2008-2009

The Parliament of the Commonwealth of Australia

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Presented and read a first time

Customs Amendment (ASEAN-Australia-New Zealand Free Trade Agreement Implementation) Bill 2009

No. , 2009

(Home Affairs)

A Bill for an Act to amend the *Customs Act 1901*, and for related purposes

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A Bill for an Act to amend the Customs Act 1901, and for related purposes 2

The Parliament of Australia enacts: 3

1 Short title

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This Act may be cited as the Customs Amendment 5 (ASEAN-Australia-New Zealand Free Trade Agreement Implementation) Act 2009. 7

2 Commencement

(1) Each provision of this Act specified in column 1 of the table commences, or is taken to have commenced, in accordance with column 2 of the table. Any other statement in column 2 has effect according to its terms.

Customs Amendment (ASEAN-Australia-New Zealand Free Trade Agreement Implementation)

Commencement in	nformation	
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Provision(s)	Commencement	Date/Details
1. Sections 1 to 3 and anything in this Act not elsewhere covered by this table	The day this Act receives the Royal Assent.	
2. Schedule 1	The later of:	
	(a) the day this Act receives the Royal Assent; and	
	(b) the day the Agreement Establishing the ASEAN-Australia-New Zealand Free Trade Area, done at Thailand on 27 February 2009, enters into force for Australia.	
	However, the provision(s) do not commence at all if the event mentioned in paragraph (b) does not occur.	
	The Minister must announce by notice in the <i>Gazette</i> the day the Agreement enters into force for Australia.	
Note:	This table relates only to the provisions of this A passed by both Houses of the Parliament and as expanded to deal with provisions inserted in this	sented to. It will no
part o	nn 3 of the table contains additional inform f this Act. Information in this column may in any published version of this Act.	
3 Schedule(s)		
repeal conce	Act that is specified in a Schedule to this A ed as set out in the applicable items in the streed, and any other item in a Schedule to the ling to its terms.	Schedule

1 2 3	Schedule 1—Amendments
4	Customs Act 1901
5 6	1 After Division 1F of Part VIII Insert:
7	Division 1G—ASEAN-Australia-New Zealand (AANZ) originating goods
9	Subdivision A—Preliminary
10	153ZKA Simplified outline
11	The following is a simplified outline of this Division:
12 13 14 15	• This Division defines <i>AANZ originating goods</i> (short for ASEAN-Australia-New Zealand originating goods). Preferential rates of customs duty under the <i>Customs Tariff Act 1995</i> apply to AANZ originating goods that are imported into Australia.
17 18	• Subdivision B provides that goods are AANZ originating goods if they are wholly obtained goods of a Party.
19 20 21	• Subdivision C provides that goods are AANZ originating goods if they are produced entirely in a Party from originating materials only.
22 23 24 25	Subdivision D sets out when goods are AANZ originating goods because they are produced from non-originating materials only or from non-originating materials and originating materials.
26 27 28 29	Subdivision E sets out when goods are AANZ originating goods because they are accessories, spare parts, tools or instructional or other information materials imported with other goods.

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• Subdivision F deals with how the consignment of goods affects whether the goods are AANZ originating goods.

153ZKB Interpretation

4	Definitions
5	(1) In this Division:
6 7	AANZ originating goods means goods that, under this Division, are AANZ originating goods.
8 9 10	Agreement means the Agreement Establishing the ASEAN-Australia-New Zealand Free Trade Area, done at Thailand on 27 February 2009, as amended from time to time.
11 12 13	Note: In 2009, the text of the Agreement was accessible through the Australian Treaties Library on the AustLII website (www.austlii.edu.au).
14 15	aquaculture has the meaning given by Article 1 of Chapter 3 of the Agreement.
16 17 18	<i>Certificate of Origin</i> means a certificate that is in force and that complies with the requirements of Rule 7 of the Annex to Chapter 3 of the Agreement.
19 20 21	<i>Convention</i> means the International Convention on the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System done at Brussels on 14 June 1983, as in force from time to time.
22 23 24 25	Note: The text of the Convention is set out in Australian Treaty Series 1988 No. 30 ([1988] ATS 30). In 2009, the text of a Convention in the Australian Treaty Series was accessible through the Australian Treaties Library on the AustLII website (www.austlii.edu.au).
26	customs value of goods has the meaning given by section 159.
27 28	exclusive economic zone has the same meaning as in the Seas and Submerged Lands Act 1973.
29 30 31	<i>Harmonized System</i> means the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (as in force from time to time) that is established by or under the Convention.
32	in a Party includes:

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1	(a) the territorial sea of a Party; and
2	(b) the exclusive economic zone of a Party over which the Party
3	exercises sovereign rights or jurisdiction in accordance with
4	international law; and
5	(c) the continental shelf of a Party over which the Party exercises
6	sovereign rights or jurisdiction in accordance with
7	international law.
8	indirect materials means:
9	(a) goods or energy used in the production, testing or inspection
10	of goods, but not physically incorporated in the goods; or
11	(b) goods or energy used in the maintenance of buildings or the
12	operation of equipment associated with the production of
13	goods;
14	including:
15	(c) fuel (within its ordinary meaning); and
16	(d) tools, dies and moulds; and
17	(e) spare parts and materials; and
18	(f) lubricants, greases, compounding materials and other similar
19	goods; and
20	(g) gloves, glasses, footwear, clothing, safety equipment and
21	supplies; and
22	(h) catalysts and solvents.
23	Interpretation Rules means the General Rules (as in force from
24	time to time) for the Interpretation of the Harmonized System
25	provided for by the Convention.
26	non-originating materials means goods that are not originating
27	materials.
28	originating materials means:
29	(a) AANZ originating goods that are used or consumed in the
30	production of other goods; or
31	(b) indirect materials.
32	Party means a Party (within the meaning of the Agreement) for
33	which the Agreement has entered into force.
34	Note: See also subsection (7).

1 2 3		hunt, capture, gather, collect, extract, manufacture, process or assemble.
4 5		territorial sea has the same meaning as in the Seas and Submerged Lands Act 1973.
6		Regional value content of goods
7	(2)	The <i>regional value content</i> of goods for the purposes of this
8		Division is to be worked out in accordance with the regulations.
9		The regulations may prescribe different regional value content
10		rules for different kinds of goods.
11		Value of goods
12	(3)	The <i>value</i> of goods for the purposes of this Division is to be
13	(- /	worked out in accordance with the regulations. The regulations
14		may prescribe different valuation rules for different kinds of goods.
15		Tariff classifications
16 17	(4)	In specifying tariff classifications for the purposes of this Division, the regulations may refer to the Harmonized System.
18	(5)	Subsection 4(3A) does not apply for the purposes of this Division.
19		Incorporation of other instruments
20	(6)	For the purposes of this Division, the regulations may apply, adopt
21		or incorporate any matter contained in any instrument or other
22		writing as in force or existing from time to time.
23		Notification of entry into force of Agreement for a Party
24	(7)	The Minister must announce by notice in the <i>Gazette</i> the day on
25	,	which the Agreement enters into force for a Party (other than
26		Australia). For the purposes of this subsection, <i>Party</i> means a Party
27		(within the meaning of the Agreement).
28	(8)	A notice referred to in subsection (7) is not a legislative instrument.

