre that is each of: (i) recognised in the management of SMA, (ii) accredited in the use of this gene technology by the relevant authority, (iii) will(has) source(d) this product from an accredited supplier, as specified in the administrative notes to this listing; AND	
		Patient must be undergoing treatment with this pharmaceutical benefit once only in a lifetime; AND	
		Patient must be undergoing treatment with this pharmaceutical benefit with the intent that treatment with the replaced disease modifying agent is/has ceased.	
		Patient must be no older than 9 months of age; AND	
		Patient must have pre-symptomatic SMA with 3 copies of the SMN2 gene.	
		The authority application must be made in writing and must include:	
		(1) a completed authority prescription form; and	
		(2) a completed authority application form relevant to the indication and treatment phase (the latest version is located on the website specified in the Administrative Advice).	
		Do not resubmit previously submitted documentation concerning the diagnosis and type of SMA.	
		Confirm that a previous PBS authority application has been approved for pre-symptomatic SMA with 3 copies of SMN2 gene.	
		State the weight of the patient in kilograms and request the appropriate product pack presentation with respect to the mix of 5.5 mL and 8.3 mL vials.	
		Adhere to any Product Information or local treatment guidelines with respect to treatment-free	

	('wash out') periods prior to administering this benefit.	
C15460	Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA)	Compliance with Written
	Use occurring after treatment with at least one disease modifying therapy for this condition (i.e. switching from nusinersen/risdiplam to onasemnogene abeparvovec)	Authority Required procedures
	The treatment must be given concomitantly with best supportive care for this condition; AND	
	The treatment must not be a PBS-subsidised benefit where the condition has progressed to a point where invasive permanent assisted ventilation (i.e. ventilation via tracheostomy tube for at least 16 hours per day) is required in the absence of potentially reversible causes.	
	Patient must be undergoing treatment with this pharmaceutical benefit following prior PBS- subsidised treatment with at least one other disease modifying therapy for this condition; AND	
	Must be treated by a specialist medical practitioner experienced in the diagnosis and management of SMA associated with a neuromuscular clinic of a recognised hospital in the management of SMA; or in consultation with a specialist medical practitioner experienced in the diagnosis and management of SMA associated with a neuromuscular clinic of a recognised hospital in the management of SMA; AND	t
	Must be treated in a treatment centre that is each of: (i) recognised in the management of SMA, (ii) accredited in the use of this gene technology by the relevant authority, (iii) will(has) source(d) this product from an accredited supplier, as specified in the administrative notes to this listing; AND	
	Patient must be undergoing treatment with this pharmaceutical benefit once only in a lifetime; AND	
	Patient must be undergoing treatment with this pharmaceutical benefit with the intent that treatment with the replaced disease modifying agent is/has ceased.	
	Patient must be no older than 9 months of age; AND	
	Patient must have symptomatic Type 1 SMA; OR	
	Patient must have pre-symptomatic SMA with 1-2 copies of SMN2 gene.	
	The authority application must be made in writing and must include:	
	(1) a completed authority prescription form; and	
	(2) a completed authority application form relevant to the indication and treatment phase (the latest version is located on the website specified in the Administrative Advice).	
	Do not resubmit previously submitted documentation concerning the diagnosis and type of SMA.	
	Confirm that a previous PBS authority application has been approved for one of the following:	
	(i) Symptomatic Type 1 SMA; or	
	(ii) Pre-symptomatic SMA with 1-2 copies of SMN2 gene.	
	State the weight of the patient in kilograms and request the appropriate product pack presentation with respect to the mix of 5.5 mL and 8.3 mL vials.	
	Adhere to any Product Information or local treatment guidelines with respect to treatment-free	

(hundre suit) manifester interview to a during this have after	
('wash out') periods prior to administering this benefit.	

