The Parliament of the Commonwealth of Australia

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

(As read a third time)

Income Tax (Transitional Provisions) Bill 1996

No. , 1996

A Bill for an Act setting out application and transitional provisions for the *Income Tax*Assessment Act 1996

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L.M. BARLIN
Clerk of the House of Representatives
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October 1996
Bill for an Act setting out application and ransitional provisions for the <i>Income Tax</i> assessment Act 1996
he Parliament of Australia enacts:
Chapter 1—Introduction and core provisions

This Bill originated in the House of

Section 1-1

1	
2	Division 1—Preliminary
3	Table of sections
4	1-1 Short title
5	1-5 Commencement
6	1-10 Expressions mean the same as in the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1996</i>
7	1-1 Short title
8	This Act may be cited as the <i>Income Tax (Transitional Provisions)</i>
9	Act 1996.
10	1-5 Commencement
11	This Act commences on 1 July 1997.
12	1-10 Expressions mean the same as in the <i>Income Tax Assessment</i>
13	Act 1996
14	Expressions mean the same in this Act as in the <i>Income Tax</i>
15	Assessment Act 1996.
16	[The next heading is the heading to Part 1-3.]

Section 4-1

1			
2	Part 1-3—Core Provisions		
3	[The next Division is Division 4.]		
4 5	Division 4—How to work out the income tax payable on your taxable income		
6	4-1 Application of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1996		
7	The <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1996</i> , as originally enacted,		
8	applies to assessments for the 1997-98 income year and later		
9	income years.		
10	Note: For the application of amendments of that Act (including new provisions inserted in it) see the Acts making the amendments		

Section 6-2

1		
2	Division 6—Assessable income and exempt income	
3	Table of sections	
4	6-2 Effect of this Division	
5	Assessable income for income years before 1997-98	
6	6-20 Exempt income for income years before 1997-98	
7	6-2 Effect of this Division	
8	This Division has effect for the purposes of the <i>Income Tax</i>	
9	Assessment Act 1996 and of this Act.	
10	6-3 Assessable income for income years before 1997-98	
11	For the 1996-97 income year or an earlier income year, assessable	
12	<i>income</i> means all the amounts that under the <i>Income Tax</i>	
13	Assessment Act 1936 are included in the assessable income.	
14	6-20 Exempt income for income years before 1997-98	
15	For the 1996-97 income year or an earlier income year, exempt	
16	income means income which is exempt from tax and includes	
17	income which is not assessable income.	

1	
2	Division 8—Deductions
3	Table of sections
4	8-2 Effect of this Division
5	8-3 Deductions for income years before 1997-98
6 7	No double deductions for income year before 1997-98 and income year after 1996-97
8	8-2 Effect of this Division
9	This Division has effect for the purposes of the <i>Income Tax</i>
10	Assessment Act 1996 and of this Act.
11	8-3 Deductions for income years before 1997-98
12	For the 1996-97 income year or an earlier income year, <i>deduction</i>
13	means a deduction allowable under the <i>Income Tax Assessment Ac</i>
14	1936.
15 16	8-10 No double deductions for income year before 1997-98 and income year after 1996-97
17	If:
18	(a) a provision of the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1936</i> allows
19	you a deduction in respect of an amount for the 1996-97
20	income year or an earlier income year; and
21	(b) a different provision of that Act, or a provision of the <i>Income</i>
22	Tax Assessment Act 1996, allows you a deduction in respect
23	of the same amount for the 1997-98 income year or a later
24	income year;
25	you can deduct only under the provision that is most appropriate.

[The next heading is the heading to Chapter 2.]

Section 28-100

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1 2 3	Chapter 2—Liability rules of general application
4	[The next heading is the heading to Part 2-5.]
5	Part 2-5—Rules about deductibility of particular kinds of amounts
7	[The next Division is Division 28.]
8	Division 28—Car expenses
9	28-100 Log books
10 11 12	(1) This section has effect for the purposes of section 28-115 (Income years for which you need to keep a log book) of the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1996</i> .
13 14 15 16 17	(2) You are taken to have used the "log book" method for a car for the 1993-94 income year or an earlier income year if section 82KUD of the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1936</i> applied for the purpose of determining the amounts of deductions allowable under that Act in respect of car expenses you incurred for the car in that income year.
19 20 21	(3) You are taken to have used the "log book" method for a car for the 1994-95, 1995-96 or 1996-97 income year if you used that method of deducting car expenses for that income year.
22 23 24 25 26	(4) You are taken to have kept a log book for a car for the 1994-95 income year or an earlier income year if log book records and odometer records for the car were maintained by you or on your behalf, in accordance with Subdivision F of Division 3 of Part III of the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1936</i> , for the applicable log