Subdivision B—Wholly obtained goods of a Party

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2	153ZKC Wholl	y obtained goods of a Party
3	(1) Goods	s are AANZ originating goods if:
4	(a)	they are wholly obtained goods of a Party; and
5	(b)	the importer of the goods has, at the time the goods are
6		imported, a Certificate of Origin, or a copy of one, for the
7		goods.
8	(2) Goods	s are wholly obtained goods of a Party if, and only if, the
9	goods	are:
10	(a)	plants, or goods obtained from plants, that are grown,
11		harvested, picked or gathered in a Party (including fruit,
12		flowers, vegetables, trees, seaweed, fungi and live plants); or
13	(b)	live animals born and raised in a Party; or
14	(c)	goods obtained from live animals in a Party; or
15	(d)	goods obtained from hunting, trapping, fishing, farming,
16		aquaculture, gathering or capturing in a Party; or
17	(e)	minerals or other naturally occurring substances extracted or
18		taken in a Party; or
19	(f)	fish, shellfish or other marine goods taken from the high seas.
20		in accordance with international law, by ships that are
21		registered or recorded in a Party and are flying, or are entitled
22		to fly, the flag of that Party; or
23		goods produced from goods referred to in paragraph (f) on
24		board factory ships that are registered or recorded in a Party
25		and are flying, or are entitled to fly, the flag of that Party; or
26		goods taken by a Party, or a person of a Party, from the
27		seabed, or beneath the seabed, outside:
28		(i) the exclusive economic zone of that Party; and
29		(ii) the continental shelf of that Party; and
30		(iii) an area over which a third party exercises jurisdiction;
31		and taken under exploitation rights granted in accordance
32		with international law; or
33	(i)	waste and scrap that has been derived from production or
34		consumption in a Party and that is fit only for the recovery of
35		raw materials; or
36		used goods that are collected in a Party and that are fit only
37		for the recovery of raw materials; or

1 2 3	(k) goods produced or obtained entirely in a Party exclusively from goods referred to in paragraphs (a) to (j) or from their derivatives.
4	Subdivision C—Goods produced from originating materials
5	153ZKD Goods produced from originating materials
6	Goods are AANZ originating goods if:
7 8	(a) they are produced entirely in a Party from originating materials only; and
9 10 11	(b) the importer of the goods has, at the time the goods are imported, a Certificate of Origin, or a copy of one, for the goods.
12	Subdivision D—Goods produced from non-originating
13	materials
4	153ZKE Goods produced from non-originating materials and
15	classified in the tariff table
16	(1) Goods are AANZ originating goods if:
17	(a) they are classified to a heading or subheading of the
8	Harmonized System specified in column 1 or 2 of the table in
19 20	Schedule 1 to the <i>Customs (ASEAN-Australia-New Zealand Rules of Origin) Regulations</i> 2009; and
21 22	(b) each requirement that is specified in the regulations to apply in relation to the goods is satisfied; and
23	(c) the importer of the goods has, at the time the goods are
24 25	imported, a Certificate of Origin, or a copy of one, for the goods.
26	Change in tariff classification
27	(2) The regulations may specify that each non-originating material
28	used or consumed in the production of the goods is required to
29	satisfy a specified change in tariff classification.
80	(3) The regulations may also specify when a non-originating material
31	used or consumed in the production of the goods is taken to satisfy
32	the change in tariff classification.

1	(4) If:
2 3	(a) the requirement referred to in subsection (2) applies in relation to the goods; and
4	(b) one or more of the non-originating materials used or
5	consumed in the production of the goods do not satisfy the
6	change in tariff classification;
7	then the requirement referred to in subsection (2) is taken to be
8	satisfied if the total value of those non-originating materials does
9	not exceed 10% of the customs value of the goods.
10	(5) If:
11	(a) the requirement referred to in subsection (2) applies in
12	relation to the goods; and
13 14	(b) the goods are classified to any of Chapters 50 to 63 of the Harmonized System; and
15	(c) one or more of the non-originating materials used or
16	consumed in the production of the goods do not satisfy the
17	change in tariff classification;
18	then the requirement referred to in subsection (2) is taken to be
19	satisfied if the total weight of those non-originating materials does
20	not exceed 10% of the total weight of the goods.
21	Regional value content
22 23	(6) The regulations may specify that the goods are required to have a regional value content of at least a specified percentage.
24	(7) If:
25	(a) the goods are required to have a regional value content of at
26	least a particular percentage; and
27	(b) the goods are imported into Australia with accessories, spare
28	parts, tools or instructional or other information materials;
29	and
30	(c) the accessories, spare parts, tools or instructional or other
31	information materials are not invoiced separately from the
32	goods; and
33	(d) the quantities and value of the accessories, spare parts, tools
34	or instructional or other information materials are customary
35	for the goods;
36	then the regulations must require the value of the accessories, spare
37	parts, tools or instructional or other information materials to be