[24] Schedule 3, after entry for Pasireotide

insert:

Patisiran	C15453	Hereditary transthyretin amyloidosis	Compliance with Written
		Initial treatment	Authority Required
		Patient must have either: (i) stage 1 polyneuropathy, (ii) stage 2 polyneuropathy.	procedures
		Patient must not have previously received PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this PBS indication.	
		Patient must be at least 18 years of age.	
		The condition must be hereditary transthyretin amyloidosis confirmed by genetic testing; AND	
		Patient must have a Polyneuropathy Disability (PND) score description of either I, II, IIIA, IIIB; OR	
		Patient must have a Familial Amyloid Polyneuropathy (FAP) stage description of 1 or 2; AND	
		Patient must not have previously undergone a liver transplant; AND	
		Patient must not exhibit heart failure symptoms (defined as New York Heart Association NYHA class III or IV).	
		Must be treated by a consultant with experience in the management of amyloid disorders or in consultation with a consultant with experience in the management of amyloid disorders; AND	
		Patient must be undergoing treatment with this drug as a monotherapy (i.e. not in combination with any other disease modifying medicines for amyloidosis disorders).	
		PND scores in the context of this PBS restriction are:	
		Stage 0 - No symptoms;	
		Stage I - Sensory disturbances but preserved walking capability;	
		Stage II - Impaired walking capacity but able to walk without stick or crutches;	
		Stage IIIA - Walking with help of one stick or crutch;	
		Stage IIIB - Walking with help of two sticks or crutches;	
		Stage IV - Confined to wheelchair or bedridden.	
		FAP stage in the context of this PBS restriction are:	
		Stage 0 - No symptoms;	
		Stage 1 - Unimpaired ambulation;	
		Stage 2 - Assistance with ambulation required;	
		Stage 3 - Wheelchair-bound or bedridden.	
		Applications for authorisation under this treatment phase must be made via the Online PBS Authorities System (real time assessment) or in writing via HPOS form upload or mail.	

	If the application is submitted through HPOS form upload or mail, it must include: (a) details of the proposed prescription; and (b) a completed authority application form relevant to the indication and treatment phase (the latest version is located on the website specified in the Administrative Advice).	
C15478	Transitioning from non-PBS to PBS-subsidised supply - Grandfather arrangements	Compliance with Written Authority Required procedures
C15501	Continuing treatment	Compliance with Written Authority Required procedures

[25] Schedule 3, entry for Tadalafil

(a) *omit*:

C13484	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)	Compliance with Written
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	Initial 1 (new patients)	Authority Required
	Patient must not have received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a pulmonary arterial	procedures
	hypertension (PAH) agent.	
	Must be treated by a physician with expertise in the management of PAH, with this authority	
	application to be completed by the physician with expertise in PAH.	
	Patient must have WHO Functional Class II PAH, or WHO Functional Class III PAH; AND	
	The treatment must be the sole PBS-subsidised PAH agent for this condition.	
	A prior PAH agent is any of: ambrisentan, bosentan, macitentan, sildenafil, tadalafil, epoprostenol,	
	iloprost, riociguat.	
	Applications for authorisation of initial treatment must be made via the Online PBS Authorities	
	System (real time assessment) or in writing via HPOS form upload or mail.	
	If the application is submitted through HPOS form upload or mail, it must include:	
	(a) a completed authority prescription form; and	
	(b) a completed authority application form relevant to the indication and treatment phase (the	
	latest version is located on the website specified in the Administrative Advice).	
	(1) Confirm that the patient has a diagnosis of pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) in line with	
	the following definition:	
	(a) mean pulmonary artery pressure (mPAP) at least 25 mmHg at rest and pulmonary artery	
	wedge pressure (PAWP) no greater than 15 mmHg; or	
	(b) where right heart catheterisation (RHC) cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right	
	ventricular systolic pressure assessed by echocardiography (ECHO) is greater than 40 mmHg,	
	with normal left ventricular function.	
	(2) Confirm that in forming the diagnosis of PAH, the following tests have been conducted:	
	- RHC composite assessment; and	
	- ECHO composite assessment; and	
	- 6 Minute Walk Test (6MWT)	
	Where it is not possible to perform all 3 tests on clinical grounds, the expected test combination, in	
	descending order, is:	
	- RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;	
	- RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;	
	- RHC composite assessment only.	
	In circumstances where RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, the expected test	
	combination, in descending order, is:	
	- ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;	
	- ECHO composite assessment only.	
	(3) Document the findings of these tests in the patient's medical records, including, where relevant	
	only, the reason/s:	
	 (i) for why fewer than 3 tests are able to be performed on clinical grounds; (ii) why RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds - confirm this by obtaining a second opinion 	
	from another PAH physician or cardiologist with expertise in the management of PAH; document	
	that this has occurred in the patient's medical records.	
	(4) Confirm that the test results are of a recency that the PAH physician making this authority application is satisfied that the diagnosis of PAH is current.	
	(5) Confirm that this authority application is not seeking subsidy for a patient with pulmonary	