book period in that income year. Those log book records and

Section 28-100

1 2	odometer records are taken to be the log book you kept for that income year.
3	(5) You are taken to have kept a log book for a car for the 1994-95,
4	1995-96 or 1996-97 income year if you did so in accordance with
5	Schedule 2A to the Income Tax Assessment Act 1936.
6 7	Note: The 1994-95 income year is covered by both subsections (4) and (5). This is because you may have kept your log book records and
8	odometer records under Subdivision F of Division 3 of Part III of the
9	Income Tax Assessment Act 1936 before Schedule 2A to that Act was
10	enacted.
1	[The next Division is Division 36.]

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2	Division 36—Tax losses of earlier income years
3	Table of sections
4	36-100 Tax losses for the 1997-98 and later income years
5	36-105 Tax losses for 1989-90 to 1996-97 income years
6	36-110 Tax losses for 1957-58 to 1988-89 income years
7	36-100 Tax losses for the 1997-98 and later income years
8	To work out your <i>tax loss</i> (if any) for the 1997-98 income year or a
9	later income year, apply the provisions of the <i>Income Tax</i>
10	Assessment Act 1996 about tax losses.
11	Start at Division 36 of that Act
12	36-105 Tax losses for 1989-90 to 1996-97 income years
13	(1) If you incurred a loss for the purposes of section 79E (General
14	domestic losses of 1989-90 to 1996-97 years of income) of the
15	Income Tax Assessment Act 1936 in any of the 1989-90 to 1996-97
16	income years, the loss is your <i>tax loss</i> for that income year, which
17	is called a <i>loss year</i> .

- is called a *loss year*.
- (2) You can deduct the tax loss in the 1997-98 or a later income year only to the extent that it has not already been deducted.

36-110 Tax losses for 1957-58 to 1988-89 income years

- (1) If you incurred a loss for the purposes of section 80AA (Primary production losses of pre-1990 years of income) of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1936 in any of the 1957-58 to 1988-89 income years, the loss is your tax loss for that income year, which is called a loss year. The loss is also called a primary production loss.
- (2) You can deduct the tax loss in the 1997-98 or a later income year only to the extent that it has not already been deducted.

Section 36-110

1 2 3	(3) You deduct your primary production losses (in the order in which you incurred them) before any other tax losses of the same or any other loss year, except film losses.
4 5 6 7	(4) A company cannot transfer any amount of a primary production loss for the 1983-84 or an earlier income year under Subdivision 170-A (Transfer of tax losses within wholly-owned groups of companies) of the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1996</i> .
8 9 0 1 1 2	(5) For the purposes of determining how much (if any) of a primary production loss you can deduct in the 1997-98 or a later income year, subsections 80AA(9), (10) and (11) of the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1936</i> apply in the same way as they apply for the purposes they refer to.
13	[The next heading is the heading to Part 2-10.]

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Part 2-10—Capital allowances: rules about
deductibility of capital expenditure

4 [The next Division is Division 43.]

Division 43—Deductions for capital works

6	Table	of	sections

43-100 Application of Division 43 to quasi-ownership rights over land
43-105 Application of subsections 43-50(1) and (2) to hotel buildings and apartment buildings

43-100 Application of Division 43 to quasi-ownership rights over land

Division 43 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1996* applies to quasi-ownership rights over land granted in respect of:

- (a) capital works being a hotel building or an apartment building begun after 30 June 1997; and
- (b) other capital works begun after 26 February 1992.

43-105 Application of subsections 43-50(1) and (2) to hotel buildings and apartment buildings

Subsections 43-50(1) and (2) of the *Income Tax Assessment Act* 1996 do not apply to capital works being a hotel building or an apartment building begun before 1 July 1997.

[The next heading is the heading to Chapter 3.]