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2		taken into account as originating materials or non-originating materials, as the case may be, for the purposes of working out the
3		regional value content of the goods.
4 5 6		Note: The value of the accessories, spare parts, tools or instructional or othe information materials is to be worked out in accordance with the regulations: see subsection 153ZKB(3).
Ü		
7	(8)	For the purposes of subsection (7), disregard section 153ZKI in
8		working out whether the accessories, spare parts, tools or instructional or other information materials are originating
10		materials or non-originating materials.
11	(9)	However, subsection (7) does not apply if the accessories, spare
12		parts, tools or instructional or other information materials are
13 14		imported solely for the purpose of artificially raising the regional value content of the goods.
15		No limit on regulations
16	(10)	Subsections (2) and (6) do not limit paragraph (1)(b).
17	153ZKF (Goods produced from non-originating materials and not
		-
18		classified in the tariff table
18 19		Regional value content of at least 40%
	(1)	
19	(1)	Regional value content of at least 40%
19 20	(1)	Regional value content of at least 40% Goods are AANZ originating goods if: (a) they are classified to a heading or subheading of the Harmonized System that is not specified in column 1 or 2 of
19 20 21 22 23	(1)	 Regional value content of at least 40% Goods are AANZ originating goods if: (a) they are classified to a heading or subheading of the Harmonized System that is not specified in column 1 or 2 of the table in Schedule 1 to the Customs
19 20 21 22 23 24	(1)	 Regional value content of at least 40% Goods are AANZ originating goods if: (a) they are classified to a heading or subheading of the Harmonized System that is not specified in column 1 or 2 of the table in Schedule 1 to the Customs (ASEAN-Australia-New Zealand Rules of Origin)
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	(1)	Regional value content of at least 40% Goods are AANZ originating goods if: (a) they are classified to a heading or subheading of the Harmonized System that is not specified in column 1 or 2 of the table in Schedule 1 to the Customs (ASEAN-Australia-New Zealand Rules of Origin) Regulations 2009; and
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	(1)	Regional value content of at least 40% Goods are AANZ originating goods if: (a) they are classified to a heading or subheading of the Harmonized System that is not specified in column 1 or 2 of the table in Schedule 1 to the Customs (ASEAN-Australia-New Zealand Rules of Origin) Regulations 2009; and (b) the final process in their production was performed in a
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(1)	Regional value content of at least 40% Goods are AANZ originating goods if: (a) they are classified to a heading or subheading of the Harmonized System that is not specified in column 1 or 2 of the table in Schedule 1 to the Customs (ASEAN-Australia-New Zealand Rules of Origin) Regulations 2009; and (b) the final process in their production was performed in a Party; and
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(1)	Regional value content of at least 40% Goods are AANZ originating goods if: (a) they are classified to a heading or subheading of the Harmonized System that is not specified in column 1 or 2 of the table in Schedule 1 to the Customs (ASEAN-Australia-New Zealand Rules of Origin) Regulations 2009; and (b) the final process in their production was performed in a Party; and (c) the goods have a regional value content of at least 40%; and
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(1)	Regional value content of at least 40% Goods are AANZ originating goods if: (a) they are classified to a heading or subheading of the Harmonized System that is not specified in column 1 or 2 of the table in Schedule 1 to the Customs (ASEAN-Australia-New Zealand Rules of Origin) Regulations 2009; and (b) the final process in their production was performed in a Party; and (c) the goods have a regional value content of at least 40%; and (d) the importer of the goods has, at the time the goods are
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	(1)	Regional value content of at least 40% Goods are AANZ originating goods if: (a) they are classified to a heading or subheading of the Harmonized System that is not specified in column 1 or 2 of the table in Schedule 1 to the Customs (ASEAN-Australia-New Zealand Rules of Origin) Regulations 2009; and (b) the final process in their production was performed in a Party; and (c) the goods have a regional value content of at least 40%; and