		hypertension secondary to interstitial lung disease associated with connective tissue disease, where the total lung capacity is less than 70% of predicted. The test results must not be more than 6 months old at the time of application. The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of	
		treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested.	

(b) *omit:*

C13629		Compliance with Written
		Authority Required
		procedures
	hypertension (PAH) agent; AND	
	Patient must currently have WHO Functional Class III PAH or WHO Functional Class IV PAH;	
	AND	
	The treatment must form part of dual combination therapy consisting of: (i) one endothelin	
	receptor antagonist, (ii) one phosphodiesterase-5 inhibitor; OR	
	The treatment must form part of dual combination therapy consisting of: (i) one prostanoid, (ii) one	
	phosphodiesterase-5 inhibitor; OR	
	The treatment must form part of triple combination therapy consisting of: (i) one endothelin	
	receptor antagonist, (ii) one phosphodiesterase-5 inhibitor, (iii) one prostanoid; triple combination	
	therapy is treating a patient with class IV PAH.	
	Must be treated by a physician with expertise in the management of PAH, with this authority	
	application to be completed by the physician with expertise in PAH.	
	Applications for authorisation of initial treatment must be made via the Online PBS Authorities	
	System (real time assessment) or in writing via HPOS form upload or mail.	
	If the application is submitted through HPOS form upload or mail, it must include:	
	(a) a completed authority prescription form; and	
	(b) a completed authority application form relevant to the indication and treatment phase (the	
	latest version is located on the website specified in the Administrative Advice).	
	(1) Confirm that the patient has a diagnosis of pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) in line with	
	the following definition:	
	(a) mean pulmonary artery pressure (mPAP) at least 25 mmHg at rest and pulmonary artery	
	wedge pressure (PAWP) no greater than 15 mmHg; or	
	(b) where right heart catheterisation (RHC) cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right	
	ventricular systolic pressure assessed by echocardiography (ECHO) is greater than 40 mmHg,	
	with normal left ventricular function.	
	(2) Confirm that in forming the diagnosis of PAH, the following tests have been conducted:	
	- RHC composite assessment; and	
	- ECHO composite assessment; and	
	- 6 Minute Walk Test (6MWT)	
	Where it is not possible to perform all 3 tests on clinical grounds, the expected test combination, in	
	descending order, is:	
	- RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;	

	 RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT; RHC composite assessment only. In circumstances where RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, the expected test combination, in descending order, is: ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT; ECHO composite assessment only. (3) Document the findings of these tests in the patient's medical records, including, where relevant only, the reason/s: (i) for why fewer than 3 tests are able to be performed on clinical grounds; (ii) why RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds - confirm this by obtaining a second opinion from another PAH physician or cardiologist with expertise in the management of PAH; document that this has occurred in the patient's medical records. (4) Confirm that this authority application is not seeking subsidy for a patient with pulmonary hypertension secondary to interstitial lung disease associated with connective tissue disease, where the total lung capacity is less than 70% of predicted. 	
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(c) *insert in numerical order after existing text:*

