The Parliament of the Commonwealth of Australia

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Presented and read a first time

Tax Laws Amendment (Long-term Non-reviewable Contracts) Bill 2004

No. , 2004

(Treasury)

A Bill for an Act to amend the law relating to taxation, and for related purposes

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A Bill for an Act to amend the law relating to taxation, and for related purposes

The Parliament of Australia enacts:

1 Short title

This Act may be cited as the *Tax Laws Amendment (Long-term Non-reviewable Contracts) Act 2004*.

2 Commencement

(1) Each provision of this Act specified in column 1 of the table commences, or is taken to have commenced, in accordance with column 2 of the table. Any other statement in column 2 has effect according to its terms.

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Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Provision(s)	Commencement	Date/Details
1. Sections 1 to 3 and anything in this Act not elsewhere covered by this table	The day on which this Act receives the Royal Assent.	
3. Schedule 1, items 1 to 11	1 July 2005.	1 July 2005
4. Schedule 1, items 12 to 14	The day on which this Act receives the Royal Assent.	
5. Schedule 1, item 15	Immediately after the start of the day on which this Act receives the Royal Assent.	
6. Schedule 1, items 16 to 18	1 July 2005.	1 July 2005
7. Schedule 1, item 19	The day on which this Act receives the Royal Assent.	
Note:	This table relates only to the provisions of this passed by the Parliament and assented to. It we deal with provisions inserted in this Act after	ill not be expanded
part of	nn 3 of the table contains additional information in this Act. Information in this column may in any published version of this Act.	
3 Schedule(s)		
repeal conce	Each Act that is specified in a Schedule to this Act is amended or repealed as set out in the applicable items in the Schedule concerned, and any other item in a Schedule to this Act has effect according to its terms.	

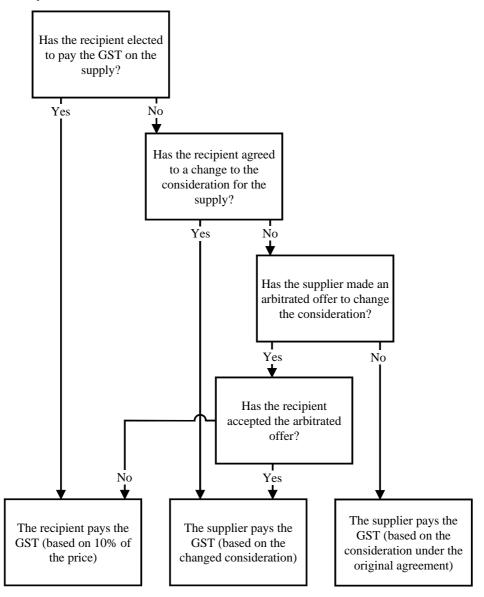
S	Schedule 1—Long-term non-reviewable contracts
A	New Tax System (Commonwealth-State Financial Arrangements) Act 1999
1	Subparagraph 2(1)(b)(ii) Repeal the subparagraph.
2	Section 4 (at the end of the definition of <i>GST Imposition</i> Acts) Add:
	; (d) the A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition (Recipients)—Customs) Act 2004;
	(e) the A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition (Recipients)—Excise) Act 2004;
	(f) the A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition (Recipients)—General) Act 2004.
A	New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999
3	Section 2-1 (note)
	Omit "3 Acts", substitute "6 Acts, the most important of which are".
4	Section 195-1 (after paragraph (a) of the definition of customs duty)
	Insert:
	(aa) the A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition (Recipients)—Customs) Act 2004; or
5	Section 195-1 (at the end of the definition of GST)
	Add:
	; or (d) the A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition
	(Recipients)—General) Act 2004; or (e) the A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition
	(Recipients)—Customs) Act 2004; or

	(f) the A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposit (Recipients)—Excise) Act 2004.
\boldsymbol{A}	New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition— Customs) Act 1999
6	At the end of the title
_	Add "and is not imposed on recipients of supplies".
7	Subsection 3(2)
	Repeal the subsection, substitute:
	(2) This section imposes GST only so far as that tax:
	(a) is a duty of customs within the meaning of section 55 of
	Constitution; and (b) is not imposed by the <i>A New Tax System (Goods and</i>
	Services Tax Imposition (Recipients)—Customs) Act 200
\boldsymbol{A}	New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition—
	Excise) Act 1999
8	At the end of the title
	Add "and is not imposed on recipients of supplies".
9	Subsection 3(2)
	Repeal the subsection, substitute:
	(2) This section imposes GST only so far as that tax:
	(a) is a duty of excise within the meaning of section 55 of the Constitution; and
	(b) is not imposed by the A New Tax System (Goods and
	Services Tax Imposition (Recipients)—Excise) Act 2004.
\boldsymbol{A}	New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition—
	General) Act 1999
10	At the end of the title