Chapter 3	3—Specialist liability rules
[Th	e next heading is the heading to Part 3-45.]
	-Rules for particular industries and cupations
[Th	e next heading is the heading to Division 330.]
Division 330	—Mining and quarrying
Table of Subd	ivisions
330-С	Development and operation of a mine or quarry
330-E	Selling a right or information
330-F	Excess deductions
330-Н	Transporting the product
330-J	Balancing adjustment
330-L	Modification of Common rules
[Th	ne next Subdivision is Subdivision 330-C.]
Subdivision 3	330-C—Development and operation of a mine
qu	arry
Table of section	ons
330-1	Converting pre-19 July 1982 general mining and petroleum expendit
330-5	into allowable capital expenditure under the new law Converting post-19 July 1982 general mining and petroleum expendi
330-3	and post-15 August 1989 quarrying expenditure, into allowable capit
	expenditure under the new law

Section 330-1

1 2 3		330-	Converting old excess pre-1 July 1975 general mining exploration or prospecting deductions into allowable capital expenditure under the new law
4 5		330-	Reducing your unrecouped expenditure in the year you derive exempt income from the sale of rights to mine
6 7		330-	
8	330-1		verting pre-19 July 1982 general mining and petroleum
9 10			expenditure into allowable capital expenditure under the new law
11			If, apart from this section, you would have been entitled to a
12			deduction in respect of expenditure for the 1997-98 income year or
13			a later income year under any of the old diminishing value
14			provisions, you are not entitled to that deduction.
15			Instead, the total of that expenditure, less the total of any amounts
16			you have already deducted in respect of that expenditure for
17			income years before 1997-98, is taken to be allowable capital
18			expenditure (<i>new ACE</i>) incurred by you in the 1997-98 income
19			year.
20			If the old diminishing value provision that would have given rise to
21			the deduction is in Subdivision A (General mining) of Division 10
22			of Part III of the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1936</i> , then the new
23			ACE is taken to have been incurred in carrying on eligible mining
24			operations (other than in the course of petroleum mining).
25			If, on the other hand, it is in Division 10AA (Prospecting and
26			mining for petroleum) of that Part, then the new ACE is taken to
27			have been incurred in carrying on eligible mining operations in the
28			course of petroleum mining.
29		(4)	The <i>old diminishing value provisions</i> are:
30		. ,	•

Item	In Subdivision A (General mining) of Division 10 of Part III of the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1936</i>	In Division 10AA (Prospecting and mining for petroleum) of Part III of the <i>Income Tax</i> Assessment Act 1936
1.	section 122D	section 124AD
2.	section 122DB	section 124ADB
3.	section 122DD	section 124ADD
4.	section 122DF	section 124ADF

330-5 Converting post-19 July 1982 general mining and petroleum 1 expenditure, and post-15 August 1989 quarrying 2 expenditure, into allowable capital expenditure under the 3 new law 4 (1) If: 5 (a) in the 1996-97 income year or an earlier income year you 6 incurred allowable capital expenditure of the kind referred to 7 in subsection 122DG(1), 122JE(1) or 124ADG(1) of the 8 Income Tax Assessment Act 1936 (old capital expenditure); 9 and 10 (b) at the end of the 1996-97 income year an amount of that 11 expenditure is unrecouped (worked out under 12 subsection 122DG(4), 122JE(3) or 124ADG(4) of that Act 13 (as appropriate)); 14 that amount is taken to be allowable capital expenditure incurred 15 by you in the 1997-98 income year (new ACE). 16 (2) In working out how much of that new ACE is deductible for the 17 1997-98 income year or a later income year, the calculation (under 18 paragraph 330-100(2)(a), (3)(a) or (4)(a) of the *Income Tax* 19 Assessment Act 1996) of the years remaining is affected. 20 (3) Take away from the number you get after doing that calculation the 21 number of income years before the 1997-98 income year for which 22

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you deducted or, apart from the operation of subsection 122DG(6),

122JE(5) or 124ADG(6) of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1936