Cf	15463	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)	Compliance with Authority
		Initial 3 - changing to this drug in combination therapy (dual or triple therapy)	Required procedures
		The treatment must form part of dual combination therapy consisting of: (i) one endothelin receptor antagonist, (ii) one phosphodiesterase-5 inhibitor; OR	
		The treatment must form part of dual combination therapy consisting of: (i) one prostanoid, (ii) one phosphodiesterase-5 inhibitor; OR	
		The treatment must form part of triple combination therapy consisting of: (i) one endothelin receptor antagonist, (ii) one phosphodiesterase-5 inhibitor, (iii) one prostanoid.	
		Patient must be undergoing existing PBS-subsidised combination therapy with at least this drug in the combination changing; combination therapy is not to commence through this Treatment phase listing; AND	
		Must be treated by a physician with expertise in the management of PAH, with this authority application to be completed by the physician with expertise in PAH.	
		Tadalafil 20 mg with pack size of 60 tablets may be prescribed when used in a combination with endothelin receptor antagonist to provide sufficient supply of both medicines for the same number of days.	
C	15464	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)	Compliance with Written
		Initial 1 - combination therapy (dual or triple therapy, excluding selexipag) in an untreated patient	Authority Required
		Patient must not have received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) agent; AND	procedures
		Patient must currently have WHO Functional Class III PAH or WHO Functional Class IV PAH;	

AND
The treatment must form part of dual combination therapy consisting of: (i) one endothelin receptor antagonist, (ii) one phosphodiesterase-5 inhibitor; OR
The treatment must form part of dual combination therapy consisting of: (i) one prostanoid, (ii) one phosphodiesterase-5 inhibitor; OR
The treatment must form part of triple combination therapy consisting of: (i) one endothelin receptor antagonist, (ii) one phosphodiesterase-5 inhibitor, (iii) one prostanoid; triple combination therapy is treating a patient with class IV PAH.
Must be treated by a physician with expertise in the management of PAH, with this authority application to be completed by the physician with expertise in PAH.
Applications for authorisation of initial treatment must be made via the Online PBS Authorities System (real time assessment) or in writing via HPOS form upload or mail.
If the application is submitted through HPOS form upload or mail, it must include:
(a) details of the proposed prescription; and
(b) a completed authority application form relevant to the indication and treatment phase (the latest version is located on the website specified in the Administrative Advice).
(1) Confirm that the patient has a diagnosis of pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) in line with the following definition:
(a) mean pulmonary artery pressure (mPAP) at least 25 mmHg at rest and pulmonary artery wedge pressure (PAWP) no greater than 15 mmHg; or
(b) where right heart catheterisation (RHC) cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular systolic pressure assessed by echocardiography (ECHO) is greater than 40 mmHg, with normal left ventricular function.
(2) Confirm that in forming the diagnosis of PAH, the following tests have been conducted:
- RHC composite assessment; and
- ECHO composite assessment; and
- 6 Minute Walk Test (6MWT)
Where it is not possible to perform all 3 tests on clinical grounds, the expected test combination, in descending order, is:
- RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;
- RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- RHC composite assessment only.
In circumstances where RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, the expected test combination, in descending order, is:
- ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- ECHO composite assessment only.
(3) Document the findings of these tests in the patient's medical records, including, where relevant