1	11 Subsection 3(2)
2	Repeal the subsection, substitute:
3 4 5 6 7	 (2) This section imposes GST only so far as that tax: (a) is neither a duty of customs nor a duty of excise within the meaning of section 55 of the Constitution; and (b) is not imposed by the A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition (Recipients)—General) Act 2004.
8	A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Transition) Act 1999
10 11	12 After the heading to Part 3 Insert:
12	Division 1—General
13	13 After subsection 13(4A)
14	Insert:
15	(4B) If:
16 17 18	(a) a change is made to the consideration for supplies that are specifically identified by an agreement of the kind referred to in subsection (1); and
19 20	(b) the change is made after the commencement of this subsection; and
21	(c) the change applies to supplies made before 1 July 2005;
22	supplies that are specifically identified by the agreement are not
23	GST-free under this section to the extent that the supplies are made
24	on or after the day on which the change takes effect.
25	(4C) Whether a supply made before 1 July 2005 is GST-free under this
26	section is not affected by:
27	(a) a change (made after the commencement of this subsection),
28	whether agreed to before, on or after 1 July 2005, to the
29 30	consideration for supplies made on or after 1 July 2005 that are specifically identified by an agreement; or
31	(b) the carrying out, whether before, on or after 1 July 2005, of
32	any of the processes referred to in Subdivision C of
	* *

1 2	Division 2 in relation to supplies made on or after 1 July 2005 that are specifically identified by an agreement.
3	(4D) In subsections (4B) and (4C):
4	change, to the consideration for a supply, means a change to that
5	consideration (including a change to the method by which the
6 7	consideration is worked out) not provided for in an agreement of the kind referred to in subsection (1).
8	14 At the end of Part 3
9	Add:
10	Division 2—Agreements also spanning 1 July 2005 Subdivision A—Introduction
12	15A Explanation of this Division
13	(1) This Division provides for the payment of GST on taxable supplies
14	made on or after 1 July 2005 that would have been GST-free under
15	section 13 if they had been made immediately before 1 July 2005.
16	(2) The following diagram shows how, as a result of this Division and
17	the GST law in general, each of the 3 possible ways to treat the
18	GST on such a taxable supply will apply in particular cases.
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Long-term non-reviewable contracts: taxable supplies on or after 1 July 2005



15B Definitions

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In this Division:

1 2	<i>applicable day</i> , for a supply, has the meaning given by subsection 15C(2).
3	arbitrated offer has the meaning given by section 15J.
4 5	<i>arbitrator</i> means a person or body specified in, or included in a class of persons or bodies specified in, the regulations.
6 7	<i>change</i> , to the consideration for a supply, includes a change to the method by which the consideration is worked out.
8	Subdivision B—Payment of GST payable by recipients of supplies
10	15C GST payable by recipients of supplies
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	 (1) To the extent that a taxable supply is made on or after the applicable day for the supply under subsection (2), the GST on the supply is payable by the recipient of the supply, and is not payable by the supplier, if: (a) the supply is specifically identified by an agreement: (i) that is of the kind referred to in subsection 13(1); and (ii) that does not provide that the consideration for the supply is not to be changed to take account of GST or similar value added tax imposed on the supply; and (b) had the supply been made immediately before 1 July 2005, it would have been GST-free under section 13; and (c) either: (i) the recipient notifies the supplier in writing that the recipient elects to pay the GST on the supply; or (ii) the recipient has failed to accept an arbitrated offer by the supplier to change the consideration for supplies that are made on or after 1 July 2005 and that are specifically identified by the agreement.
29 30 31 32 33 34	 (2) The <i>applicable day</i> for the supply is: (a) if subparagraph (1)(c)(i) applies: (i) the day on which the recipient notifies the supplier as mentioned in that subparagraph; or (ii) 1 July 2005; whichever is later; or