1 2	(as appropriate) would have deducted, an amount in respect of that old capital expenditure.
3	330-10 Converting old excess pre-1 July 1975 general mining
4 5	exploration or prospecting deductions into allowable capital expenditure under the new law
6	(1) If, at the end of the 1996-97 income year, there are excess amounts
7	of expenditure of the kind referred to in subsection 122J(3) of the
8	Income Tax Assessment Act 1936, that expenditure is taken to be
9	exploration or prospecting expenditure incurred by you in the
10	1997-98 income year.
11	(2) But you cannot deduct that expenditure under section 330-15 of the
12	Income Tax Assessment Act 1996 in the 1997-98 income year or a
13	later income year.
14	(3) Instead, in the first income year after the 1996-97 income year in
15	which you carry on eligible mining operations (other than in the
16	course of petroleum mining) that expenditure is taken to be
17	allowable capital expenditure incurred by you in that year. You can
18	then write it off in that income year and later income years under
19	section 330-80 of the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1996</i> .
20	330-15 Reducing your unrecouped expenditure in the year you
21	derive exempt income from the sale of rights to mine
22	(1) If:
23	(a) in the 1997-98 income year or a later income year (the <i>sale</i>
23 24	<i>year</i>) you derive, from the sale, transfer or assignment of
25	your rights to mine in a particular area in Australia, an
26	amount that is exempt income because of section 330-60 of
27	the Income Tax Assessment Act 1996; and
28	(b) in relation to that area, any excess amounts of expenditure
29	referred to in subsection 122J(3) of the <i>Income Tax</i>
30	Assessment Act 1936 have become allowable capital
31	expenditure incurred in the sale year or an earlier income
32	vear:

1 2	your unrecouped expenditure for the purposes of section 330-105 of the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1996</i> as at the end of the sale
3	year is reduced by an amount referred to in subsection (2).
4	(2) The amount is so much of those excess amounts as you have not
5	deducted and that you cannot deduct in the sale year. However, the
6	amount of the reduction cannot exceed the amount of the exempt
7	income.
8	330-20 Reducing your unrecouped expenditure in a year later than
9	the year you derive exempt income from the sale of rights to mine
11	If:
12	(a) in the 1997-98 income year or a later income year (the sale
13	year) you derive, from the sale, transfer or assignment of
14	your rights to mine in a particular area in Australia, an
15	amount that is exempt income because of section 330-60 of
16	the Income Tax Assessment Act 1996; and
17	(b) in relation to that area, there are excess amounts of
18	expenditure referred to in subsection 122J(3) of the <i>Income</i>
19	Tax Assessment Act 1936 that have not become allowable
20 21	capital expenditure incurred in the sale year or an earlier income year; and
	•
22 23	(c) those excess amounts become allowable capital expenditure incurred in an income year after the sale year (the <i>conversion</i>
24	year);
25	your unrecouped expenditure for the purposes of section 330-105
26	of the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1996</i> as at the end of the
27	conversion year is reduced by so much of those amounts as
28	exceeds the amount of exempt income.
29	[The next Subdivision is Subdivision 330-E.]

Subdivision 330-E—Selling a right or information

2	330-25 Old general mining and petroleum expenditure on plant
3	cannot be transferred under the new law
4	If:
5	(a) any of the new ACE referred to in section 330-1 of this Act;
6	or
7	(b) any of the unrecouped expenditure referred to in
8	section 330-5 of this Act; or
9	(c) any of the whole or part of a deduction disallowed for the
0	1996-97 income year because of subsection 122DG(6) or
1	124ADG(6) of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1936;
12	can be attributed to expenditure on plant, disregard that
13	expenditure for the purposes of paragraph 330-245(2)(a) (about the
4	limit on an amount that can be included in an agreement) of the
15	Income Tax Assessment Act 1996.

Subdivision 330-F—Excess deductions

Table of sections

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16

18 19 20	330-30	Converting old excess 1 July 1975 to 21 August 1984 general mining exploration or prospecting deductions into excess deductions under the new law
21 22	330-35	Converting old excess pre-17 August 1976 petroleum exploration or prospecting deductions into excess deductions under the new law
23 24 25	330-40	Converting old excess post-21 August 1984 general mining, post-15 August 1989 quarrying and post-17 August 1976 petroleum, exploration or prospecting deductions into excess deductions under the new law
26 27	330-45	Converting old excess general mining, quarrying and petroleum deductions into excess deductions under the new law
28 29	330-50	Preserving the old election rules for post-1 July 1985 general mining, quarrying and petroleum expenditure
30 31	330-55	No right to elect that your deductions be unlimited for pre-1 July 1985 general mining and petroleum expenditure