1 2 3	 (a) the goods are imported into Australia with accessories, spare parts, tools or instructional or other information materials; and
4	(b) the accessories, spare parts, tools or instructional or other
5	information materials are not invoiced separately from the goods; and
7	(c) the quantities and value of the accessories, spare parts, tools
8	or instructional or other information materials are customary
9	for the goods;
10	then the regulations must require the value of the accessories, spare
11	parts, tools or instructional or other information materials to be
12	taken into account as originating materials or non-originating
13	materials, as the case may be, for the purposes of working out the
14	regional value content of the goods.
15	Note: The value of the accessories, spare parts, tools or instructional or other
16	information materials is to be worked out in accordance with the
17	regulations: see subsection 153ZKB(3).
18	(3) For the purposes of subsection (2), disregard section 153ZKI in
19	working out whether the accessories, spare parts, tools or
20	instructional or other information materials are originating
21	materials or non-originating materials.
22	(4) However, subsection (2) does not apply if the accessories, spare
23	parts, tools or instructional or other information materials are
24	imported solely for the purpose of artificially raising the regional
25	value content of the goods.
26	Change in tariff classification at heading level
27	(5) Goods are <i>AANZ originating goods</i> if:
28	(a) they are classified to a heading or subheading of the
29	Harmonized System that is not specified in column 1 or 2 of
30	the table in Schedule 1 to the Customs
31	(ASEAN-Australia-New Zealand Rules of Origin)
32	Regulations 2009; and
33	(b) they are produced entirely in one or more Parties from
34	non-originating materials only or from non-originating
35	materials and originating materials; and
36	(c) each non-originating material used or consumed in the
37	production of the goods undergoes a change in tariff
38	classification that is a change to a heading of the Harmonized

1 2	System from any other heading of the Harmonized System; and
3	(d) the importer of the goods has, at the time the goods are
4	imported, a Certificate of Origin, or a copy of one, for the
5	goods.
6	(6) For the purposes of paragraph (5)(c), if one or more of the
7 8	non-originating materials used or consumed in the production of the goods do not satisfy the change in tariff classification referred
9	to in that paragraph, then that paragraph is taken to be satisfied if
10	the total value of those non-originating materials does not exceed
11	10% of the customs value of the goods.
12	(7) For the purposes of paragraph (5)(c), if:
13	(a) the goods are classified to any of Chapters 50 to 63 of the Harmonized System; and
14	•
15	(b) one or more of the non-originating materials used or
16 17	consumed in the production of the goods do not satisfy the change in tariff classification referred to in that paragraph;
	then that paragraph is taken to be satisfied if the total weight of
18 19	those non-originating materials does not exceed 10% of the total
20	weight of the goods.
21	153ZKG Non-qualifying operations or processes
22	(1) This section applies for the purposes of working out if goods are
23	AANZ originating goods under:
24	(a) subsection 153ZKE(1) where, in relation to paragraph
25	153ZKE(1)(b), the goods are claimed to be AANZ
26	originating goods solely on the basis that the goods have a
27	regional value content of at least a particular percentage; or
28	(b) subsection 153ZKF(1).
29	(2) The goods are not AANZ originating goods merely because of the
30	following:
31	(a) operations or processes to preserve goods in good condition
32	for the purpose of transport or storage of the goods;
33	(b) operations or processes to facilitate the shipment or
34	transportation of goods;