1	(b) if subparagraph (1)(c)(ii) applies:
2	(i) the day on which the recipient fails to accept an
3	arbitrated offer as mentioned in that subparagraph; or
4	(ii) 1 July 2005;
5	whichever is later.
6	(3) Subsection (1) does not apply if:
7	(a) before either of the events referred to in paragraph (1)(c)
8	happens, the supplier and the recipient agree (whether or not
9	an arbitrated offer is made) to change the consideration for
10	supplies that are made on or after 1 July 2005 and that are
11	specifically identified by the agreement; or
12	(b) subsection 13(3) applies to the supply.
13	(4) For the purposes of subparagraph (1)(c)(ii), the recipient is taken to
14	have failed to accept the offer referred to in that subparagraph if:
15	(a) the recipient gives to the supplier a written rejection of the
16	offer; or
17	(b) the final offer period referred to in section 15M expires
18	without the recipient having notified the supplier that the
19	recipient accepts the offer.
20	Note: If an offer is accepted, any GST on the supply will be payable by the
21 22	supplier, on the basis of the consideration as changed, in accordance with the GST Act: see in particular Division 19 of that Act.
23	(5) For the purposes of subparagraph (2)(b)(i), the day on which the
24	recipient fails to accept an arbitrated offer is:
25	(a) the day applicable under paragraph (4)(a) or (b); or
26	(b) if a day is applicable under both of those paragraphs—the
27	earlier of those days.
28	(6) To avoid doubt, the fact that the GST on the supply is payable by
29	the recipient does not affect any entitlement of the recipient to an
30	input tax credit for the acquisition to which the supply relates.
31	(7) An election referred to in subparagraph (1)(c)(i) cannot be revoked.
32	(8) This section has effect despite section 9-40 of the GST Act (which
33	is about liability for the GST on taxable supplies).

1	15D Amounts of GST
2	(1) If GST is payable by the recipient of the taxable supply because of
3	this Division, the amount of GST on the supply is 10% of the price
4	of the supply to the extent that it is made on or after the applicable
5	day for the supply.
6	(2) If the supplier and the recipient are associates and:
7	(a) the supply is without consideration; or
8	(b) the consideration for the supply is less than the GST
9	exclusive market value of the supply;
10	the reference in subsection (1) to the price of the supply is taken
11	be a reference to the GST exclusive market value of the supply.
12	(3) Subsection (2) does not apply if:
13	(a) the recipient acquires the thing supplied solely for a
14	creditable purpose; and
15	(b) the recipient is registered or required to be registered.
16	(4) This section has effect despite section 9-70 of the GST Act (which
17	is about the amount of GST on taxable supplies).
18	15E Rules for recipients who are not registered or required to be
19	registered
20	(1) This section has effect if:
21	(a) you are the recipient of any taxable supplies for which the
22	GST is payable by you because of this Division; and
23	(b) you are not registered or required to be registered.
24	Tax periods
25	(2) Despite section 7-10 of the GST Act, you have tax periods
26	applying to you.
27	(3) Subsection 27-40(1A) of the GST Act (which is about an entity
28	ceasing to carry on any enterprise) does not apply to you.
29	GST returns
30	(4) Division 31 of the GST Act applies to you as if you were register
31	or required to be registered.

1	15F	Rule f	for recipients whose registration is cancelled
2		(1)	This section has effect if:
3			(a) you are the recipient of any taxable supplies for which the
4			GST is payable by you because of this Division; and
5			(b) your registration is cancelled.
6		(2)	Subsection 27-40(2) of the GST Act (which is about the effect of
7			an entity's registration being cancelled) has effect but only in
8 9			relation to your liabilities and entitlements to input tax credits that arise otherwise than because of this Division.
10	15G	Bad d	lebts
11		(1)	This section has effect if:
12			(a) you are the recipient of a taxable supply for which the GST is
13			payable by you because of this Division; and
14			(b) the whole or part of the consideration for the supply has not
15			been received by the supplier; and
16			(c) the supplier writes off as bad the whole or a part of the debt, or the whole or a part of the debt has been overdue for 12
17 18			months or more.
19		(2)	Section 21-5 of the GST Act does not apply to the taxable supply.
20		(3)	Instead, you have a decreasing adjustment equal to 10% of the
21			amount written off, or 10% of the amount that has been overdue
22			for 12 months or more, as the case requires. However, you cannot
23 24			have an adjustment under this section if you account on a cash basis.
24			
25		(4)	You have an increasing adjustment if:
26			(a) you were the recipient of a taxable supply in relation to
27			which you had a decreasing adjustment under subsection (3); and
28 29			(b) you subsequently pay to the supplier the whole or a part of
30			the amount written off, or the whole or a part of the amount
31			that has been overdue for 12 months or more, as the case
32			requires.
33			The amount of the increasing adjustment is 10% of the amount
34			paid.