1	330-30	Co	onverting old excess 1 July 1975 to 21 August 1984 general
2			mining exploration or prospecting deductions into excess deductions under the new law
4		(1)	If, at the end of the 1996-97 income year, there are excess amounts
5		(1)	of expenditure of the kind referred to in subsection 122J(4) of the
6			Income Tax Assessment Act 1936, that expenditure is taken to be
7			exploration or prospecting expenditure incurred by you in the
8			1997-98 income year (<i>new EPE</i>).
9		(2)	For each applicable year you are taken to be able, because of
10			section 330-310 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1996, to deduct
11			the relevant amount of the new EPE under section 330-15 of that
12			Act.
13		(3)	An <i>applicable year</i> is an income year after the 1996-97 income
14			year in which you carry on eligible mining operations (other than
15			in the course of petroleum mining) and a mining business (other
16			than a petroleum mining business).
17		(4)	The <i>relevant amount</i> for an applicable year is worked out as
18			follows:
19			(a) take away from the amount of new EPE the total of the
20			relevant amounts for any earlier applicable years;
21			(b) the relevant amount is so much of what remains as does not
22			exceed:
23			• the assessable income you derive in that year from
24			carrying on that mining business, or from your
25			activities associated directly or indirectly with your
26			carrying on that business;
27			less
28			 all your deductions that directly relate to that business
29			or those activities in that year.

1	330-35	Co	onverting old excess pre-17 August 1976 petroleum
2			exploration or prospecting deductions into excess
3			deductions under the new law
4		(1)	If, at the end of the 1996-97 income year, there are excess amounts
5			of expenditure of the kind referred to in subsection 124AH(4) of
6			the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1936</i> , that expenditure is taken to
7			be exploration or prospecting expenditure incurred by you in the
8			1997-98 income year (<i>new EPE</i>).
9		(2)	For each applicable year you are taken to be able, because of
0			section 330-310 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1996, to deduct
1			the relevant amount of the new EPE under section 330-15 of that
12			Act.
13		(3)	An <i>applicable year</i> is an income year after the 1996-97 income
4			year in which you have assessable income from petroleum.
15		(4)	The <i>relevant amount</i> for an applicable year is worked out as
6			follows:
17			(a) take away from the amount of new EPE the total of the
8			relevant amounts for any earlier applicable years;
9			(b) the relevant amount is so much of what remains as does not
20			exceed:
21			the assessable income you derive in that year from
22			petroleum;
23			less
24			• all your deductions in respect of that assessable
25			income.

1	330-40	Converting old excess post-21 August 1984 general mining,
2		post-15 August 1989 quarrying and post-17 August 1976 petroleum, exploration or prospecting deductions into
3		excess deductions under the new law
5		(1) If, at the end of the 1996-97 income year, there are excess amounts
6		of expenditure of the kind referred to in subsection 122J(4C), 122JF(6) or 124AH(4B) of the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1936</i>
7 8		(the 1936 Act), that expenditure is taken to be exploration or
9		prospecting expenditure incurred by you in the 1997-98 income
10		year (new EPE).
11		(2) You are taken to be able, because of section 330-310 of the <i>Income</i>
12		Tax Assessment Act 1996 (the 1996 Act), to deduct the new EPE
13		under section 330-15 of that Act in the first income year after the
14		1996-97 income year for which you have assessable income.
15		(3) But you can only deduct the new EPE under section 330-15 of the
16		1996 Act if you could have deducted it under that section had you
17		incurred it in that income year.
18		(4) If any part of the new EPE can be attributed to eligible gold
19		exploration or prospecting expenditure within the meaning of
20		section 159GZZJ of the 1936 Act (<i>gold expenditure</i>), you can only
21		deduct that part under section 330-15 of the 1996 Act in the
22		1997-98 income year or a later income year if that year begins less
23		than 7 years after the day on which that gold expenditure was incurred.
24		incurred.
25	330-45	Converting old excess general mining, quarrying and
26		petroleum deductions into excess deductions under the
27		new law
28		If the whole or part of a deduction for the 1996-97 income year is
29		disallowed because of subsection 122DG(6), 122JE(5) or
30		124ADG(6) of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1936 then that
31		whole or part is taken to be:

1 2	income year; and
3	(b) because of section 330-310 of the <i>Income Tax Assessment</i>
4	Act 1996, deductible by you under section 330-80 of that Ac
5	in the 1997-98 income year.
6	330-50 Preserving the old election rules for post-1 July 1985 general
7	mining, quarrying and petroleum expenditure
8	If:
9	(a) you incurred allowable capital expenditure within the
10	meaning of Division 10 or 10AA of Part III of the <i>Income</i>
11	Tax Assessment Act 1936 on or after 1 July 1985 and before
12	the 1997-98 income year; and
13	(b) an amount of that expenditure:
14	(i) is taken, because of section 330-1 of this Act, to be
15	allowable capital expenditure incurred by you in the
16	1997-98 income year in carrying on eligible mining
17	operations in the course of petroleum mining; or
18	(ii) is taken, because of section 330-5 or 330-45 of this Act
19	to be allowable capital expenditure incurred by you in
20	the 1997-98 income year; and
21	(c) in the 1997-98 income year or a later income year you can,
22	because of section 330-310 of the <i>Income Tax Assessment</i>
23	Act 1996 (the 1996 Act), deduct the whole or part of that
24	amount under section 330-80 of that Act; and
25	(d) in that year you elect under subsection 330-315(1) of the
26	1996 Act that your deductions under Subdivision 330-C of
27	that Act not be limited by your available assessable income;
28	subsection 330-315(3) of the 1996 Act does not apply to that
29	whole or part if you would have been able to deduct that whole or
30	part under Division 10 or 10AA of Part III of the Income Tax
31	Assessment Act 1936 if that Division had applied in that year.

1 2		nt to elect that your deductions be unlimited for -1 July 1985 general mining and petroleum
3	exp	enditure
4	(1) If:	
5	(a)	before 1 July 1985 you incurred expenditure of the kind
6		referred to in Division 10 or 10AA of Part III of the <i>Income</i>
7		Tax Assessment Act 1936; and
8	(b)	an amount of that expenditure becomes allowable capital
9		expenditure, or exploration or prospecting expenditure,
10		incurred by you in the 1997-98 income year because of section 330-1, 330-5, 330-10, 330-30, 330-35, 330-40 or
11 12		330-45 of this Act; and
13	(c)	in the 1997-98 income year or a later income year you can
14	(0)	deduct the whole or part of that amount under section 330-15
15		or 330-80 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1996;
16	you	cannot make an election under section 330-315 of the <i>Income</i>
17	Tax	Assessment Act 1996 in that year in relation to that whole or
18	part	•
19	(2) The	restriction in subsection (1) does not apply to the whole or part
20	of a	n amount you deduct in that income year if:
21	(a)	the whole or part is taken, because of section 330-1 of this
22		Act, to have been allowable capital expenditure incurred by
23		you in the 1997-98 income year in carrying on eligible
24 25		mining operations (other than in the course of petroleum mining); or
25 26	(b)	the whole or part is taken, because of section 330-10 of this
26 27	(0)	Act, to have been allowable capital expenditure incurred by
28		you in the first income year after the 1996-97 income year in
29		which you carry on eligible mining operations (other than in
30		the course of petroleum mining).
31	(3) If:	
32	(a)) in the 1997-98 income year or a later income year, you elect
33	. ,	that your deductions under Subdivision 330-C of the <i>Income</i>

1	Tax Assessment Act 1996 not be limited so that they
2	contribute to a tax loss; and
3	(b) the whole or part of an amount referred to in subsection (2) is one of those deductions;
5	you can only transfer so much of that loss, under
6	Subdivision 170-A (Transfer of tax losses within wholly-owned
7	groups of companies) of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1996, as
8	remains after taking off that whole or part.
9	[The next Subdivision is Subdivision 330-H.]
10	Subdivision 330-H—Transporting the product
11	330-60 Converting old transport expenditure into transport capital
12	expenditure under the new law
13	(1) If:
14	(a) in the 1996-97 income year or an earlier income year you
15	incurred capital expenditure of the kind referred to in
16	subsection 123B(1) (<i>minerals expenditure</i>) or 123BE(1)
17 18	(quarry expenditure) of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1936; and
19	(b) at the end of the 1996-97 income year you have not deducted
20	all of that expenditure;
21	then so much of that expenditure as you have not deducted is taken
22	to be transport capital expenditure incurred by you in the 1997-98
23	income year (new TCE).
24	(2) You must use this section to work out how much of that new TCE
25	is deductible over how long.
26	(3) In the case of minerals expenditure, the number of income years
27	(starting in the 1997-98 income year) over which you can deduct
28	the new TCE (the <i>remaining years</i>) is worked out by taking away
29	from 10 (or 20 if you made an election under section 123BB of the
30	<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1936</i>) the number of income years