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	only, the reason/s:	
	(i) for why fewer than 3 tests are able to be performed on clinical grounds;	
	(ii) why RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds - confirm this by obtaining a second opinion from another PAH physician or cardiologist with expertise in the management of PAH; document that this has occurred in the patient's medical records.	
	(4) Confirm that this authority application is not seeking subsidy for a patient with pulmonary hypertension secondary to interstitial lung disease associated with connective tissue disease, where the total lung capacity is less than 70% of predicted.	
	Tadalafil 20 mg with pack size of 60 tablets may be prescribed when used in a combination with endothelin receptor antagonist to provide sufficient supply of both medicines for the same number of days.	
C15486	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)	Compliance with Written
		Authority Required
	Patient must not have received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) agent.	procedures
	Must be treated by a physician with expertise in the management of PAH, with this authority application to be completed by the physician with expertise in PAH.	
	Patient must have WHO Functional Class II PAH, or WHO Functional Class III PAH; AND	
	The treatment must be the sole PBS-subsidised PAH agent for this condition.	
	A prior PAH agent is any of: ambrisentan, bosentan, macitentan, sildenafil, tadalafil, epoprostenol, iloprost, riociguat.	
	Applications for authorisation of initial treatment must be made via the Online PBS Authorities System (real time assessment) or in writing via HPOS form upload or mail.	
	If the application is submitted through HPOS form upload or mail, it must include:	
	(a) details of the proposed prescription; and	
	(b) a completed authority application form relevant to the indication and treatment phase (the latest version is located on the website specified in the Administrative Advice).	
	(1) Confirm that the patient has a diagnosis of pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) in line with the following definition:	
	(a) mean pulmonary artery pressure (mPAP) at least 25 mmHg at rest and pulmonary artery wedge pressure (PAWP) no greater than 15 mmHg; or	
	(b) where right heart catheterisation (RHC) cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular systolic pressure assessed by echocardiography (ECHO) is greater than 40 mmHg, with normal left ventricular function.	
	(2) Confirm that in forming the diagnosis of PAH, the following tests have been conducted:	
	- RHC composite assessment; and	

		FOLIO composite accomment and	
		- ECHO composite assessment; and	
		- 6 Minute Walk Test (6MWT)	
		Where it is not possible to perform all 3 tests on clinical grounds, the expected test combination, in descending order, is:	
		- RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;	
		- RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;	
		- RHC composite assessment only.	
		In circumstances where RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, the expected test combination, in descending order, is:	
		- ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;	
		- ECHO composite assessment only.	
		(3) Document the findings of these tests in the patient's medical records, including, where relevant only, the reason/s:	
		(i) for why fewer than 3 tests are able to be performed on clinical grounds;	
		(ii) why RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds - confirm this by obtaining a second opinion from another PAH physician or cardiologist with expertise in the management of PAH; document that this has occurred in the patient's medical records.	
		(4) Confirm that the test results are of a recency that the PAH physician making this authority application is satisfied that the diagnosis of PAH is current.	
		(5) Confirm that this authority application is not seeking subsidy for a patient with pulmonary hypertension secondary to interstitial lung disease associated with connective tissue disease, where the total lung capacity is less than 70% of predicted.	
		The test results must not be more than 6 months old at the time of application.	
		The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.	
		A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested.	
		Tadalafil 20 mg with pack size of 60 tablets may be prescribed when used in a combination with endothelin receptor antagonist to provide sufficient supply of both medicines for the same number of days.	
c	C15494	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)	Compliance with Authority
		Initial 2 - starting combination therapy (dual or triple therapy, excluding selexipag) in a treated patient where a diagnosis of pulmonary arterial hypertension is established through a prior PBS authority application	Required procedures
		Patient must currently have WHO Functional Class III PAH or WHO Functional Class IV PAH; AND	
		Patient must have failed to achieve/maintain WHO Functional Class II status with at least one of the following PBS-subsidised therapies: (i) endothelin receptor antagonist monotherapy, (ii)	