1	15H	Tax invoices and adjustment notes
2 3		(1) If the GST on a taxable supply is payable by the recipient of the supply because of this Division:
4 5		(a) the supplier is not required to issue a tax invoice for the supply; and
6 7 8		(b) the supplier is not required to issue an adjustment note for an adjustment that arises from an adjustment event relating to the taxable supply.
9 10 11		(2) Subsection (1) has effect despite sections 29-70 and 29-75 of the GST Act (which are about the requirement to issue tax invoices and adjustment notes).
12 13 14 15		(3) If the GST on a taxable supply is payable by the recipient of the supply because of this Division, subsection 29-10(3) of the GST Act (which is about attributing input tax credits) does not apply to the creditable acquisition constituted by that taxable supply.
16 17 18 19 20		(4) If the GST on a taxable supply is payable by the recipient of the supply because of this Division, subsection 29-20(3) of the GST Act (which is about attributing adjustments) does not apply to an adjustment that arises from an adjustment event relating to the taxable supply.
21	15I	Attributing the GST
22 23 24 25 26 27		(1) To the extent that the recipient of a taxable supply who is liable for the GST on the supply because of this Division would, apart from this section, attribute that GST to a tax period ending before the applicable day for the supply, the recipient must instead attribute that GST to the first tax period starting on or after the applicable day for the supply.
28 29 30		(2) Subsection (1) has effect subject to Division 156 of the GST Act (which is about supplies and acquisitions made on a progressive or periodic basis).
31 32		(3) This section has effect despite section 29-5 of the GST Act (which is about attributing the GST).

Subdivision C—Arbitrated offers

2	15J Arbitrated offers
3	An offer (the <i>final offer</i>) to change the consideration for supplies,
4	that are made on or after 1 July 2005 and that are specifically
5	identified by an agreement of a kind referred to in subsection
6	13(1), is an <i>arbitrated offer</i> if:
7 8 9	(a) the supplier has, in accordance with section 15K, made an offer (the <i>initial offer</i>) to the recipient of the supplies to change the consideration; and
10 11	(b) change to the consideration has been arbitrated in accordance with section 15L; and
12 13	(c) the supplier makes the final offer in accordance with section 15M.
14	15K Initial offer
15	(1) The initial offer:
16	(a) must be in writing; and
17	(b) must set out a change to the consideration for the supplies;
18	and
19 20	(c) must state the period (the <i>initial offer period</i>) for which the offer remains open.
21 22	(2) The initial offer period must be a period of at least 28 days after the supplier gives the initial offer to the recipient.
23	15L Arbitration
24	(1) Change to the consideration must be arbitrated as follows:
25	(a) the supplier must apply to an arbitrator for the appointment
26	of an assessor to determine an appropriate change to the
27	consideration;
28	(b) the arbitrator must appoint as an assessor a person whom the
29	arbitrator is satisfied:
30	(i) is suitably qualified to determine an appropriate change
31	to the consideration; and
32	(ii) is independent of both the supplier and the recipient;

1 2	(c) in determining an appropriate change, the assessor must only take into account the impact of the New Tax System changes
3	on the supplier's costs and expenses;
4	(d) the assessor's determination of an appropriate change must:
5	(i) be in writing, signed and dated by the assessor; or
6	(ii) be in the form specified in the regulations.
7	(2) The supplier must not apply under paragraph (1)(a) until after:
8	(a) the end of the initial offer period; or
9 10	(b) the recipient gives to the supplier a written rejection of the initial offer;
11	whichever happens earlier.
12	(3) In this section:
13	New Tax System changes has the same meaning as in Part VB of
14	the Trade Practices Act 1974.
15	15M Final offer
16	(1) The final offer:
17	(a) must be in writing; and
18	(b) must set out as a change to the consideration the assessor's
19	determination of an appropriate change; and
20 21	(c) must state the period (the <i>final offer period</i>) for which the offer remains open.
22 23	(2) The final offer period must be a period of at least 21 days after the supplier gives the final offer to the recipient.
24	15 After section 15I
25	Insert:
26	15IA Application of section 36 of the <i>Taxation Administration Act</i>
27	1953
28	Subsection 36(1) of the Taxation Administration Act 1953 does not
29	apply to a refund under section 35-5 of the GST Act in respect of a
30	tax period to the extent that the refund arises because:
31 32	(a) the GST on a taxable supply was attributable to that tax period and was payable by the supplier; and

1 2	(b) the recipient of the supply becomes liable for the GST on the supply because of section 15C of this Act.
3	A New Tax System (Luxury Car Tax) Act 1999
4 5	16 Section 27-1 (after paragraph (a) of the definition of customs duty)
	Insert:
6 7 8	(aa) the A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition (Recipients)—Customs) Act 2004; or
9	A New Tax System (Wine Equalisation Tax) Act 1999
10	17 Section 33-1 (after paragraph (a) of the definition of
11	customs duty)
12 13	Insert: (aa) the A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition
14	(Recipients)—Customs) Act 2004; or
15	Taxation Administration Act 1953
16	18 After paragraph 70(1)(ca)
17	Insert:
18	or (cb) are liable, as a recipient of a taxable supply, to pay the GST
19 20	on a taxable supply because of section 15C of the A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Transition) Act 1999;
21	19 Application
22	The amendment made by item 15 of this Schedule applies to tax periods
23	starting on or after 1 July 2000.