1 2			re the 1997-98 income year for which you deducted an amount be minerals expenditure.
3		The	amount that you deducted in each of those income years
4		befo	re the 1997-98 income year is deductible in each of the
5		rema	aining years.
6	(4)	In th	e case of quarry expenditure, the number of income years
7			ting in the 1997-98 income year) over which you can deduct
8		the r	new TCE (the <i>remaining years</i>) is worked out by taking away
9			20 the number of income years before the 1997-98 income
10		year	for which you deducted an amount of the quarry expenditure.
11	(5)		amount that you deducted in each of those income years re the 1997-98 income year is deductible in each of the
12 13			aining years.
13		TCIII	uning years.
14		[The	next Subdivision is Subdivision 330-J.]
15	Subdivisi	ion 3	30-J—Balancing adjustment
16	Table of s	ection	ns
	221	0.65	How the balancing adjustment is affected if there has only been old
17 18	330	0-65	roll-over relief
17 18 19		0-63	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
18	330		roll-over relief
18 19	330 330	0-70 0-72	roll-over relief What the corresponding previous law is
18 19 20	330 330	0-70 0-72 ow th	roll-over relief What the corresponding previous law is What the old excess deduction provisions are
18 19 20 21 22	330-65 H	0-70 0-72 ow th bee 1	roll-over relief What the corresponding previous law is What the old excess deduction provisions are the balancing adjustment is affected if there has only
18 19 20 21 22 23	330-65 H	0-70 0-72 ow th bee i If:	what the corresponding previous law is What the old excess deduction provisions are the balancing adjustment is affected if there has only an old roll-over relief
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	330-65 H	0-70 0-72 ow th bee i If:	roll-over relief What the corresponding previous law is What the old excess deduction provisions are the balancing adjustment is affected if there has only in old roll-over relief in the 1996-97 income year or an earlier income year
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	330-65 H	0-70 0-72 ow th bee i If:	what the corresponding previous law is What the old excess deduction provisions are the balancing adjustment is affected if there has only in old roll-over relief in the 1996-97 income year or an earlier income year roll-over relief was available under any of the old roll-over
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	330-65 H	0-70 0-72 ow th bee i If:	what the corresponding previous law is What the old excess deduction provisions are the balancing adjustment is affected if there has only an old roll-over relief in the 1996-97 income year or an earlier income year roll-over relief was available under any of the old roll-over provisions in relation to the disposal of property by a
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	330-65 H	0-70 0-72 ow th bee i If:	what the corresponding previous law is What the old excess deduction provisions are the balancing adjustment is affected if there has only an old roll-over relief in the 1996-97 income year or an earlier income year roll-over relief was available under any of the old roll-over provisions in relation to the disposal of property by a taxpayer (the transferor) to another taxpayer (the
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	330-65 H	0-70 0-72 ow th bee (a)	what the corresponding previous law is What the old excess deduction provisions are the balancing adjustment is affected if there has only an old roll-over relief in the 1996-97 income year or an earlier income year roll-over relief was available under any of the old roll-over provisions in relation to the disposal of property by a

Section 330-65

(i) the property is lost or destroyed; or
(ii) the transferee disposes of the property in circumstances
where Subdivision 41-A of the <i>Income Tax Assessment</i>
Act 1996 (Common rule 1 (Roll-over relief for related
entities)) does not apply to the disposal; or
(iii) the transferee stops using the property for purposes that
qualify expenditure on the property for a deduction
under Subdivision 330-A, 330-C or 330-H of the
Income Tax Assessment Act 1996; and
(c) there has been no earlier disposal of the property where
roll-over relief was available under Common rule 1;
the balancing adjustment is affected in 2 ways.
(2) First:
(a) the total amounts deductible by the transferor, under
Division 10, 10AAA or 10AA of Part III of the <i>Income Tax</i>
Assessment Act 1936, in relation to the property; or
(b) if there have been 2 or more prior applications of the old
roll-over provisions—the total amounts deductible by the
prior transferors, under that Division, in relation to the
property;
are taken to have been deductible by the transferee, under that
Division, in relation to the property.
(3) Second:
(a) the total capital expenditure of the transferor in relation to the
property; or
(b) if there have been 2 or more prior applications of the old
roll-over provisions—the total capital expenditure of the
prior transferors in relation to the property;
is taken to have been capital expenditure of the transferee in
relation to the property.
(4) The <i>old roll-over provisions</i> are:
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Item	Mining Activity	Section of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1936
1.	General mining	122JAA
2.	Quarrying	122JG
3.	Transport of certain minerals	123BBA
4.	Transport of quarry materials	123BF
5.	Prospecting and mining for petroleum	124AMAA

330-70 What the corresponding previous law is

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- (1) For the purposes of Subdivisions 330-J, 330-K and 330-L of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1996* (the *1996 Act*), the corresponding previous law is set out in the following table.
- (2) The table sets out the rules for some of the capital allowances in the 1996 Act. It also sets out the corresponding previous law in the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1936* (the **1936 Act**).