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	phosphodiesterase-5 inhibitor monotherapy, (iii) prostanoid monotherapy; AND	
	The treatment must form part of dual combination therapy consisting of: (i) one endothelin receptor antagonist, (ii) one phosphodiesterase-5 inhibitor; OR	
	The treatment must form part of dual combination therapy consisting of: (i) one prostanoid, (ii) one phosphodiesterase-5 inhibitor; OR	
	The treatment must form part of triple combination therapy consisting of: (i) one endothelin receptor antagonist, (ii) one phosphodiesterase-5 inhibitor, (iii) one prostanoid; triple combination therapy is treating a patient in whom monotherapy/dual combination therapy has been inadequate.	
	Must be treated by a physician with expertise in the management of PAH, with this authority application to be completed by the physician with expertise in PAH.	
	Tadalafil 20 mg with pack size of 60 tablets may be prescribed when used in a combination with endothelin receptor antagonist to provide sufficient supply of both medicines for the same number of days.	
C15495	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)	Compliance with Authority
	Continuing treatment	Required procedures
	Patient must have received their most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment with this PAH agent for this condition; AND	
	The treatment must be the sole PBS-subsidised PAH agent for this condition.	
	Must be treated by a physician with expertise in the management of PAH, with this authority application to be completed by the physician with expertise in PAH.	
	A prior PAH agent is any of: ambrisentan, bosentan, macitentan, sildenafil, tadalafil, epoprostenol, iloprost, riociguat.	
	PAH agents are not PBS-subsidised for patients with pulmonary hypertension secondary to interstitial lung disease associated with connective tissue disease, where the total lung capacity is less than 70% of predicted.	
	The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.	
	A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested.	
	Tadalafil 20 mg with pack size of 60 tablets may be prescribed when used in a combination with endothelin receptor antagonist to provide sufficient supply of both medicines for the same number of days.	
C15505	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)	Compliance with Authority
	Initial 2 (change)	Required procedures
	Patient must have documented WHO Functional Class II PAH, or WHO Functional Class III PAH; AND	
	Patient must have had their most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment for this condition	

	with a DALL and other than the anti-	
	with a PAH agent other than this agent; AND	
	The treatment must be the sole PBS-subsidised PAH agent for this condition.	
	Must be treated by a physician with expertise in the management of PAH, with this authority application to be completed by the physician with expertise in PAH.	
	A prior PAH agent is any of: ambrisentan, bosentan, macitentan, sildenafil, tadalafil, epoprostenol, iloprost, riociguat.	
	PAH agents are not PBS-subsidised for patients with pulmonary hypertension secondary to interstitial lung disease associated with connective tissue disease, where the total lung capacity is less than 70% of predicted.	
	Swapping between PAH agents: Patients can access PAH agents through the PBS according to the relevant restrictions. Once these patients are approved initial treatment (monotherapy) with 1 of these 8 drugs, they may swap between PAH agents at any time without having to re-qualify for treatment with the alternate agent. This means that patients may commence treatment with the alternate agent, subject to that agent's restriction, irrespective of the severity of their disease at the time the application to swap therapy is submitted.	
	Applications to swap between the 8 PAH agents must be made under the relevant initial treatment (monotherapy) restriction.	
	The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.	
	A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested.	
	Tadalafil 20 mg with pack size of 60 tablets may be prescribed when used in a combination with endothelin receptor antagonist to provide sufficient supply of both medicines for the same number of days.	
C15508	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)	Compliance with Written Authority Required procedures
	Initial 1 (new patients)	
	Patient must not have received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) agent.	
	Must be treated by a physician with expertise in the management of PAH, with this authority application to be completed by the physician with expertise in PAH.	
	Patient must have WHO Functional Class II PAH, or WHO Functional Class III PAH; AND	
	The treatment must be the sole PBS-subsidised PAH agent for this condition.	
	A prior PAH agent is any of: ambrisentan, bosentan, macitentan, sildenafil, tadalafil, epoprostenol, iloprost, riociguat.	
	Applications for authorisation of initial treatment must be made via the Online PBS Authorities System (real time assessment) or in writing via HPOS form upload or mail.	
	If the application is submitted through HPOS form upload or mail, it must include:	
	(a) details of the proposed prescription; and	