1 2	(c) packaging (other than encapsulation of electronics) for transportation or sale or presenting goods for transportation
3	or sale;
4	(d) simple processes of sifting, classifying, washing, cutting,
5	slitting, bending, coiling, uncoiling or other similar simple
6	processes;
7 8	(e) affixing of marks, labels or other distinguishing signs on goods or on their packaging;
9 10	(f) dilution with water or another substance that does not materially alter the characteristics of goods;
11	(g) any combination of things referred to in paragraphs (a) to (f).
12	153ZKH Packaging materials and containers
13	(1) If:
14 15	(a) goods are packaged for retail sale in packaging material or a container; and
16	(b) the packaging material or container is classified with the
17	goods in accordance with Rule 5 of the Interpretation Rules;
18	then the packaging material or container is to be disregarded for
19	the purposes of this Subdivision (with one exception).
20	Exception
21	(2) If the goods are required to have a regional value content of at least
22	a particular percentage, the regulations must require the value of
23	the packaging material or container to be taken into account as
24	originating materials or non-originating materials, as the case may be, for the purposes of working out the regional value content of
2526	the goods.
27 28	Note: The value of the packaging material or container is to be worked out in accordance with the regulations: see subsection 153ZKB(3).
29	Subdivision E—Goods that are accessories, spare parts, tools or
30	instructional or other information materials
31	153ZKI Goods that are accessories, spare parts, tools or
32	instructional or other information materials
33	Goods are AANZ originating goods if:

1	(a)	they are accessories, spare parts, tools or instructional or
2		other information materials in relation to other goods; and
3	(b)	the other goods are imported into Australia with the
4		accessories, spare parts, tools or instructional or other
5		information materials; and
6	(c)	the accessories, spare parts, tools or instructional or other
7		information materials are not imported solely for the purpose
8		of artificially raising the regional value content of the other
9	(4)	goods; and
10		the other goods are AANZ originating goods; and
11	(e)	the accessories, spare parts, tools or instructional or other
12		information materials are not invoiced separately from the
13	(0)	other goods; and
14	(1)	the quantities and value of the accessories, spare parts, tools
15		or instructional or other information materials are customary for the other goods.
16		for the other goods.
17	Subdivision F	—Consignment
-,	20201111111111	0 0-10-18
18	153ZKJ Consi	gnment
19	(1) Goo	ds are not AANZ originating goods under this Division if:
20	(a)	the goods are transported through a country or place other
21		than a Party; and
22	(b)	at least one of the following applies:
23		(i) the goods undergo subsequent production or any other
24		operation in that country or place (other than unloading,
25		reloading, storing or any operation that is necessary to
26		preserve the goods in good condition or to transport the
27		goods to Australia);
28		(ii) the goods enter the commerce of that country or place;
29		(iii) the transport through that country or place is not
30		justified by geographical, economic or logistical
31		reasons.
32	(2) This	section applies despite any other provision of this Division.
33	2 Application	1
34	(1) Subject to	o this item, the amendment made by item 1 applies in relation
35	to:	a seem a upplied in telution

1 2		(a) goods imported into Australia on or after the commencement of this item; and
3		(b) goods imported into Australia before the commencement of
4		this item, where the time for working out the rate of import
5		duty on the goods had not occurred before the
6		commencement of this item.
7	(2)	For a Party for which the Agreement enters into force on a day (the start
8		day) later than the day on which the Agreement enters into force for
9		Australia, the amendment made by item 1 applies in relation to:
10		(a) goods imported into Australia on or after the start day; and
11		(b) goods imported into Australia before the start day, where the
12		time for working out the rate of import duty on the goods had
13		not occurred before the start day.
14	(3)	In this item:
15		Agreement means the Agreement Establishing the
16		ASEAN-Australia-New Zealand Free Trade Area, done at Thailand on
17		27 February 2009, as amended from time to time.
18	Note:	In 2009, the text of the Agreement was accessible through the Australian Treaties
19		Library on the AustLII website (www.austlii.edu.au).
20		Party means a Party (within the meaning of the Agreement).