Item Capital allowance Rules in the 1996 Corresponding Act previous law in the 1936 Act 1. Mining and quarrying: Subdivision 330-A Division 10 or 10AA exploration or prospecting of Part III expenditure 2. Mining and quarrying: Subdivision 330-C Division 10 or 10AA development and operation of Part III of a mine or quarry Mining and quarrying: 3. Subdivision 330-H Division 10AAA of transporting minerals or Part III quarry materials

330-72 What the old excess deduction provisions are

For the purposes of section 330-480 (When a balancing adjustment is required) of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1996*, the *old excess deduction provisions* are:

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ItemMining ActivityProvisions of the Income Tax Assessment Act 19361.General mining122DG(6) and 122J(4B)2.Quarrying122JE(5) and 122JF(2)3.Prospecting and mining for petroleum124ADG(6) and 124AH(4A)

[The next Subdivision is Subdivision 330-L.]

Subdivision 330-L—Modification of Common rules

3	Subdivision 330 L Wouldenton of Common fales
4	330-75 Modifying Common rule 1 so that it may apply to a disposal
5	of property under the new law
6	(1) If:
7	(a) in the 1996-97 income year or an earlier income year you
8	have deducted amounts in respect of property under
9	Division 10, 10AAA or 10AA of Part III of the <i>Income Tax</i>
10	Assessment Act 1936; and
11	(b) in the 1997-98 income year or a later income year you
12	dispose of the property;
13	Subdivision 41-A of the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1996</i>
14	(Common rule 1 (Roll-over relief for related entities)) applies as if
15	(c) a reference in that Common rule to the rules for the capital
16	allowance included a reference to that Division; and
17	(d) a reference in that Common rule to section 330-585 of the
18	Income Tax Assessment Act 1996 included a reference to the
19	old recoupment provisions; and
20	(e) if in the 1996-97 income year or an earlier income year there
21	was a disposal of the property where roll-over relief was
22	available under any of the old roll-over provisions—that
23	Common rule had applied to that disposal.
24	Note: The <i>old roll-over provisions</i> are set out in section 330-65 of this Act.
25	(2) The <i>old recoupment provisions</i> are:

Item	Mining Activity	Provision of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1936
1.	General mining	122T
2.	Quarrying	122T
3.	Transport of certain minerals	123A(2) and (3)
4.	Transport of quarry materials	123BD(4) and (5)
5.	Prospecting and mining for petroleum	124AQ

[The next heading is the heading to Division 375.]

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Division	3//5	Anctrol	ion films
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2	Division 5/5—Austranan inms
3	[The next Subdivision is Subdivision 375-G.]
4	Subdivision 375-G—Film losses
5	Table of sections
6 7 8	375-100 Film component of tax loss for 1997-98 or later income years 375-105 Film component of tax loss for 1989-90 to 1996-97 income years 375-110 Film loss for 1989-90 or later income year
9	375-100 Film component of tax loss for 1997-98 or later income year
10 11 12	To work out the <i>film component</i> (if any) of your tax loss for the 1997-98 income year or a later income year, apply section 375-805 of the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1996</i> .
13 14	375-105 Film component of tax loss for 1989-90 to 1996-97 income years
15 16 17 18	If you incurred a film loss for the purposes of section 79F (Film losses of 1989-90 to 1996-97 years of income) of the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1936</i> in any of the 1989-90 to 1996-97 income years, that film loss is the <i>film component</i> of your tax loss for that income year.
20	375-110 Film loss for 1989-90 or later income year
21 22 23	(1) To work out your <i>film loss</i> (if any) for the purposes of the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1996</i> for the 1989-90 or a later income year, apply section 375-810 of that Act.
24 25	(2) You can deduct in the 1997-98 or a later income year your film loss for any of the 1989-90 to 1996-97 income years only to the

extent that it has not already been deducted.