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	(b) a completed authority application form relevant to the indication and treatment phase (the latest version is located on the website specified in the Administrative Advice).
	(1) Confirm that the patient has a diagnosis of pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) in line with the following definition:
	(a) mean pulmonary artery pressure (mPAP) at least 25 mmHg at rest and pulmonary artery wedge pressure (PAWP) no greater than 15 mmHg; or
	(b) where right heart catheterisation (RHC) cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular systolic pressure assessed by echocardiography (ECHO) is greater than 40 mmHg, with normal left ventricular function.
	(2) Confirm that in forming the diagnosis of PAH, the following tests have been conducted:
	- RHC composite assessment; and
	- ECHO composite assessment; and
	- 6 Minute Walk Test (6MWT)
	Where it is not possible to perform all 3 tests on clinical grounds, the expected test combination, in descending order, is:
	- RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;
	- RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;
	- RHC composite assessment only.
	In circumstances where RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, the expected test combination, in descending order, is:
	- ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;
	- ECHO composite assessment only.
	(3) Document the findings of these tests in the patient's medical records, including, where relevant only, the reason/s:
	(i) for why fewer than 3 tests are able to be performed on clinical grounds;
	(ii) why RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds - confirm this by obtaining a second opinion from another PAH physician or cardiologist with expertise in the management of PAH; document that this has occurred in the patient's medical records.
	(4) Confirm that the test results are of a recency that the PAH physician making this authority application is satisfied that the diagnosis of PAH is current.
	(5) Confirm that this authority application is not seeking subsidy for a patient with pulmonary hypertension secondary to interstitial lung disease associated with connective tissue disease, where the total lung capacity is less than 70% of predicted.
	The test results must not be more than 6 months old at the time of application.
	The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.
	A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested.

c	C15513	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)	Compliance with Authority
		Continuing treatment of combination therapy (dual or triple therapy, excluding selexipag)	Required procedures
		The treatment must form part of dual combination therapy consisting of: (i) one endothelin receptor antagonist, (ii) one phosphodiesterase-5 inhibitor; OR	
		The treatment must form part of dual combination therapy consisting of: (i) one prostanoid, (ii) one phosphodiesterase-5 inhibitor; OR	
		The treatment must form part of triple combination therapy consisting of: (i) one endothelin receptor antagonist, (ii) one phosphodiesterase-5 inhibitor, (iii) one prostanoid.	
		Patient must be undergoing continuing treatment of existing PBS-subsidised combination therapy (dual/triple therapy, excluding selexipag), where this drug in the combination remains unchanged from the previous authority application; AND	
		Must be treated by a physician with expertise in the management of PAH, with this authority application to be completed by the physician with expertise in PAH.	
		Tadalafil 20 mg with pack size of 60 tablets may be prescribed when used in a combination with endothelin receptor antagonist to provide sufficient supply of both medicines for the same number of days.	
c	C15515	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)	Compliance with Written Authority Required procedures
		Initial 1 - combination therapy (dual or triple therapy, excluding selexipag) in an untreated patient	
		Patient must not have received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) agent; AND	
		Patient must currently have WHO Functional Class III PAH or WHO Functional Class IV PAH; AND	
		The treatment must form part of dual combination therapy consisting of: (i) one endothelin receptor antagonist, (ii) one phosphodiesterase-5 inhibitor; OR	
		The treatment must form part of dual combination therapy consisting of: (i) one prostanoid, (ii) one phosphodiesterase-5 inhibitor; OR	
		The treatment must form part of triple combination therapy consisting of: (i) one endothelin receptor antagonist, (ii) one phosphodiesterase-5 inhibitor, (iii) one prostanoid; triple combination therapy is treating a patient with class IV PAH.	
		Must be treated by a physician with expertise in the management of PAH, with this authority application to be completed by the physician with expertise in PAH.	
		Applications for authorisation of initial treatment must be made via the Online PBS Authorities System (real time assessment) or in writing via HPOS form upload or mail.	
		If the application is submitted through HPOS form upload or mail, it must include:	
		(a) details of the proposed prescription; and	
		(b) a completed authority application form relevant to the indication and treatment phase (the latest version is located on the website specified in the Administrative Advice).	

	(1) Confirm that the patient has a diagnosis of pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) in line with the following definition:	
	(a) mean pulmonary artery pressure (mPAP) at least 25 mmHg at rest and pulmonary artery wedge pressure (PAWP) no greater than 15 mmHg; or	
	(b) where right heart catheterisation (RHC) cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular systolic pressure assessed by echocardiography (ECHO) is greater than 40 mmHg, with normal left ventricular function.	
	(2) Confirm that in forming the diagnosis of PAH, the following tests have been conducted:	
	- RHC composite assessment; and	
	- ECHO composite assessment; and	
	- 6 Minute Walk Test (6MWT)	
	Where it is not possible to perform all 3 tests on clinical grounds, the expected test combination, in descending order, is:	
	- RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;	
	- RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;	
	- RHC composite assessment only.	
	In circumstances where RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, the expected test combination, in descending order, is:	
	- ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;	
	- ECHO composite assessment only.	
	(3) Document the findings of these tests in the patient's medical records, including, where relevant only, the reason/s:	
	(i) for why fewer than 3 tests are able to be performed on clinical grounds;	
	(ii) why RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds - confirm this by obtaining a second opinion from another PAH physician or cardiologist with expertise in the management of PAH; document that this has occurred in the patient's medical records.	
	(4) Confirm that this authority application is not seeking subsidy for a patient with pulmonary hypertension secondary to interstitial lung disease associated with connective tissue disease, where the total lung capacity is less than 70% of predicted.	
C15525	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)	Compliance with Authority
	Triple therapy - Initial treatment or continuing treatment of triple combination therapy (including dual therapy in lieu of triple therapy) that includes selexipag	Required procedures
	The treatment must form part of triple combination therapy consisting of: (i) one endothelin receptor antagonist, (ii) one phosphodiesterase-5 inhibitor, (iii) PBS-subsidised selexipag (referred to as 'triple therapy'); OR	
	The treatment must form part of dual combination therapy consisting of either: (i) PBS-subsidised selexipag with one endothelin receptor antagonist, (ii) PBS-subsidised selexipag with one	

phosphodiesterase-5 inhibitor, as triple combination therapy with selexipag-an endothelin receptor antagonist-a phoshodiesterase-5 inhibitor is not possible due to an intolerance/contraindication to the endothelin receptor antagonist class/phosphodiesterase-5 inhibitor class (referred to as 'dual therapy in lieu of triple therapy').	
Must be treated by a physician with expertise in the management of PAH, with this authority application to be completed by the physician with expertise in PAH.	
The authority application for selexipag must be approved prior to the authority application for this agent.	
For the purposes of PBS subsidy, an endothelin receptor antagonist is one of: (a) ambrisentan, (b) bosentan, (c) macitentan; a phosphodiesterase-5 inhibitor is one of: (d) sildenafil, (e) tadalafil.	
PBS-subsidy does not cover patients with pulmonary hypertension secondary to interstitial lung disease associated with connective tissue disease, where the total lung capacity is less than 70% of predicted.	
PAH (WHO Group 1 pulmonary hypertension) is defined as follows:	
(i) mean pulmonary artery pressure (mPAP) greater than or equal to 25 mmHg at rest and pulmonary artery wedge pressure (PAWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; or	
(ii) where a right heart catheter (RHC) cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular systolic pressure (RVSP), assessed by echocardiography (ECHO), greater than 40 mmHg, with normal left ventricular function.	
The results and date of the RHC, ECHO and 6 MWT as applicable must be included in the patient's medical record. Where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, the written confirmation of the reasons why must also be included in the patient's medical record.	
The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.	
A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested.	
Tadalafil 20 mg with pack size of 60 tablets may be prescribed when used in a combination with endothelin receptor antagonist to provide sufficient supply of both medicines for the same number of days.	